



TASMANIAN GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

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Notices to Creditors

CAROLYN MCGUIRE late of 212 Wyre Forest Road, Molesworth in Tasmania, deceased, who died between the 30th day of May 2020 and the 3rd of June 2020.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the abovenamed deceased are required by the Executor JANETTE BRAGDON C/- Butler McIntyre & Butler of 20 Murray Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars of their claim to Butler McIntyre & Butler and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania, GPO Box 167, Hobart in Tasmania, in writing on or before the 29th day of November 2021 after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the Executor then has notice.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of October 2021.

BUTLER MCINTYRE & BUTLER, Solicitors for the Estate

CATHARINE MARY BARTONEK late of St Ann's Rest Home 142 Davey Street, Hobart in Tasmania, deceased, who died on the 4th day of February 2021.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the abovenamed deceased are required by the Executors LYNN ELIZABETH LULITANOND, WENDY ELAINE VINEY and HELENE LOUISE JANSSEN C/- Butler McIntyre & Butler of 20 Murray Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars of their claim to Butler McIntyre & Butler and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania, GPO Box 167, Hobart in Tasmania, in writing on or before the 29th day of November 2021 after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the Executor then has notice.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of October 2021.

BUTLER MCINTYRE & BUTLER, Solicitors for the Estate

MARGARET NELLIE SMITH late of 25 Hay Street, Longford in Tasmania, Retired Hospital Worker, Widowed, Deceased.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the deceased, MARGARET NELLIE SMITH who died on 6th day of September 2021, are required by the Executor, TPT WEALTH LTD of Level 2 137 Harrington Street, Hobart in Tasmania, to send particulars to the said Company by the 27th day of November 2021, after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which it then has notice.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of October 2021.

FIONA BAKER, Trust Administrator

Tasmanian Government Gazette

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Living Marine Resources

LIVING MARINE RESOURCES MANAGEMENT ACT 1995

FISHERIES (ROCK LOBSTER) RULES 2011

NOTICE - DATES OF OPENING AND CLOSING OF THE COMMERCIAL ROCK LOBSTER FISHERY

I, Ian Dutton, Director (Marine Resources) in the Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, acting pursuant to a delegation from the Minister for Primary Industries and Water made on 12 November 2018 and acting pursuant to section 20(1) of the *Living Marine Resources Management Act 1995* (the Act), hereby determine under rule 11 of the *Fisheries (Rock Lobster) Rules 2011*, (the Rules):

- a) the dates of the open seasons for the **commercial** rock lobster fishery for **male** rock lobster are as follows:
 - open season from 00:01 15 November 2021 for all State waters excluding the **East Coast stock rebuilding zone**; and
 - open season from 00:01 1 March 2022 for the **East Coast stock rebuilding zone**.
- b) the dates of the closed seasons for the **commercial** rock lobster fishery for **male** rock lobster are as follows:
 - closed season from 00:01 1 September 2022 for the “September closed region”; and
 - closed season from 00:01 1 October 2022 for all State waters.
- c) the dates of the open and closed seasons for the **commercial** rock lobster fishery for **female** rock lobster are as follows:
 - open season from 00:01 15 November 2021 for all State waters excluding the **East Coast stock rebuilding zone**;
 - open season from 00:01 1 March 2022 for the **East Coast stock rebuilding zone**; and
 - closed season from 00:01 1 May 2022 for all State waters.

where:

East Coast stock rebuilding zone means-

- a) all State waters off the east coast of Tasmania bound in the north by the line of latitude 40° 59' 35" South commencing from the highwater mark Eddystone Point and running due east to the outer limit of State waters, and bound in the south by the line of latitude 43° 30' 58" South commencing from the high water mark Tasman Head and running due east to the outer limit of State waters.
- b) Including waters of the **D'Entrecasteaux Channel**.

and where:

D'Entrecasteaux Channel is defined in the Fisheries (Rock Lobster) Rules 2011.

and where:

“September closed region” means State waters adjacent to the east, south and west coasts of Tasmania enclosed by an imaginary line starting at the high water mark on the east coast of the mainland of Tasmania at longitude 41° 16' 30" East (St Helens Point), then running due east to the limit of State waters, then running in a clockwise direction at the limit of State waters until that imaginary line meets the line of latitude 41° 29' 0" South off the west coast of Tasmania (3.7NM south of Sandy Cape), then running due east to the high water mark of the mainland of Tasmania and then running in an anticlockwise direction along the high water mark of Tasmania to the starting point of that imaginary line;

Unless otherwise defined in this notice, words and expressions used in this notice have the same meaning as in the *Living Marine Resources Management Act 1995* and the *Fisheries (Rock Lobster) Rules 2011*.

Dated: 19 October 2021

DR IAN DUTTON
DIRECTOR MARINE RESOURCES

INFORMATION

For more information go to www.fishing.tas.gov.au or contact the Wild Fisheries Management Branch DPI/PWE 1300 720 647 or 0419 364 405 or fishing.enquiries@dpi/pwe.tas.gov.au.

LIVING MARINE RESOURCES MANAGEMENT ACT 1995

PUBLISHED NOTICE - DATES OF CLOSING OF THE COMMERCIAL ROCK LOBSTER FISHERY – NORTH EAST COAST

RULE 11 OF THE FISHERIES (ROCK LOBSTER) RULES 2011

I, Dr Ian Dutton, Director (Marine Resources) in the Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, acting pursuant to a delegation from the Minister for Primary Industries and Water made on 12 November 2018 and acting pursuant to section 20(1) of the *Living Marine Resources Management Act 1995* ("the Act"), hereby determine under rule 11 of the *Fisheries (Rock Lobster) Rules 2011* (the Rules) that:

- 1) the part of the commercial rock lobster fishery that comprises of the activities of the taking of rock lobster for commercial purposes in “north eastern waters” is closed from 00:01 22 November 2021 to midnight 28 February 2022 inclusive; and
- 2) the setting of a rock lobster pot for commercial purposes in, “north eastern waters” is closed from 00:01 22 November 2021 to 13:00 28 February 2022 inclusive;

Where:

“north eastern waters” is defined to mean the area of State waters adjacent to the north east coasts of Tasmania, east of the line of longitude 146° 32' 00" East (Point Sorell) on the north coast, and north of the line of latitude 40° 59' 35" South (Eddystone Point) on the east coast.

Words and expressions used in this published notice have the same meaning as in the *Living Marine Resources Management Act 1995* and the *Fisheries (Rock Lobster) Rules 2011*.

Dr Ian Dutton
DIRECTOR (MARINE RESOURCES)

Dated: 19 October 2021

INFORMATION

This notice closes north east catch cap area for the commercial rock lobster fishery for the remainder of the 2021/22 quota year, due to the north east coast commercial catch cap of 100 tonnes being triggered. For more information contact the Wild Fisheries Management Branch DPI/PWE 0419 364 405 or fishing.enquiries@dpi/pwe.tas.gov.au

Water Management

Notice under Section 29 of the *Water Management Act 1999* Great Forester River Catchment Water Management Plan takes effect

Notice is hereby given in accordance with section 29 of the *Water Management Act 1999* that the amended Great Forester River Catchment Water Management Plan takes effect on the publication of this notice, following the earlier adoption of the Plan by the Minister for Primary Industries and Water, under section 28 of the Act, on the 14th day of September 2021.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of October 2021.

Jo Crisp (Minister's delegate)
ACTING GENERAL MANAGER, AGRICULTURE AND WATER
DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY INDUSTRIES, PARKS, WATER
and ENVIRONMENT

Water Management Act 1999

Section 11 Exemption Order

Cease-to-take flow thresholds in the Boobyalla River catchment

I, Guy Barnett, Minister for Primary Industries and Water, acting pursuant to section 11 of the *Water Management Act 1999*, hereby exempt all licensees with a water allocation authorising the taking of water in the Boobyalla River catchment (as shown in Figure 1), from the cease-to-take flow thresholds specified in Table 6 of section 5.1.1 of the *Boobyalla River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012*.

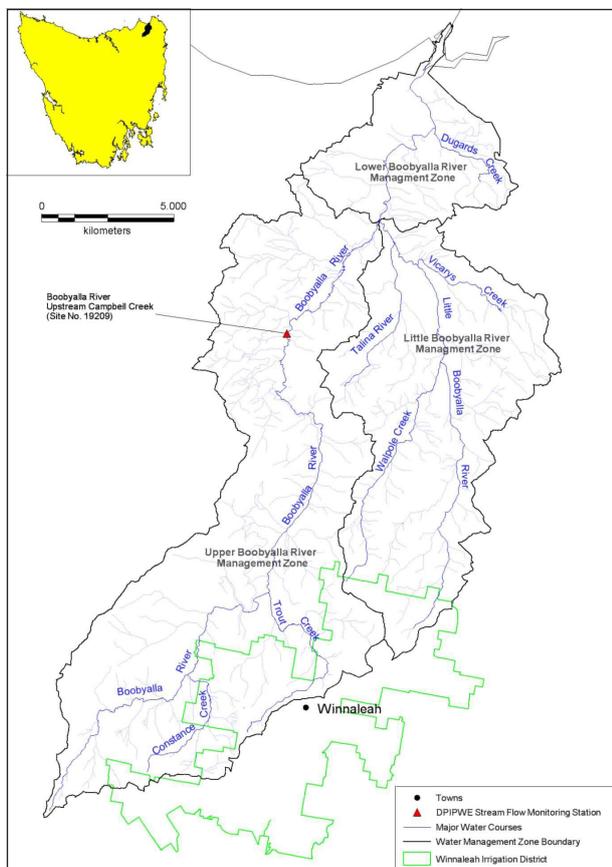


Figure 1. Boobyalla River Catchment

Persons to whom this exemption applies are subject to the following conditions:

- (1) The taking of water from a watercourse, other than for stock and domestic purposes through rights under Part 5 of the Act, will not be permitted when the measured flow drops to the thresholds set out in Table 1.

Table 1. Monthly cease-to-take flow threshold for the Boobyalla River catchment (measured at the site of the Department's stream flow gauging station on the Boobyalla River upstream of Campbell Creek).

Month	Cease-to-take flow threshold (ML/day)
January	5
February	2
March	3
April	6
May	9
June	22
July	47
August	59
September	39
October	20
November	13
December	11

- (2) All other requirements set out in the *Boobyalla River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012* relating to the cease-to-take flow provision apply.

This exemption takes effect on 27 October 2021 and remains in force for a period of five years unless otherwise revoked.

Expressions used in this exemption have the same meaning as in the *Water Management Act 1999*.

Guy Barnett

MINISTER FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES AND WATER

Dated this 27th day of October 2021

Information

The purpose of this Order is to continue an exemption that has been in place since 2016, that exempts licensees in the Boobyalla River Catchment Water Management Plan area from the requirements set out in Table 5 of the *Boobyalla River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012*. A condition of the exemption is that licensees are subject to an alternative, lower cease to take threshold as specified in Table 1 of this Order.

The cease-to-take flow thresholds in the *Boobyalla River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012* were based on conservative environmental flow assessments. Since the Plan took effect a more detailed catchment specific assessment has been undertaken indicating that the current cease-to-take flow thresholds do not adequately reflect the variable and intermittent flow regimes prevailing in this catchment. This exemption takes effect on the day upon which it is gazetted and remains in force for a period of five years or until the Boobyalla River Catchment Water Management Plan is reviewed, whichever is sooner.

Water Management Act 1999

Section 11 Exemption Order

Cease-to-take flow thresholds in the Tomahawk River catchment

I, Guy Barnett, Minister for Primary Industries and Water, acting pursuant to section 11 of the *Water Management Act 1999*, herby exempt all licensees with a water allocation authorising the taking of water in the Tomahawk River catchment (as shown in Figure 1), from the cease-to-take flow thresholds specified in Table 5 of section 5.1.1 of the Tomahawk River Catchment *Water Management Plan April 2012*.

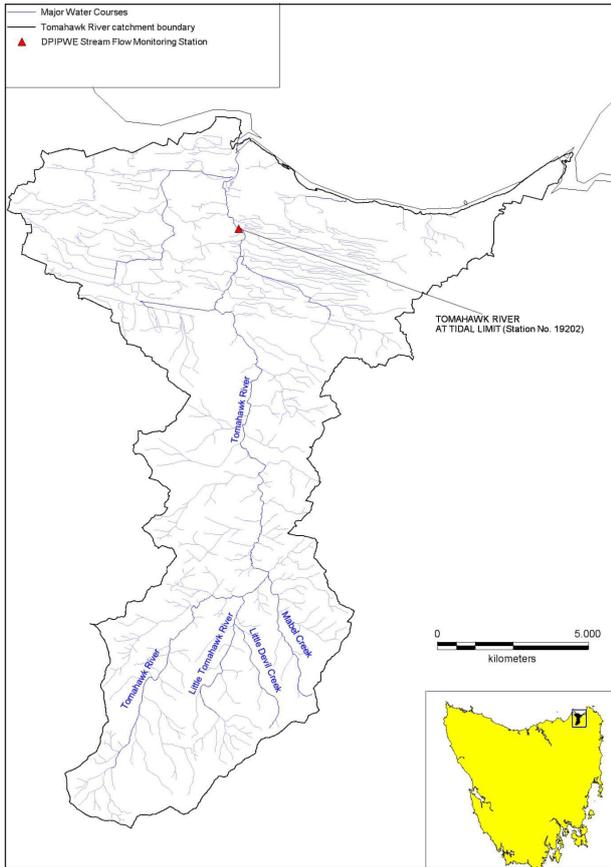


Figure 1. Tomahawk River Catchment

Persons to whom this exemption applies are subject to the following conditions:

- (1) The taking of water from a watercourse, other than for stock and domestic purposes through rights under Part 5 of the Act, will not be permitted when the measured flow drops to the thresholds set out in Table 1.

Table 1. Monthly cease-to-take flow threshold for the Tomahawk River catchment (measured at the site of the Department’s stream flow gauging station on the Tomahawk River at the tidal limit).

Month	Cease-to-take flow threshold (ML/day)
January	1
February	1
March	1
April	2
May	4
June	10
July	25
August	35
September	20
October	15
November	8
December	6

- (2) All other requirements set out in the *Tomahawk River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012* relating to the cease-to-take flow provision apply.

This exemption takes effect on 27 October 2021 and remains in force for a period of five years unless otherwise revoked.

Expressions used in this exemption have the same meaning as in the *Water Management Act 1999*.

Guy Barnett
MINISTER FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES AND WATER

Dated this 27th day of October 2021

Information

The purpose of this Order is to continue an exemption that has been in place since 2016, that exempts licensees in the Tomahawk River Catchment Water Management Plan area from the requirements set out in Table 5 of the *Tomahawk River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012*. A condition of the exemption is that licensees are subject to an alternative, lower cease-to-take flow threshold as specified in Table 1 of this Order.

The cease-to-take flow thresholds in the *Tomahawk River Catchment Water Management Plan April 2012* were based on conservative environmental flow assessments. Since the Plan took effect a more detailed catchment specific assessment has been undertaken indicating that the current cease-to-take flow thresholds do not adequately reflect the variable and intermittent flow regimes prevailing in this catchment. This exemption takes effect on the day upon which it is gazetted and remains in force for a period of five years or until the Tomahawk River Catchment Water Management Plan is reviewed, whichever is sooner.

Land Use Planning and Approvals

Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993

Approval of the Central Coast Local Provisions Schedule

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 35L of the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993* the Commission has approved the Central Coast Local Provisions Schedule.

The Central Coast Local Provisions Schedule as part of the Tasmanian Planning Scheme will come into effect on 27 October 2021. The Central Coast Interim Planning Scheme 2015 will cease to operate on this date.

The Central Coast Local Provisions Schedule is available on the Tasmanian Planning Commission website:

www.planning.tas.gov.au.

Enquiries can be directed to the Tasmanian Planning Commission on (03) 6165 6828 or email tpc@planning.tas.gov.au.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of October 2021

John Ramsay
Executive Commissioner

Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993

Notice of the State Planning Provisions coming into effect in the Central Coast Municipal Area

I, ROGER CHARLES JAENSCH, Minister for Local Government and Planning, pursuant to section 30 of the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993* (the Act) hereby give notice that the State Planning Provisions, which are in effect as part of the Tasmanian Planning Scheme, are to come into effect in the Central Coast Municipal Area on 27 October 2021.

The Central Coast Local Provisions Schedule may be viewed on the iPlan website: www.iplan.tas.gov.au.

Enquiries can be directed to the Policy Planning Unit of the Department of Justice (03) 6166 1429 or email planning.unit@justice.tas.gov.au.

Dated this 27th day of October 2021

ROGER CHARLES JAENSCH
Minister for Planning

Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(Southern region additional aged care restrictions – No. 1)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID 19 ("the disease"), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), a person must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania unless –
- (i) the person is a resident of the residential aged care facility, including a resident for the purposes of respite; or
 - (ii) the person is an employee or contractor of the residential aged care facility; or
 - (iii) the person's presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing goods or services in respect of the residential aged care facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
 - (iv) the person's presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing goods or services to a resident of the residential aged care facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
 - (v) the person's presence at the premises is for the purposes of end of life support for a resident of the residential aged care facility; or
 - (vi) the person –
 - (A) is a key support person for a resident of the residential aged care facility who has a diagnosed medical condition; and
 - (B) is present at the premises at the request of the operator of the residential aged care facility and for the purpose of providing essential support to the resident by reducing distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of the resident as a result of the medical condition; or
 - (vii) the person's presence at the premises is required for the purposes of emergency management or law enforcement; and
- (b) despite paragraph (a), a person referred to in paragraph (a)(ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi) or (vii) must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania if –
- (i) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person arrived in Tasmania from a place outside of Tasmania that is a medium risk area or premises, or a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; or
 - (ii) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person had known contact with a person who –
 - (A) has been diagnosed with the disease; or
 - (B) is reasonably suspected of having the disease; or
 - (iii) the person has one or more clinical symptoms of the disease; or
 - (iv) the person is required to be in isolation or quarantine, in respect of the disease, under the Act or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
- (c) paragraph (b) does not apply in respect of a person if –
- (i) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, is satisfied that the person is entering, or remaining on, the premises of the residential aged care facility for the purpose of providing end of life support for a resident; and
 - (ii) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has authorised the person to enter, or remain on, those premises for that purpose; and
 - (iii) in addition to any other legal requirements under the Act, the person complies with any additional requirements imposed on the person by the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, to ensure the safety of the person, the staff of the residential aged care facility and the residents at the residential aged care facility; and
- (d) paragraphs (b) and (i) do not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a residential aged care facility for the purposes of providing emergency medical treatment (including transport), emergency management or law enforcement services; and
- (e) paragraph (b)(ii) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a residential aged care facility if –
- (i) the known contact with another person, diagnosed with the disease or reasonably suspected of having the disease, occurred as part of the person's employment; and
 - (ii) the person was wearing PPE consistent with, or at the level required by, the National Guidelines for public health units developed by the Communicable Diseases Network Australia in respect of the disease; and
 - (iii) there was no breach to the PPE during that contact with the other person; and
- (f) the operator of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania must take all reasonable steps to ensure that a person does not enter, or remain on, the premises of the residential aged care facility if the person is prohibited from doing so under paragraph (a) or (b); and
- (g) for the avoidance of doubt, paragraphs (b) and (f) do not prevent a person who is a resident of a residential aged care facility from leaving, and returning to, the premises of the residential aged care facility; and
- (h) the operator of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure that all persons who enter, or remain on, the premises of the residential aged care facility have been screened, as directed by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate from time to time, before the person so enters, or remains on, the premises; and
- (i) a person who enters, or remains on, the premises of a residential aged care facility must wear a fitted face covering while the person remains on the premises of that facility; and

- (j) paragraph (i) does not apply in respect of the following persons:
- (i) a resident of a residential aged care facility, while he or she is on the premises of that facility;
 - (ii) a child who has not attained the age of 12 years;
 - (iii) a person who –
 - (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner, within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority;
 - (iv) a person who –
 - (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (j) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority; and
- (k) paragraph (i) does not apply to a person in the following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:
- (i) the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
 - (ii) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
 - (iii) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
 - (iv) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
 - (v) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
 - (vi) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
 - (vii) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
 - (viii) an emergency where it is not practicable or safe to wear the fitted face covering;
 - (ix) such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (j), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (l) a person required to wear a fitted face covering under paragraph (i), other than a person to whom paragraph (j) applies, must carry a fitted face covering while he or she remains on the premises of a residential aged care facility; and
- (m) this direction is in addition to, and not in place of, any other direction in force under the Act in respect of residential aged care facilities in Tasmania; and
- (n) in this direction –
- (i) **clinical symptoms of the disease** means the following symptoms:
 - (A) a temperature of 37.5°C or more;
 - (B) night sweats;
 - (C) chills;
 - (D) coughing;
 - (E) shortness of breath;
 - (F) sore throat;
 - (G) loss of taste;
 - (H) loss of smell; and
 - (ii) **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
 - (iii) **flexible care subsidy** has the same meaning as in the *Aged Care Act 1997* of the Commonwealth; and
 - (iv) **key support person**, in relation to a resident of a residential aged care facility with a diagnosed medical condition, means a person who has been identified, by the operator of that facility, as a person who has the ability to reduce distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of the resident as a result of the medical condition;
 - (v) **operator**, of a residential aged care facility, means a person who owns, controls or operates the residential aged care facility; and
 - (vi) **person in authority**, in relation to a residential aged care facility, includes –
 - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
 - (B) a person nominated by the operator of the residential aged care facility as a person in authority for the purposes of this direction; and
 - (vii) **resident**, of a residential aged care facility, includes a resident for the purposes of respite at that facility; and
 - (viii) **residential aged care facility** means a facility at which accommodation, and personal care or nursing care or both, are provided to a person in respect of whom a residential care subsidy or a flexible care subsidy is payable under the *Aged Care Act 1997* of the Commonwealth; and
 - (ix) **residential care subsidy** has the same meaning as in the *Aged Care Act 1997* of the Commonwealth; and
 - (x) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;

- (I) Kingborough;
- (J) Sorell;
- (K) Southern Midlands;
- (L) Tasman.

Dated this 15th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(Stay at home requirements - southern lock down - No.1)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID 19 ("the disease"), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) subject to any other law or legal instrument, and unless directed to isolate or quarantine under another direction under the Act or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*, each person in the southern region of Tasmania must remain in, or on, the person's primary residence unless the person leaves the primary residence for the purposes of –
 - (i) purchasing necessary goods and services; or
 - (ii) attending a gathering that is lawfully permitted to occur while this direction is in force; or
 - (iii) undertaking personal exercise; or
 - (iv) attending medical, or health care, appointments or for medical treatment, including to be tested for the disease or to be vaccinated in relation to the disease; or
 - (v) seeking veterinary services, within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*, that are urgently required for an animal; or
 - (vi) providing reasonable measures, within the meaning of section 6 of the *Animal Welfare Act 1993*, that are required to ensure the welfare of an animal that the person has in his or her care or charge, within the meaning of that Act; or
 - (vii) attending kindergarten, primary education or secondary education at a school, within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016*, if unable to be undertaken at the person's primary residence; or
 - (viii) attending senior secondary education within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016* for the purposes of undertaking an examination or assessment; or
 - (ix) attending University, TasTAFE within the meaning of the *Training and Workforce Development Act 2013*, or other tertiary institution to –
 - (A) provide professional, scientific and technical services at scientific and medical research facilities, for critical experiments, labs and collections, if unable to be undertaken at the person's primary residence; or
 - (B) undertaking an examination or assessment; or
- (x) attending child care, within the meaning of the *Child Care Act 2001*; or
- (xi) attending work, if unable to be undertaken at the person's primary residence; or
- (xii) attending work for the purposes of collecting items to facilitate work being undertaken at the person's primary residence; or
- (xiii) attending kindergarten, primary education, secondary education or tertiary education for the purposes of collecting items to facilitate study being undertaken at the person's primary residence; or
- (xiv) providing child minding assistance, whether paid or voluntary; or
- (xv) volunteering, if unable to be performed at the person's primary residence; or
- (xvi) providing support, or care, to another person due to –
 - (A) age, infirmity, illness or a chronic health condition; or
 - (B) other matters relating to the person's health, including mental health, pregnancy and end of life care; or
- (xvii) facilitating shared custody or parenting arrangements, family contact arrangements (whether court ordered or otherwise), guardianship or other care arrangements; or
- (xviii) where the person is a parent or guardian of a child and the child is in the care of another person (including where the child is in detention), visiting the child –
 - (A) to meet any obligations in relation to the care, support, treatment or rehabilitation of that child; or
 - (B) to take that child to another person's premises for the purposes of care, support, treatment or rehabilitation; or
- (xix) visiting another person if the other person is married to, or in a significant relationship with, the person; or
- (xx) visiting another person to provide social support if the other person is the nominated person for the person under a single person agreement; or
- (xxi) performing time-critical essential maintenance, or security inspections, of another premises owned or operated by the person in order to ensure the structural integrity of, or to prevent significant damage to, a building or essential structure on the premises or another premises; or
- (xxii) relocating to another primary residence, if the person is unable to remain in his or her primary residence while this direction is in force; or
- (xxiii) attending to essential real estate services; or
- (xxiv) leaving Tasmania; or
- (xxv) providing transport for another person, in a personal vehicle, with whom they do not ordinarily reside, for the purpose of enabling the other person to undertake an action that is permitted, or required, under this paragraph if the other person would otherwise be unable to undertake that action; or

- (xxvi) attending to the administration of justice; or
 - (xxvii) as required or authorised by law; or
 - (xxviii) in an emergency to avoid injury or illness, or to escape harm including harm relating to family violence or violence of another person at the premises; or
 - (xxix) for the purposes of national security within the meaning of the *Australian Security Intelligence Organisation Act 1979* of the Commonwealth; or
 - (xxx) undertaking lawful emergency preparation and response activities; and
- (b) a person who leaves his or her primary residence for a purpose referred to in paragraph (a)(i) must not travel further than five kilometres, by road, from his or her primary residence except where –
- (i) it is not reasonably practicable for the person to obtain the necessary goods or services within five kilometres; and
 - (ii) the person travels to the nearest location where the necessary goods and services can reasonable be sought or purchased; and
- (c) subject to paragraph (d), only one person may leave his or her primary residence for a specific purpose referred to in paragraph (a)(i), except if that specific purpose is to obtain necessary goods and services –
- (i) that relate to the purchase of medicine and health goods; or
 - (ii) that relate to the provision of services provided by –
 - (A) a financial institution; or
 - (B) government body or government agency; and
 - (iii) where more than one person is required to obtain those goods and services; and
- (d) despite paragraph (c), a person may be accompanied by a dependent or a person for whom they provide care if it is not practicable, or safe, for such dependent or person to remain at the primary residence; and
- (e) a person who leaves his or her primary residence for a purpose referred to in paragraph (a)(iii) on a day –
- (i) must not be away from his or her primary residence for a period exceeding two hours for the purpose; and
 - (ii) must not be away from his or her primary residence if that person has already undertaken personal exercise on that day; and
 - (iii) must not travel further than five kilometres, by road, from the person's primary residence, except where if it is not reasonably practicable for the person to undertake personal exercise within five kilometres due to mobility or safety reasons; and
 - (iv) may only undertake personal exercise in an outdoor space; and
 - (v) may only undertake personal exercise with –
 - (A) persons who ordinarily reside at the same primary residence; or
 - (B) one other person who does not ordinarily reside at the same primary residence if the person considers it necessary for safety reasons; and
- (f) a person who leaves his or her primary residence for a purpose referred to in paragraph (a) must –
- (i) travel by the most direct and practicable route available without stopping, other than as required by law or as necessary to purchase fuel or break for rest; and
 - (ii) not stay away from the person's primary residence for longer than is necessary to carry out that purpose; and
- (g) if a person leaves the primary residence of the person for a purpose referred to in paragraph (a) and is required, as a result, to reside in a place other than that primary residence –
- (i) the person must not stay in the other place for longer than is necessary to carry out that purpose; and
 - (ii) while the person is away from the person's primary residence, paragraph (a) applies to the other place as if it were the primary residence of the person; and
- (h) a person who leaves the person's primary residence, for a purpose referred to in paragraph (a), must wear a fitted face covering while away from the person's primary residence; and
- (i) paragraph (h) does not apply in respect of the following persons:
- (i) a child who –
 - (A) has not attained the age of 12 years;
 - (B) is undertaking primary education, whether at a school or as part of home education, within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016*; or
 - (ii) a person who –
 - (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner, within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority; or
 - (iii) a person who –
 - (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (h) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority; and
- (j) paragraph (h) does not apply to a person in the following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:
- (i) the person is married to, or in a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003* with, another person and is at the other person's primary residence;
 - (ii) the person is in a single person agreement with another person and is at the other person's primary residence;
 - (iii) the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;

- (iv) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
 - (v) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
 - (vi) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
 - (vii) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
 - (viii) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
 - (ix) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
 - (x) the person is in a personal vehicle where –
 - (A) there are no other passengers present in the vehicle; or
 - (B) each other passenger in the vehicle has the same primary residence as the person;
 - (xi) an emergency where it is not practicable or safe to wear the fitted face covering;
 - (xii) during a period of intense physical exercise;
 - (xiii) the person is riding a bicycle or motorcycle;
 - (xiv) the person is working, or volunteering, by themselves in an enclosed indoor space and until another person enters that space;
 - (xv) the person is working, or volunteering, by themselves in an outdoor space, provided no other person is also in the outdoor space;
 - (xvi) the person is one of two persons being married while in the process of being married;
 - (xvii) the person is a prisoner in a prison, subject to any policies of that prison;
 - (xviii) the person is detained in a remand centre, youth residential centre or youth justice centre, subject to any policies of that centre;
 - (xix) the person is escaping harm or the risk of harm, including harm relating to family violence or violence of another person;
 - (xx) such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (f), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (k) a person who leaves his or her primary residence, other than a person to whom paragraph (i) applies, must carry a fitted face covering; and
- (l) in this direction –
- (i) **essential real estate services** means a final inspection of real estate, end of lease or property settlement for the purpose of a prospective sale or rental of the property that cannot be deferred;
 - (ii) **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
 - (iii) **indoor space** means an area, room or premises that –
 - (A) is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
 - (B) is not a lift, elevator or other similar space; and
 - (iv) **outdoor space** means a space that is not an indoor space; and
 - (v) **necessary goods and services** includes, but is not limited to, the purchase of food, beverages, fuel, medicine and health goods and urgent household supplies and the provision of services provided by the following:
 - (A) a supermarket, grocery store, bakery, butcher, fishmonger and greengrocer;
 - (B) a financial institution;
 - (C) a government body or government agency;
 - (D) a post office;
 - (E) a newsagency;
 - (F) a pharmacy;
 - (G) a petrol station or electric vehicle charging station;
 - (H) a pet store or veterinary clinic;
 - (I) a retail premises that is lawfully operating while this direction is in force; and
 - (vi) **nominated person** means a person nominated, by a nominee person, to provide social support to the nominee person in accordance with this direction; and
 - (vii) **nominee person** means a person who –
 - (A) is not married to, or in a significant relationship with, a person; and
 - (B) does not reside with another person other than, if relevant, a child under 18 years of age, or a dependant who has a disability; and
 - (C) who has nominated one other person to be his or her nominated person; and
 - (viii) **personal vehicle** means a vehicle, within the meaning of the Act, that is not being operated for consideration, whether monetary or otherwise, at the relevant time; and
 - (ix) **person in authority** includes –
 - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
 - (B) an authorised officer within the meaning of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
 - (x) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and
 - (xi) **primary residence**, of a person, means –
 - (A) if the person is not a permanent resident in Tasmania, or resides in Tasmania for a fixed period, the location in Tasmania where the person intends to lawfully reside while in Tasmania; or
 - (B) in any other case, the location in Tasmania where the person intends to reside while this direction is in force; and
 - (xii) **significant relationship** means a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003*; and
 - (xiii) **single person** agreement means an agreement where –
 - (A) a nominee person permits his or her nominated person, and any child or dependant of that nominated person, to enter and remain on the nominee person's primary premises; or

- (B) a nominated person permits his or her nominee person, and any child or dependant of that nominee person, to enter and remain on the nominated person's primary premises while the nominated person is alone at his or her premises; and
- (C) the nominee person has only one nominated person; and
- (D) the nominated person has only one nominee person; and
- (xiv) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands;
 - (L) Tasman.

Dated this 15th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16
(*Gatherings – lock down – No. 1*)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) in relation to a premises in the southern region of Tasmania specified in Schedule 1 while the premises is used for its normal day-to-day operations, a person who owns or operates the premises must not open or operate the premises, including each outdoor space operated as part of the premises, unless authorised under this direction; and
- (b) each person who provides a service in the southern region of Tasmania specified in Schedule 2 must not provide the service in the southern region of Tasmania unless authorised under this direction; and
- (c) subject to paragraphs (e) and (f), a person must not –
 - (i) organise a gathering on premises in the southern region of Tasmania; or
 - (ii) attend a gathering on premises in the southern region of Tasmania; and
- (d) paragraph (c) applies to all gatherings not specified in paragraph (e), regardless of whether the gathering –
 - (i) occurs with formal or informal arrangements; or
 - (ii) occurs on public, commercial, retail or residential premises; and
- (e) paragraphs (c) and (g) do not apply to a gathering on, or at, the following premises if the gathering is necessary for the normal operations of the premises:
 - (i) airports and other premises used for the purposes of, or related to, public or commercial transportation;
 - (ii) large passenger vehicles operated as a regular passenger service within the meaning of the *Passenger Transport Services Act 2011*;
 - (iii) passenger ferry services;
 - (iv) ferry services or vessel services, operated between mainland Australia, Tasmania or one or more islands, and each of the following is complied with in respect of each ferry or vessel operated by the service:
 - (A) the ferry or vessel, and each premises on the ferry or vessel, complies with paragraphs (a) and (b);
 - (B) each person on the ferry or vessel complies with paragraph (f) while the person is on the ferry or vessel;
 - (C) each person on the ferry or vessel complies with paragraph (g) other than in accommodation in a fully enclosed space, such as a cabin, where the person has paid to sleep while on the ferry or vessel;
 - (v) medical or health service facilities;
 - (vi) premises used for the purposes of, and in relation to, emergency services;
 - (vii) disability facilities or aged care facilities;
 - (viii) premises being used to provide essential voluntary, or public, services and support such as food banks or homelessness services;
 - (ix) prisons, correctional facilities, detention centres or other places where persons are lawfully held in custody;
 - (x) courts or tribunals;
 - (xi) Parliament;
 - (xii) construction sites where the work is urgently required that is being undertaken in accordance with Schedule 2;
 - (xiii) premises that are predominantly used for primary production activities, within the meaning of the *Primary Produce Safety Act 2011*, forestry, or mining and mineral processing if all of the persons present on the premises –
 - (A) are employed or engaged by the owner or operator of the premises; and
 - (B) are on the premises for the purposes of that employment or engagement;
 - (xiv) premises that provide for the generation, transmission, distribution or retail of electricity or gas;
 - (xv) premises that provide water services or sewerage services within the meaning of the *Water and Sewerage Industry Act 2009*;
 - (xvi) schools that provide kindergarten, primary education or secondary education, within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016*;
 - (xvii) child care centres, within the meaning of the *Child*

- Care Act 2001*, if the gathering does not involve members of the community other than –
- (A) persons employed or engaged by the child care provider and the children attending care; or
 - (B) parents or persons responsible for children attending the child care centre for the purpose of dropping off a child enrolled at the centre, or collecting a child enrolled in the centre;
- (xviii) an indoor space or outdoor space of premises that are primarily being used for the purposes of transiting through the space;
 - (xix) veterinary establishments within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*;
 - (xx) boats or pontoons used for commercial purposes if all of the occupants on the boat or pontoon are employed or engaged by the owner of the boat or pontoon and are on the boat or pontoon for the purposes of that employment or engagement;
 - (xxi) other premises, if the gathering at those premises occurs in accordance with a written exemption of the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (f) where practicable, each person on a premises must maintain a distance of no less than 1.5 metres between the person and any other person; and
 - (g) a person who owns or operates a premises in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure, in any gathering on the premises, that the total number of persons present in any single undivided space of the premises, at the same time, does not exceed the number calculated by dividing the total area of the usable space, as measured in square metres, by 4; and
 - (h) this direction does not prevent a person from entering, and remaining on, a premises that is not permitted to open, or operate, under this direction if the person is entering, and remaining on, the premises for the purposes of performing time-critical essential maintenance, or security inspections in order to ensure the structural integrity of, or to prevent significant damage to, a building or essential structure on the premises or another premises; and
 - (i) this direction does not apply to –
 - (i) premises that are private vehicles, private aircrafts and private vessels; and
 - (ii) gatherings on premises as a result of an emergency on the premises; and
 - (j) in this direction –
 - (i) **day-procedure centre** means an establishment within the meaning of the *Health Service Establishments Act 2006*; and
 - (ii) **essential real estate services** includes a final inspection of real estate, or an end-of-lease or property settlement, for the purpose of a prospective sale or rental of the property that cannot be deferred; and
 - (iii) **gathering** does not include –
 - (A) a gathering of persons that may lawfully occur in accordance with a direction issued under the Act, in respect of staying at home, in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the disease; or
 - (B) a gathering of persons, if each person at that gathering ordinarily resides at the same residential premises; or
 - (C) a gathering of persons at a residential premises, if the gathering consists of persons who ordinarily reside at the premises and no more than one other person who does not ordinarily reside at the premises if the other person is married to, or in a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003* with, a person who ordinarily resides at that premises; or
 - (D) a gathering of persons at a residential premises, if the gathering consists of persons under a single person agreement in accordance with a direction issued under the Act, in respect of staying at home, in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the disease; or
 - (E) a gathering of persons in an outdoor space of a premises, other than a residential premises, if the gathering is for the purpose of undertaking personal exercise and the gathering consists of persons –
 - (I) who ordinarily reside at the same residential premises; or
 - (II) who ordinarily reside at the same residential premises and no more than one other person who does not ordinarily reside at that premises; or
 - (F) a gathering of persons for the purpose of facilitating shared custody arrangements, guardianship or other care arrangements; or
 - (G) a gathering of persons at a premises for the purpose of delivering an item to, or removing an item from, the premises; or
 - (H) a gathering of persons at a premises for the purpose of delivering medical, health, emergency or urgent legal services, or end of life support, to a person at the premises; and
 - (iv) **indoor space** means an area, room or premises that –
 - (A) is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
 - (B) is not a lift, elevator or other similar space; and
 - (v) **outdoor space** means a space that is not an indoor space; and
 - (vi) **passenger ferry services** means a ferry service that operates predominantly for the carriage of passengers, whether to and from the same location or different locations, on a vessel; and
 - (vii) **predominantly sell**, in relation to the sale of certain supplies at premises, means that 75% of all items available for sale at those premises are those supplies; and
 - (viii) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and

- (ix) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
- (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands;
 - (L) Tasman.

Dated this 15th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

Schedule 1

1. All restaurants, cafes, dining room, canteens and other similar premises, unless –
 - (a) the premises are being used to provide food or drink, or both, to be consumed at a location other than the premises; or
 - (b) the premises are being used to provide food or drink, or both, to employees, contractors or students, within the premises and the food or drink is to be consumed at another location within the premises and each person at that location complies with paragraphs (f) and (g); or
 - (c) the premises are within a hospital, residential care home, child care centre, homeless accommodation, school, prison, defence barracks or detention centre and the food or drink is to be consumed by the residents of those organisations.
2. All premises where alcohol is sold for consumption at those premises (including pubs, registered and licensed clubs and hotels) other than such part of those premises lawfully operated –
 - (a) in relation to the sale of alcohol, wholly or predominantly to provide alcohol for consumption at a location other than the premises; or
 - (b) to provide alcohol, with food provided in accordance with item 1(a),
3. All –
 - (a) hotels, motels, serviced apartments, hostels, boarding houses or other similar premises; and
 - (b) bed and breakfasts or other similar premises; and
 - (c) premises used for short stay accommodation; and
 - (d) caravan parks, campsites, camping areas or other similar premises;
 except in relation to –
 - (e) workers, or contractors, employed or engaged in the operation of such premises; or
 - (f) current residents of such premises who consider the premises their primary residence; or
 - (g) current residents of such premises who predominantly reside at the premises while their principal residence is unavailable, whether it is
 - unavailable on a permanent or temporary basis, including where the residence is unavailable due to a border closure, or travel restriction, preventing the resident from returning to the principal residence; or
 - (h) residents of such premises, who are residents –
 - (i) for the purposes of isolation or quarantine; or
 - (ii) while another person is using the resident's principal residence for isolation or quarantine; or
 - (i) residents of such premises who are residing at the premises due to the person being an essential traveller under the directions made by the Deputy State Controller under section 40 of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; or
 - (j) residents of such premises who are residing at the premises for the purpose of –
 - (i) employment, education or training; or
 - (ii) respite due to illness, disability or as recommended or approved by a medical practitioner; or
 - (iii) for compassionate reasons, including where the person requires emergency accommodation due to an emergency, family violence, homelessness and end of life visitation and care.
4. All places of worship, religious gatherings, religious premises, and other similar premises, unless –
 - (a) those premises are being operated –
 - (i) to broadcast, by remote electronic means, a religious ceremony, where the total number of persons present does not exceed three persons; or
 - (ii) to perform a wedding, where –
 - (A) the total number of persons present at the wedding does not exceed five persons; and
 - (B) one of the parties getting married, or one of the parents of the parties getting married or one of the witnesses to the marriage, is receiving end of life care; or
 - (iii) to perform a funeral, where the total number of people present at the funeral does not exceed 10 persons, except for persons under the age of 12 months and the funeral director; and
 - (b) each person on the premises at the time complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
5. All cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, strip clubs, commercial sexual services businesses within the meaning of the *Sex Industry Offences Act 2005* and other similar premises.
6. All galleries, libraries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises.
7. All concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums and other similar premises.
8. All amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds and other similar premises, regardless of whether the premises are an indoor space or an outdoor space.

9. All auction houses, including premises where auction items are available for inspection, other than premises used for the sale of livestock, food or other agricultural purposes.
10. All universities, TasTAFE within the meaning of the *Training and Workforce Development Act 2013*, and other tertiary institutions, other than to provide -
- (a) scientific and medical research facilities used for critical experiments, labs and collections; or
 - (b) examinations or assessments.
11. All call centres, other than call centres that provide -
- (a) support for essential government services; or
 - (b) health information or support in respect of health and mental health services; or
 - (c) for the reporting of faults of essential services and utilities; or
 - (d) customer support in respect of necessary household goods and services.
12. All premises, or parts of premises, owned or operated by a council of a municipal area, other than those premises, or parts of premises, that provide essential voluntary, or public services, whether provided by the council or other charity organisation.
13. All community centres and facilities, neighbourhood houses, recreation centres, youth centres and other similar premises, except to provide essential voluntary, or public services, such as food banks and homelessness services.
14. All retail premises where goods and services are for sale or inspected for sale, other than -
- (a) a premises that is -
 - (i) a supermarket, grocery store, bakery, butcher, fishmonger, greengrocer; or
 - (ii) a post office; or
 - (iii) a newsagency; or
 - (iv) a bank, credit union or other financial institution; or
 - (v) a pharmacy that provide pharmaceuticals or pharmaceuticals or dispensing service; or
 - (vi) a laundry or dry cleaner; or
 - (vii) a safety supply store for work clothes and personal protective equipment; or
 - (viii) a premises that predominantly sells health, medical, maternity and infant supplies; or
 - (ix) a premises that predominantly sells cleaning and sanitation products; or
 - (x) a premises that predominantly sells office equipment and office products for persons working from home and businesses; or
 - (xi) a petrol or electric vehicle charging station; or
 - (xii) a premises that predominantly sells pet supplies; or
 - (xiii) a hardware, landscape and building supplies store, but only in respect of the sale of those hardware supplies to tradespeople and businesses to supply essential commercial trade, agricultural uses, and food production, or for time critical residential repairs to ensure that the necessities of life are maintained, including the sale of firewood; or
 - (xiv) a premises that predominantly sells agricultural and livestock supplies and equipment; or
 - (xv) a retail premises that is solely being operated for online and phone ordering and collection, including delivery services, in respect of urgent household supplies that are used to ensure that the necessities of life are maintained; or
- (b) each person in that part of the premises complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
15. All premises, other than newsagencies, where racing, gaming or gambling services are provided, including premises where training takes place, except-
- (a) to care for, or provide treatment to, animals on the premise; or
 - (b) in the case of premises where racing services are provided, to train animals if the only persons present on the premises at the time the training occurs are -
 - (i) necessary to assist in the training of the animal; or
 - (ii) otherwise lawfully permitted to be on the premises.
16. All spas, float spas and massage parlours and other similar premises.
17. All indoor and outdoor swimming pools, gymnasiums, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres (including yoga and barre premises), indoor and outdoor venues used for sport or fitness, golf courses, saunas, bath houses and other similar premises or venues, other than such part of the premises or venue used to provide physical rehabilitation services if -
- (a) the rehabilitation services are provided by, or under the direction of-
 - (i) a registered health practitioner within the meaning of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania)*; or
 - (ii) a person who holds accreditation, as an accredited exercise physiologist, with Exercise and Sports Science Australia Ltd (ABN 14 053 849 460); and
 - (b) each person in that part of the premises complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
18. All zoos, wildlife centres, animal parks, petting zoos, aquariums, marine parks or similar premises, except -
- (a) in relation to operators, or workers or contractors, employed or engaged in the care or treatment of animals at the facility, performing an animal rescue function or the general operation of such premises; or
 - (b) for the purposes of producing food or stock.

Schedule 2

1. Subject to item 2 in this Schedule, the provision of religious gatherings, religious ceremonies, religious instruction, non-denominational ceremonies and other similar services and ceremonies, unless those premises are being operated to broadcast, by remote electronic means, a religious ceremony, where the total number of persons present does not exceed three persons.
2. The provision of wedding and funeral ceremonies and services, except where -

- (a) in the case of a wedding –
- (i) the total number of persons present does not exceed five persons; and
 - (ii) one of the parties getting married, or one of the parents of the parties getting married or one of the witnesses to the marriage, is receiving end of life care; and
 - (iii) each person present complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g); or
- (b) in the case of a funeral –
- (i) the total number of persons present does not exceed 10 persons, except for persons under the age of 12 months and the funeral director; and
 - (ii) each person present complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
3. The provision of beauty therapy, hairdressing, tanning, waxing, manicure or other nail treatments, tattoos, ear and body piercing, body modification and other similar services.
4. The provision of real estate auctions, open home inspections or other similar services and property inspections or other similar services, except for the provision of essential real estate services.
5. The provision of medical or health services, other than –
- (a) health services provided in a hospital or day-procedure centre; or
 - (b) health services provided by a general practitioner or specialist medical practitioner; or
 - (c) diagnostic services, other than routine screening services; or
 - (d) procedures and surgical treatments undertaken by dentists, in private and public health care centres, that are consistent with Level 4 COVID-19 Dental Service Restrictions published by the Australian Dental Association; or
 - (e) IVF treatment if the patient has commenced the treatment before the commencement of this direction; or
 - (f) any procedure required for the preservation of eggs for future IVF where a delay in receiving the required health treatment will render eggs non-viable; or
 - (g) drug and alcohol services; or
 - (h) students on placement providing essential care in hospitals, day-procedure centre, health facilities or through telehealth; or
 - (i) the conduct of human medical research trials; or
 - (j) the following allied health services:
 - (i) allied health services, provided by allied health professionals providing essential care to newborns or at-risk babies and children;
 - (ii) allied health services in the aged care or disability sector;
 - (iii) allied health services for relief of pain;
 - (iv) allied health services provided by allied health professionals working in private practice providing care through telehealth and other virtual care options;
 - (v) allied health services provided by the following allied health professionals -
 - (A) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health practitioner;
 - (B) art therapist;
 - (C) audiologist;
 - (D) Chinese medicine practitioner;
 - (E) chiropractor;
 - (F) counsellor holding a Master of Counselling, or equivalent, from a tertiary institution;
 - (G) dietician;
 - (H) exercise physiologist;
 - (I) genetic counsellor;
 - (J) music therapist;
 - (K) occupational therapist;
 - (L) optometrist;
 - (M) orthoptist;
 - (N) orthotist;
 - (O) osteopath;
 - (P) perfusionist;
 - (Q) pharmacist;
 - (R) physiotherapist;
 - (S) podiatrist;
 - (T) prosthetist;
 - (U) psychologist;
 - (V) rehabilitation counsellor;
 - (W) social worker;
 - (X) sonographer;
 - (Y) speech pathology; or
 - (k) the following mental health services:
 - (i) hospital emergency or inpatient psychiatric services;
 - (ii) allied health professionals providing mental health services in hospital;
 - (iii) private consultant psychiatry practice by -
 - (A) telehealth; or
 - (B) face-to-face, if telehealth is not clinically appropriate due to the need for emergency clinical care or for potentially life-threatening situations;
 - (iv) allied health professionals providing mental health services in community settings by -
 - (A) telehealth; or
 - (B) face-to-face, if telehealth is not clinically appropriate due to the need for emergency clinical care or for potentially life-threatening situations.
6. The provision of retail services, other than -
- (a) contactless collection or contactless delivery of orders in respect of retail premises operating in accordance with Schedule 1; or
 - (b) laundry and dry cleaning services; or
 - (c) commercial cleaning services; or
 - (d) bicycle, vehicle and mechanical repair services; or
 - (e) electrical, IT and phone sales, repair and maintenance services; or

- (f) locksmith services; or
 - (g) vehicle and equipment hire.
7. Tourism activities, and services, including cruises and tours.
 8. The provision of markets, whether held in an indoor space or an outdoor space, except where -
 - (a) the market is only for the provision of fresh food, or produce, that is to be consumed at other locations or premises; and
 - (b) each person present, while the market is being provided, complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
 9. The provision of garage sales, or other selling of second hand goods, at any premises.
 10. The provision of door to door sales and services, whether for consideration or otherwise.
 11. The provision of services to a person by a sex worker, within the meaning of the *Sex Industry Offences Act 2005*, excluding any activity where there is no form of direct physical contact between two or more persons who reside at different residential premises.
 12. The provision of services provided in respect of animals, other than veterinary services, within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*, essential animal husbandry and animal rescue services.
 13. The provision of horticulture and gardening services, except where -
 - (a) the work is necessary for safety purposes; and
 - (b) only the minimum number of persons are present on a premises to safely undertake the work.
 14. The provision of construction services at construction sites, except where -
 - (a) the work is urgently required for one or more of the following reasons:
 - (i) to ensure the safety or security of the construction site;
 - (ii) to deal with environmental risks;
 - (iii) to maintain and ensure the integrity of critical plant, equipment or assets, including partially completed works, that would otherwise deteriorate;
 - (iv) to receive deliveries of supplies that would otherwise deteriorate;
 - (v) to maintain public utilities;
 - (vi) to ensure the safe operation of existing transport infrastructure;
 - (vii) in order to manage the threat of the spread of the disease; and
 - (viii) in an emergency.
 15. The provision of education or instructional services, including launch into learning and pre-kinder services, driving schools, flight schools, adult education and training, professional development and other like services, other than -
 - (a) where the services are required to support a gathering on, or at, premises under paragraph (e); or
 - (b) services that can be provided through remote electronic means.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(*Hospitals – No. 9*)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* (“the Act”), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 (“the disease”), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), a person must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a hospital in the southern region of Tasmania unless –
 - (i) the person is seeking, or receiving, medical care or treatment at the hospital; or
 - (ii) the person is –
 - (A) an employee or contractor of the hospital; or
 - (B) a student undertaking a clinical placement at the hospital; or
 - (iii) the person’s presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing goods or services that are necessary for the effective operation of the hospital, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
 - (iv) the person’s presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing health, medical or pharmaceutical goods or services to a patient at the hospital, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
 - (v) the person is a parent, or guardian, of a dependent child who is a patient at the hospital; or
 - (vi) the person is a guardian, within the meaning of the *Guardianship and Administration Act 1995*, of a patient at the hospital; or
 - (vii) the person is entering, or remaining on, the premises to lawfully provide one or more of the following types of assistance to a patient, if the assistance is necessary while the patient is entering, or on, the premises:
 - (A) physical assistance;
 - (B) assistance with communication or comprehension;
 - (C) assistance with any legal or administrative requirements; or
 - (viii) the person is the support person for a patient at the hospital who is a patient due to the birth of, or the likely birth of, a child; or
 - (ix) the person’s presence at the premises is for the purposes of end of life support for a patient at the hospital; or
 - (x) the person’s presence at the premises is required for the purposes of emergency management or law enforcement; or
 - (xi) the person is visiting a patient and the person is –
 - (A) a key support person for the patient who has a diagnosed medical condition; and
 - (B) present at the premises for the purpose of providing essential support to the patient by reducing distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of that patient as a result of the medical condition; and

- (b) despite paragraph (a), a person referred to in paragraph (a)(ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x) or (xi) must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a hospital if –
- (i) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person arrived in Tasmania from a place outside of Tasmania that is a medium risk area or premises, or a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; or
 - (ii) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person had known contact with a person who –
 - (A) has been diagnosed with the disease; or
 - (B) is reasonably suspected of having the disease; or
 - (iii) the person has one or more clinical symptoms of the disease; or
 - (iv) the person is required to be in isolation or quarantine, in respect of the disease, under the Act or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
- (c) paragraph (b)(i), (ii) or (iv) does not apply in respect of a person if –
- (i) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, is satisfied that the person is entering in, or remaining on, the premises of the hospital for the purpose of end of life support for the patient; and
 - (ii) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has authorised the person to enter, or remain on, those premises for those purposes; and
 - (iii) in addition to any other legal requirements under the Act, the person complies with any additional requirements imposed on the person by the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, to ensure the safety of the person, the staff of the hospital and the patients of the hospital; and
- (d) paragraph (b) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a hospital for the purposes of providing emergency medical treatment (including transport), emergency management or law enforcement services; and
- (e) paragraph (b)(i) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a hospital if –
- (i) the person has been permitted to enter Tasmania under a direction under the *Emergency Management Act 2006* for the purpose of –
 - (A) providing health services in Tasmania; or
 - (B) transporting patients, organs or tissues into, or out of, Tasmania; or
 - (ii) the person –
 - (A) is entering the premises of the hospital for a purpose specified in paragraph (a)(ii); and
 - (B) subject to paragraphs (j) and (k), wears a fitted face covering while he or she remains on the premises of the hospital; and
 - (C) if required to wear a fitted face covering under sub-subparagraph (B), must carry a fitted face covering while he or she remains on the premises of a hospital; and
- (f) paragraph (b)(ii) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a hospital if –
- (i) the known contact with another person, diagnosed with the disease or reasonably suspected of having the disease, occurred as part of the person's employment; and
 - (ii) the person was wearing PPE consistent with, or at the level required by, the National Guidelines for public health units developed by the Communicable Diseases Network Australia in respect of the disease; and
 - (iii) there was no breach to the PPE during that contact with the other person; and
- (g) the operator of a hospital in the southern region of Tasmania must take all reasonable steps to ensure that a person does not enter, or remain on, the premises of the hospital if the person is prohibited from doing so under paragraph (a) or (b); and
- (h) the operator of a hospital in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure that all persons who enter, or remain, on the premises of the hospital have been screened, as directed by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate, before the persons so enters, or remains, on the premises; and
- (i) on any single day, no more than one person is permitted, in respect of a patient at a hospital, to remain on the premises of the hospital for a purpose specified in paragraph (a)(v), (vi) or (vii) in respect of the patient; and
- (j) paragraph (e)(ii)(B) does not apply in respect of the following persons:
- (i) a person who –
 - (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner, within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority; or
 - (ii) a person who –
 - (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (e)(ii)(B) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority; and
- (k) paragraph (e)(ii)(B) does not apply in the following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:
- (i) the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
 - (ii) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
 - (iii) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
 - (iv) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;

- (v) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
 - (vi) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
 - (vii) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
 - (viii) an emergency where it is not practicable or safe to wear the fitted face covering;
 - (ix) the person is working or studying in an indoor or outdoor space where there are no other persons present;
 - (x) such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (e)(ii)(B), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (l) in this direction –
- (i) **clinical symptoms of the disease** means the following symptoms:
 - (A) a temperature of 37.5°C or more;
 - (B) night sweats;
 - (C) chills;
 - (D) coughing;
 - (E) shortness of breath;
 - (F) sore throat;
 - (G) loss of taste;
 - (H) loss of smell; and
 - (ii) **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
 - (iii) **hospital** includes the following, within the meaning of the *Health Service Establishments Act 2006*:
 - (A) public hospitals;
 - (B) private hospitals;
 - (C) day-procedure centres; and
 - (iv) **key support person**, in relation to a patient at the hospital with a diagnosed medical condition, means a person who has been identified, by the hospital, as a person who has the ability to reduce distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of that patient as a result of the medical condition;
 - (v) **operator**, of a hospital, means a person who owns, controls or operates the hospital; and
 - (vi) **patient**, at a hospital, includes a person seeking medical care or treatment at the hospital whether or not the person is admitted to the hospital for that care or treatment; and
 - (i) **person in authority**, in relation to a hospital, includes –
 - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
 - (B) an authorised officer within the meaning of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
 - (C) a person nominated by the operator of the hospital as a person in authority for the purposes of this direction; and
- (vii) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993* –
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands; and
 - (L) Tasman.
 - (viii) **support person**, in relation to a patient, means one person who is nominated by the patient as the support person for that patient.

Dated this 15th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(*Mass gatherings – No. 5*)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that –

- (a) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of not less than 250 persons, and not more than 2 000 persons, across the premises, unless –
 - (i) paragraphs (f) and (g) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
 - (ii) at each gathering, in an indoor area of the premises, of more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons, the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering; and
 - (iii) at each gathering, in an outdoor area of the premises, of more than 1 000 and not more than 2 000 persons, the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering; and
- (b) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of more than 2 000 persons, and not more than 5 000 persons, across the premises, unless –
 - (i) paragraphs (f), (g) and (h) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
 - (ii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated is of not more than 500 persons; and
 - (iii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 1 000 persons; and

- (iv) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 2 000 persons; and
- (v) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 5 000 persons; and
- (c) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises (other than premises on which an outdoor stadium or outdoor arena is situated) must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of more than 5 000 persons, and not more than 10 000 persons, across the premises, unless –
 - (i) paragraphs (f), (g), (h) and (i) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
 - (ii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated is of not more than 1 000 persons; and
 - (iii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 2 000 persons; and
 - (iv) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated is of not more than 5 000 persons; and
 - (v) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 10 000 persons; and
- (d) paragraph (c)(iv) does not apply in respect of an agricultural gathering at premises if not more than 5 000 persons, other than assistants, are present in the outdoor area of the premises at any one time; and
- (e) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises on which an outdoor stadium or outdoor arena is situated must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of more than 250 persons across the premises unless –
 - (i) paragraphs (f), (g), (h) and (i) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
 - (ii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 1 000 persons; and
 - (iii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 2 000 persons; and
 - (iv) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 5 000 persons; and
- (f) a gathering at premises complies with this paragraph if the relevant person in relation to the gathering at the premises ensures that, despite paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) –
 - (i) if the gathering is at premises on which a stadium, arena or entertainment venue is situated – the total number of persons present at any one time at the gathering, other than assistants, does not exceed the sum of –
 - (A) if all or part of the gathering is required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering and seating is provided by the owner or occupier of the premises – so much of the gathering as is required to be seated at the gathering being a number of persons (other than assistants) that is not more than the number of seats so provided at the premises; and
 - (B) if sub-subparagraph (A) does not apply to all or part of the gathering – so much of the gathering to which that sub-subparagraph does not apply consists of not more than the number of persons calculated by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space for that gathering or that part of the gathering; or
 - (ii) if the gathering is for the purposes of religious services or a funeral – the total number of persons present at any one time at the gathering, other than service attendants, does not exceed the sum of –
 - (A) if all or part of the gathering is required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering and seating is provided by the owner or occupier of the premises – so much of the gathering as is required to be seated at the gathering being a number of persons (other than service attendants) that is not more than the number of seats so provided at the premises; and
 - (B) if sub-subparagraph (A) does not apply to all or part of the gathering – so much of the gathering to which that sub-subparagraph does not apply consists of not more than the number of persons calculated by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space for that gathering or that part of the gathering; or
 - (iii) for any other gathering, the total number of persons present, at any one time, at the gathering does not exceed –
 - (A) the number of persons calculated for the space by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space; and
 - (B) if the persons at the gathering are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering – more than half of the seated capacity of the premises where the gathering is occurring; and
- (g) a gathering at premises complies with this paragraph if the relevant person in relation to the gathering at the premises ensures that –
 - (i) where practicable, each person at the gathering maintains a distance of not less than 1.5 metres between the person and any other person; and
 - (ii) an event COVID safety plan is developed and implemented for the gathering; and
 - (iii) a person is appointed as the person to be contacted in respect of the gathering; and
 - (iv) the organiser of the gathering, or the person appointed under subparagraph (iii) in respect of the gathering, presents the event COVID safety plan for the gathering if requested to do so by a police officer, an authorised person under the Act or an inspector under the *Work Health and Safety Act 2012*; and

- (v) each obligation, requirement, restriction or condition (other than the density limit for the premises if that density limit is lower than the number of persons permitted at the gathering under this direction) that, under a direction made under the Act, applies to a relevant person, in relation to the gathering or premises, is complied with in relation to the gathering; and
- (h) a gathering complies with this paragraph if, before the gathering occurs and in addition to the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g) –
 - (i) the gathering has been registered with the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
 - (ii) the event COVID safety plan for the gathering has been assessed as appropriate by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (i) a gathering complies with this paragraph if, before the gathering occurs and in addition to the requirements of paragraphs (f), (g) and (h), the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has approved the gathering, subject to the conditions, if any, that the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, considers appropriate for the gathering; and
- (j) at any time before a gathering referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (e) occurs, the Director of Public Health may impose one or more conditions on the gathering that he or she considers appropriate for the gathering in order to manage a threat, or likely threat, to public health; and
- (k) if appropriate to manage a threat, or likely threat, to public health, the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, may –
 - (i) refuse to register a gathering under paragraph (h) (i); or
 - (ii) revoke the registration of a gathering under paragraph (h)(i); and
- (l) if appropriate to manage a threat, or likely threat, to public health, the Director of Public Health may –
 - (i) refuse to approve a gathering under paragraph (h); or
 - (ii) rescind an approval given in respect of a gathering under paragraph (i); and
- (m) for the avoidance of doubt, the power to impose a condition under this direction includes the power to vary or revoke the condition; and
- (n) in this direction –
 - (i) **agricultural gathering** means a gathering that occurs for the purpose of –
 - (A) a show, or Agfest, for which a statutory holiday is specified to be observed under the *Statutory Holidays Act 2000*; or
 - (B) a show or event that is held for the primary purpose of displaying or demonstrating agricultural produce, equipment or techniques; and
 - (ii) **assistant**, in relation to premises, means a person –
 - (A) who is employed or engaged by the owner or occupier of the premises; or
 - (B) who is employed or engaged to provide services at the premises; and
 - (iii) **density limit for the premises** means the density calculated for the premises under a direction under section 16 of the Act, in respect of the disease, that applies in respect of a space on the premises or the premises as a whole; and
- (iv) **entertainment venue** includes, whether indoors or outdoors, a cinema, concert venue, theatre, auditorium or similar space; and
- (v) **event COVID safety plan** means a safety plan that is –
 - (A) in the form approved by the Director of Public Health for a gathering to be held under this direction; and
 - (B) available from, or is published on the website operated by or on behalf of, WorkSafe Tasmania; and
- (vi) **gathering** means a group of persons who attend, whether in accordance with a formal or informal arrangement, at premises; and
- (vii) **indoor area** means an area, room or premises that –
 - (A) is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
 - (B) is not a lift, elevator or similar space; and
- (viii) **organiser**, in relation to a gathering at premises, means the person, who is not the owner or occupier of the premises or a person acting for that owner or occupier, who enters into an arrangement, with the owner or occupier of the premises, for the gathering, or event to which the gathering relates, to be conducted at the premises; and
- (ix) **outdoor area** means an area of a premises that is not –
 - (A) an indoor area; or
 - (B) a lift, elevator or similar space; and
- (x) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act but does not include residential premises; and
- (xi) **relevant person**, in relation to a gathering at premises, means –
 - (A) unless subparagraph (ii) applies – the owner or occupier of the premises at which the gathering occurs; or
 - (B) if there is an organiser in relation to the gathering – the organiser; and
- (xii) **residential premises**, in respect of a gathering under this direction, does not include a part, of premises, where people ordinarily reside, if that part of the premises –
 - (A) is primarily used for the sale of goods or the provision of services; and
 - (B) is, while those goods are being sold or those services are being provided for the gathering, being operated in accordance with its normal operations for the sale of those goods or the provision of those services; and
- (xiii) **service attendants** includes the following persons:
 - (A) persons who are employed or engaged by the person who owns or operates the premises;
 - (B) members of the clergy, church attendants or members of a choir;
 - (C) in the case of a funeral, persons who are performing the funeral service;
 - (D) persons who are, other than only by being worshipers, assisting in the provision of religious services, or the funeral, at the premises; and

- (xiv) **stadium or arena, or outdoor stadium or outdoor arena**, means a premises that is primarily intended for use for sporting and other similar recreational activities; and
- (o) the direction, entitled *Mass gatherings – No. 4* and given by me on 29 April 2021, is revoked; and
- (p) this direction expires on 1 November 2021.

Dated this 16th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(*Gatherings – lock down – No. 2*)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) in relation to a premises in the southern region of Tasmania specified in Schedule 1 while the premises is used for its normal day-to-day operations, a person who owns or operates the premises must not open or operate the premises, including each outdoor space operated as part of the premises, unless authorised under this direction; and
- (b) each person who provides a service in the southern region of Tasmania specified in Schedule 2 must not provide the service in the southern region of Tasmania unless authorised under this direction; and
- (c) subject to paragraphs (e) and (f), a person must not –
- (i) organise a gathering on premises in the southern region of Tasmania; or
- (ii) attend a gathering on premises in the southern region of Tasmania; and
- (d) paragraph (c) applies to all gatherings not specified in paragraph (e), regardless of whether the gathering –
- (i) occurs with formal or informal arrangements; or
- (ii) occurs on public, commercial, retail or residential premises; and
- (e) paragraphs (c) and (g) do not apply to a gathering on, or at, the following premises if the gathering is necessary for the normal operations of the premises:
- (i) airports and other premises used for the purposes of, or related to, public or commercial transportation;
- (ii) large passenger vehicles operated as a regular passenger service within the meaning of the *Passenger Transport Services Act 2011*;
- (iii) passenger ferry services;
- (iv) ferry services or vessel services, operated between mainland Australia, Tasmania or one or more islands, and each of the following is complied with in respect of each ferry or vessel operated by the service:
- (A) the ferry or vessel, and each premises on the ferry or vessel, complies with paragraphs (a) and (b);
- (B) each person on the ferry or vessel complies with paragraph (f) while the person is on the ferry or vessel;
- (C) each person on the ferry or vessel complies with paragraph (g) other than in accommodation in a fully enclosed space, such as a cabin, where the person has paid to sleep while on the ferry or vessel;
- (v) medical or health service facilities;
- (vi) premises used for the purposes of, and in relation to, emergency services;
- (vii) disability facilities or aged care facilities;
- (viii) premises being used to provide essential voluntary, or public, services and support such as food banks or homelessness services;
- (ix) prisons, correctional facilities, detention centres or other places where persons are lawfully held in custody;
- (x) courts or tribunals;
- (xi) Parliament;
- (xii) construction sites where the work is urgently required that is being undertaken in accordance with Schedule 2;
- (xiii) premises that are predominantly used for primary production activities, within the meaning of the *Primary Produce Safety Act 2011*, forestry, or mining and mineral processing if all of the persons present on the premises –
- (A) are employed or engaged by the owner or operator of the premises; and
- (B) are on the premises for the purposes of that employment or engagement;
- (xiv) premises that provide for the generation, transmission, distribution or retail of electricity or gas;
- (xv) premises that provide water services or sewerage services within the meaning of the *Water and Sewerage Industry Act 2009*;
- (xvi) schools that provide kindergarten, primary education or secondary education, within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016*;
- (xvii) child care centres, within the meaning of the *Child Care Act 2001*, if the gathering does not involve members of the community other than –
- (A) persons employed or engaged by the child care provider and the children attending care; or
- (B) parents or persons responsible for children attending the child care centre for the purpose of dropping off a child enrolled at the centre, or collecting a child enrolled in the centre;
- (xviii) an indoor space or outdoor space of premises that are primarily being used for the purposes of transiting through the space;
- (xix) veterinary establishments within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*;
- (xx) boats or pontoons used for commercial purposes if all of the occupants on the boat or pontoon are employed or engaged by the owner of the boat or pontoon and are on the boat or pontoon for the purposes of that employment or engagement;
- (xxi) other premises, if the gathering at those premises occurs in accordance with a written exemption of the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and

- (f) where practicable, each person on a premises must maintain a distance of no less than 1.5 metres between the person and any other person; and
- (g) a person who owns or operates a premises in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure, in any gathering on the premises, that the total number of persons present in any single undivided space of the premises, at the same time, does not exceed the number calculated by dividing the total area of the usable space, as measured in square metres, by 4; and
- (h) this direction does not prevent a person from entering, and remaining on, a premises that is not permitted to open, or operate, under this direction if the person is entering, and remaining on, the premises for the purposes of performing time-critical essential maintenance, or security inspections in order to ensure the structural integrity of, or to prevent significant damage to, a building or essential structure on the premises or another premises; and
- (i) this direction does not apply to –
- (i) premises that are private vehicles, private aircrafts and private vessels; and
 - (ii) gatherings on premises as a result of an emergency on the premises; and
- (j) in this direction –
- (i) **day-procedure centre** means an establishment within the meaning of the *Health Service Establishments Act 2006*; and
 - (ii) **essential real estate services** includes a final inspection of real estate, or an end-of-lease or property settlement, for the purpose of a prospective sale or rental of the property that cannot be deferred; and
 - (iii) **gathering** does not include –
 - (A) a gathering of persons that may lawfully occur in accordance with a direction issued under the Act, in respect of staying at home, in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the disease; or
 - (B) a gathering of persons, if each person at that gathering ordinarily resides at the same residential premises; or
 - (C) a gathering of persons at a residential premises, if the gathering consists of persons who ordinarily reside at the premises and no more than one other person who does not ordinarily reside at the premises if the other person is married to, or in a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003* with, a person who ordinarily resides at that premises; or
 - (D) a gathering of persons at a residential premises, if the gathering consists of persons under a single person agreement in accordance with a direction issued under the Act, in respect of staying at home, in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the disease; or
 - (E) a gathering of persons in an outdoor space of a premises, other than a residential premises, if the gathering is for the purpose of undertaking personal exercise and the gathering consists of persons –
 - (I) who ordinarily reside at the same residential premises; or
 - (II) who ordinarily reside at the same residential premises and no more than one other person who does not ordinarily reside at that premises; or
- (iv) **indoor space** means an area, room or premises that –
- (A) is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
 - (B) is not a lift, elevator or other similar space; and
- (v) **outdoor space** means a space that is not an indoor space; and
- (vi) **passenger ferry services** means a ferry service that operates predominantly for the carriage of passengers, whether to and from the same location or different locations, on a vessel; and
- (vii) **predominantly sell**, in relation to the sale of certain supplies at premises, means that 75% of all items available for sale at those premises are those supplies; and
- (viii) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and
- (ix) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
- (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands;
 - (L) Tasman; and
- (k) the direction, made by me on 16 October 2021 and entitled *Gatherings – lock down – No. 1*, is revoked.

Dated this 16th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

Schedule 1

1. All restaurants, cafes, dining room, canteens and other similar premises, unless –
 - (a) the premises are being used to provide food or drink, or both, to be consumed at a location other than the premises; or
 - (b) the premises are being used to provide food or drink, or both, to employees, contractors or students, within the premises and the food or drink is to be consumed at another location within the premises and each person at that location complies with paragraphs (f) and (g); or
 - (c) the premises are within a hospital, residential care home, child care centre, homeless accommodation, school, prison, defence barracks or detention centre and the food or drink is to be consumed by the residents of those organisations.
2. All premises where alcohol is sold for consumption at those premises (including pubs, registered and licensed clubs and hotels) other than such part of those premises lawfully operated –
 - (a) in relation to the sale of alcohol, wholly or predominantly to provide alcohol for consumption at a location other than the premises; or
 - (b) to provide alcohol, with food provided in accordance with item 1(a),
3. All –
 - (a) hotels, motels, serviced apartments, hostels, boarding houses or other similar premises; and
 - (b) bed and breakfasts or other similar premises; and
 - (c) premises used for short stay accommodation; and
 - (d) caravan parks, campsites, camping areas or other similar premises;
 except in relation to –
 - (e) workers, or contractors, employed or engaged in the operation of such premises; or
 - (f) current residents of such premises who consider the premises their primary residence; or
 - (g) current residents of such premises who predominantly reside at the premises while their principal residence is unavailable, whether it is unavailable on a permanent or temporary basis, including where the residence is unavailable due to a border closure, or travel restriction, preventing the resident from returning to the principal residence; or
 - (h) residents of such premises, who are residents –
 - (i) for the purposes of isolation or quarantine; or
 - (ii) while another person is using the resident's principal residence for isolation or quarantine; or
 - (i) residents of such premises who are residing at the premises due to the person being an essential traveller under the directions made by the Deputy State Controller under section 40 of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; or
 - (j) residents of such premises who are residing at the premises for the purpose of –
 - (i) employment, education or training; or
 - (ii) respite due to illness, disability or as recommended or approved by a medical practitioner; or
- (iii) for compassionate reasons, including where the person requires emergency accommodation due to an emergency, family violence, homelessness and end of life visitation and care.
4. All places of worship, religious gatherings, religious premises, and other similar premises, unless –
 - (a) those premises are being operated –
 - (i) to broadcast, by remote electronic means, a religious ceremony, where the total number of persons present does not exceed three persons; or
 - (ii) to perform a wedding, where –
 - (A) the total number of persons present at the wedding does not exceed five persons; and
 - (B) one of the parties getting married, or one of the parents of the parties getting married or one of the witnesses to the marriage, is receiving end of life care; or
 - (iii) to perform a funeral, where the total number of people present at the funeral does not exceed 10 persons, except for persons under the age of 12 months and the funeral director; and
 - (b) each person on the premises at the time complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
5. All cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, strip clubs, commercial sexual services businesses within the meaning of the *Sex Industry Offences Act 2005* and other similar premises.
6. All galleries, libraries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises.
7. All concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums and other similar premises, except where –
 - (a) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has authorised the use of the premises, while this direction is in force, for the purpose of a broadcast by remote electronic means; and
 - (b) the premises is used in accordance with that authorisation.
8. All amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds and other similar premises, regardless of whether the premises are an indoor space or an outdoor space.
9. All auction houses, including premises where auction items are available for inspection, other than premises used for the sale of livestock, food or other agricultural purposes.
10. All universities, TasTAFE within the meaning of the *Training and Workforce Development Act 2013*, and other tertiary institutions, other than to provide –
 - (a) scientific and medical research facilities used for critical experiments, labs and collections; or
 - (b) examinations or assessments.
11. All call centres, other than call centres that provide –
 - (a) support for essential government services; or
 - (b) health information or support in respect of health and mental health services; or

- (c) for the reporting of faults of essential services and utilities; or
 - (d) customer support in respect of necessary household goods and services.
12. All premises, or parts of premises, owned or operated by a council of a municipal area, other than those premises, or parts of premises, that provide essential voluntary, or public services, whether provided by the council or other charity organisation.
13. All community centres and facilities, neighbourhood houses, recreation centres, youth centres and other similar premises, except to provide essential voluntary, or public services, such as food banks and homelessness services.
14. All retail premises where goods and services are for sale or inspected for sale, other than –
- (a) a premises that is –
 - (i) a supermarket, grocery store, bakery, butcher, fishmonger, greengrocer; or
 - (ii) a post office; or
 - (iii) a newsagency; or
 - (iv) a bank, credit union or other financial institution; or
 - (v) a pharmacy that provide pharmaceuticals or pharmaceuticals or dispensing service; or
 - (vi) a laundry or dry cleaner; or
 - (vii) a safety supply store for work clothes and personal protective equipment; or
 - (viii) a premises that predominantly sells health, medical, maternity and infant supplies; or
 - (ix) a premises that predominantly sells cleaning and sanitation products; or
 - (x) a premises that predominantly sells office equipment and office products for persons working from home and businesses; or
 - (xi) a petrol or electric vehicle charging station; or
 - (xii) a premises that predominantly sells pet supplies; or
 - (xiii) a hardware, landscape and building supplies store, but only in respect of the sale of those hardware supplies to tradespeople and businesses to supply essential commercial trade, agricultural uses, and food production, or for time critical residential repairs to ensure that the necessities of life are maintained, including the sale of firewood; or
 - (xiv) a premises that predominantly sells agricultural and livestock supplies and equipment; or
 - (xv) a retail premises that is solely being operated for online and phone ordering and collection, including delivery services, in respect of urgent household supplies that are used to ensure that the necessities of life are maintained; or
 - (b) each person in that part of the premises complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
15. All premises, other than newsagencies, where racing, gaming or gambling services are provided, including premises where training takes place, except –
- (a) to care for, or provide treatment to, animals on the premise; or
 - (b) in the case of premises where racing services are provided, to train animals if the only persons present on the premises at the time the training occurs are –
 - (i) necessary to assist in the training of the animal; or
 - (ii) otherwise lawfully permitted to be on the premises.
16. All spas, float spas and massage parlours and other similar premises.
17. All indoor and outdoor swimming pools, gymnasiums, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres (including yoga and barre premises), indoor and outdoor venues used for sport or fitness, golf courses, saunas, bath houses and other similar premises or venues, other than such part of the premises or venue used to provide physical rehabilitation services if –
- (a) the rehabilitation services are provided by, or under the direction of –
 - (i) a registered health practitioner within the meaning of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania)*; or
 - (ii) a person who holds accreditation, as an accredited exercise physiologist, with Exercise and Sports Science Australia Ltd (ABN 14 053 849 460); and
 - (b) each person in that part of the premises complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
18. All zoos, wildlife centres, animal parks, petting zoos, aquariums, marine parks or similar premises, except –
- (a) in relation to operators, or workers or contractors, employed or engaged in the care or treatment of animals at the facility, performing an animal rescue function or the general operation of such premises; or
 - (b) for the purposes of producing food or stock.

Schedule 2

1. Subject to item 2 in this Schedule, the provision of religious gatherings, religious ceremonies, religious instruction, non-denominational ceremonies and other similar services and ceremonies, unless those premises are being operated to broadcast, by remote electronic means, a religious ceremony, where the total number of persons present does not exceed three persons.
2. The provision of wedding and funeral ceremonies and services, except where –
 - (a) in the case of a wedding –
 - (i) the total number of persons present does not exceed five persons; and
 - (ii) one of the parties getting married, or one of the parents of the parties getting married or one of the witnesses to the marriage, is receiving end of life care; and
 - (iii) each person present complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g); or
 - (b) in the case of a funeral –
 - (i) the total number of persons present does not exceed 10 persons, except for persons under the age of 12 months and the funeral director; and
 - (ii) each person present complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).

3. The provision of beauty therapy, hairdressing, tanning, waxing, manicure or other nail treatments, tattoos, ear and body piercing, body modification and other similar services.
 4. The provision of real estate auctions, open home inspections or other similar services and property inspections or other similar services, except for the provision of essential real estate services.
 5. The provision of medical or health services, other than –
 - (a) health services provided in a hospital or day-procedure centre; or
 - (b) health services provided by a general practitioner or specialist medical practitioner; or
 - (c) diagnostic services, other than routine screening services; or
 - (d) procedures and surgical treatments undertaken by dentists, in private and public health care centres, that are consistent with Level 4 COVID-19 Dental Service Restrictions published by the Australian Dental Association; or
 - (e) IVF treatment if the patient has commenced the treatment before the commencement of this direction; or
 - (f) any procedure required for the preservation of eggs for future IVF where a delay in receiving the required health treatment will render eggs non-viable; or
 - (g) drug and alcohol services; or
 - (h) students on placement providing essential care in hospitals, day procedure centres, health facilities or through telehealth; or
 - (i) the collection of blood, or plasma, at blood donation centres; or
 - (j) the conduct of human medical research trials; or
 - (k) the following allied health services:
 - (i) allied health services, provided by allied health professionals providing essential care to newborns or at-risk babies and children;
 - (ii) allied health services in the aged care or disability sector;
 - (iii) allied health services for relief of pain;
 - (iv) allied health services provided by allied health professionals working in private practice providing care through telehealth and other virtual care options;
 - (v) allied health services provided by the following allied health professionals –
 - (A) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health practitioner;
 - (B) art therapist;
 - (C) audiologist;
 - (D) Chinese medicine practitioner;
 - (E) chiropractor;
 - (F) counsellor holding a Master of Counselling, or equivalent, from a tertiary institution;
 - (G) dietician;
 - (H) exercise physiologist;
 - (I) genetic counsellor;
 - (J) music therapist;
 - (K) occupational therapist;
 - (L) optometrist;
 - (M) orthoptist;
 - (N) orthotist;
 - (O) osteopath;
 - (P) perfusionist;
 - (Q) pharmacist;
 - (R) physiotherapist;
 - (S) podiatrist;
 - (T) prosthetist;
 - (U) psychologist;
 - (V) rehabilitation counsellor;
 - (W) social worker;
 - (X) sonographer;
 - (Y) speech pathology; or
 - (l) the following mental health services:
 - (i) hospital emergency or inpatient psychiatric services;
 - (ii) allied health professionals providing mental health services in hospital;
 - (iii) private consultant psychiatry practice by –
 - (A) telehealth; or
 - (B) face-to-face, if telehealth is not clinically appropriate due to the need for emergency clinical care or for potentially life-threatening situations;
 - (iv) allied health professionals providing mental health services in community settings by –
 - (A) telehealth; or
 - (B) face-to-face, if telehealth is not clinically appropriate due to the need for emergency clinical care or for potentially life-threatening situations.
6. The provision of retail services, other than –
 - (a) contactless collection or contactless delivery of orders in respect of retail premises operating in accordance with Schedule 1; or
 - (b) laundry and dry cleaning services; or
 - (c) commercial cleaning services; or
 - (d) bicycle, vehicle and mechanical repair services; or
 - (e) electrical, IT and phone sales, repair and maintenance services; or
 - (f) locksmith services; or
 - (g) vehicle and equipment hire.
7. Tourism activities, and services, including cruises and tours.
8. The provision of markets, whether held in an indoor space or an outdoor space, except where –
 - (a) the market is only for the provision of fresh food, or produce, that is to be consumed at other locations or premises; and
 - (b) each person present, while the market is being provided, complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).

9. The provision of garage sales, or other selling of second hand goods, at any premises.
10. The provision of door to door sales and services, whether for consideration or otherwise.
11. The provision of services to a person by a sex worker, within the meaning of the *Sex Industry Offences Act 2005*, excluding any activity where there is no form of direct physical contact between two or more persons who reside at different residential premises.
12. The provision of services provided in respect of animals, other than veterinary services, within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*, essential animal husbandry and animal rescue services.
13. The provision of horticulture and gardening services, except where –
- the work is necessary for safety purposes; and
 - only the minimum number of persons are present on a premises to safely undertake the work.
14. The provision of construction services at construction sites, except where –
- the work is urgently required for one or more of the following reasons:
 - to ensure the safety or security of the construction site;
 - to deal with environmental risks;
 - to maintain and ensure the integrity of critical plant, equipment or assets, including partially completed works, that would otherwise deteriorate;
 - to receive deliveries of supplies that would otherwise deteriorate;
 - to maintain public utilities;
 - to ensure the safe operation of existing transport infrastructure;
 - in order to manage the threat of the spread of the disease; and
 - in an emergency.
15. The provision of education or instructional services, including launch into learning and pre-kinder services, driving schools, flight schools, adult education and training, professional development and other like services, other than –
- where the services are required to support a gathering on, or at, premises under paragraph (e); or
 - services that can be provided through remote electronic means.
- each person who provides a service in the southern region of Tasmania specified in Schedule 2 must not provide the service in the southern region of Tasmania unless authorised under this direction; and
 - subject to paragraphs (e) and (f), a person must not –
 - organise a gathering on premises in the southern region of Tasmania; or
 - attend a gathering on premises in the southern region of Tasmania; and
 - paragraph (c) applies to all gatherings not specified in paragraph (e), regardless of whether the gathering –
 - occurs with formal or informal arrangements; or
 - occurs on public, commercial, retail or residential premises; and
 - paragraphs (c) and (g) do not apply to a gathering on, or at, the following premises if the gathering is necessary for the normal operations of the premises:
 - airports and other premises used for the purposes of, or related to, public or commercial transportation;
 - large passenger vehicles operated as a regular passenger service within the meaning of the *Passenger Transport Services Act 2011*;
 - passenger ferry services;
 - ferry services or vessel services, operated between mainland Australia, Tasmania or one or more islands, and each of the following is complied with in respect of each ferry or vessel operated by the service:
 - the ferry or vessel, and each premises on the ferry or vessel, complies with paragraphs (a) and (b);
 - each person on the ferry or vessel complies with paragraph (f) while the person is on the ferry or vessel;
 - each person on the ferry or vessel complies with paragraph (g) other than in accommodation in a fully enclosed space, such as a cabin, where the person has paid to sleep while on the ferry or vessel;
 - medical or health service facilities;
 - premises used for the purposes of, and in relation to, emergency services;
 - disability facilities or aged care facilities;
 - premises being used to provide essential voluntary, or public, services and support such as food banks or homelessness services;
 - prisons, correctional facilities, detention centres or other places where persons are lawfully held in custody;
 - courts or tribunals;
 - Parliament;
 - construction sites where the work is urgently required that is being undertaken in accordance with Schedule 2;
 - premises that are predominantly used for primary production activities, within the meaning of the *Primary Produce Safety Act 2011*, forestry, or mining and mineral processing if all of the persons present on the premises –
 - are employed or engaged by the owner or operator of the premises; and

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(Gatherings – lock down – No. 3)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- in relation to a premises in the southern region of Tasmania specified in Schedule 1 while the premises is used for its normal day-to-day operations, a person who owns or operates the premises must not open or operate the premises, including each outdoor space operated as part of the premises, unless authorised under this direction; and

- (B) are on the premises for the purposes of that employment or engagement;
- (xiv) premises that provide for the generation, transmission, distribution or retail of electricity or gas;
- (xv) premises that provide water services or sewerage services within the meaning of the *Water and Sewerage Industry Act 2009*;
- (xvi) schools that provide kindergarten, primary education or secondary education, within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016*;
- (xvii) child care centres, within the meaning of the *Child Care Act 2001*, if the gathering does not involve members of the community other than –
 - (A) persons employed or engaged by the child care provider and the children attending care; or
 - (B) parents or persons responsible for children attending the child care centre for the purpose of dropping off a child enrolled at the centre, or collecting a child enrolled in the centre;
- (xviii) an indoor space or outdoor space of premises that are primarily being used for the purposes of transiting through the space;
- (xix) veterinary establishments within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*;
- (xx) boats or pontoons used for commercial purposes if all of the occupants on the boat or pontoon are employed or engaged by the owner of the boat or pontoon and are on the boat or pontoon for the purposes of that employment or engagement;
- (xxi) other premises, if the gathering at those premises occurs in accordance with a written exemption of the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (f) where practicable, each person on a premises must maintain a distance of no less than 1.5 metres between the person and any other person; and
- (g) a person who owns or operates a premises in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure, in any gathering on the premises, that the total number of persons present in any single undivided space of the premises, at the same time, does not exceed the number calculated by dividing the total area of the usable space, as measured in square metres, by 4; and
- (h) this direction does not prevent a person from entering, and remaining on, a premises that is not permitted to open, or operate, under this direction if the person is entering, and remaining on, the premises for the purposes of performing time-critical essential maintenance, or security inspections in order to ensure the structural integrity of, or to prevent significant damage to, a building or essential structure on the premises or another premises; and
- (i) this direction does not apply to –
 - (i) premises that are private vehicles, private aircrafts and private vessels; and
 - (ii) gatherings on premises as a result of an emergency on the premises; and
- (j) in this direction –
 - (i) **day-procedure centre** means an establishment within the meaning of the *Health Service Establishments Act 2006*; and
 - (ii) **essential real estate services** includes a final inspection of real estate, or an end-of-lease or property settlement, for the purpose of a prospective sale or rental of the property that cannot be deferred; and
 - (iii) **gathering** does not include –
 - (A) a gathering of persons that may lawfully occur in accordance with a direction issued under the Act, in respect of staying at home, in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the disease; or
 - (B) a gathering of persons, if each person at that gathering ordinarily resides at the same residential premises; or
 - (C) a gathering of persons at a residential premises, if the gathering consists of persons who ordinarily reside at the premises and no more than one other person who does not ordinarily reside at the premises if the other person is married to, or in a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003* with, a person who ordinarily resides at that premises; or
 - (D) a gathering of persons at a residential premises, if the gathering consists of persons under a single person agreement in accordance with a direction issued under the Act, in respect of staying at home, in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the disease; or
 - (E) a gathering of persons in an outdoor space of a premises, other than a residential premises, if the gathering is for the purpose of undertaking personal exercise and the gathering consists of persons –
 - (I) who ordinarily reside at the same residential premises; or
 - (II) who ordinarily reside at the same residential premises and no more than one other person who does not ordinarily reside at that premises; or
 - (F) a gathering of persons for the purpose of facilitating shared custody arrangements, guardianship or other care arrangements; or
 - (G) a gathering of persons at a premises for the purpose of delivering an item to, or removing an item from, the premises; or
 - (H) a gathering of persons at a premises for the purpose of delivering medical, health, emergency or urgent legal services, or end of life support, to a person at the premises; and
 - (iv) **indoor space** means an area, room or premises that –
 - (A) is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
 - (B) is not a lift, elevator or other similar space; and
 - (v) **outdoor space** means a space that is not an indoor space; and

- (vi) **passenger ferry services** means a ferry service that operates predominantly for the carriage of passengers, whether to and from the same location or different locations, on a vessel; and
- (vii) **predominantly sell**, in relation to the sale of certain supplies at premises, means that 75% of all items available for sale at those premises are those supplies; and
- (viii) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and
- (ix) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands;
 - (L) Tasman; and
- (k) the direction, made by me on 16 October 2021 and entitled *Gatherings – lock down – No. 2*, is revoked.

Dated this 17th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

Schedule 1

1. All restaurants, cafes, dining room, canteens and other similar premises, unless –
 - (a) the premises are being used to provide food or drink, or both, to be consumed at a location other than the premises; or
 - (b) the premises are being used to provide food or drink, or both, to employees, contractors or students, within the premises and the food or drink is to be consumed at another location within the premises and each person at that location complies with paragraphs (f) and (g); or
 - (c) the premises are within a hospital, residential care home, child care centre, homeless accommodation, school, prison, defence barracks or detention centre and the food or drink is to be consumed by the residents of those organisations.
2. All premises where alcohol is sold for consumption at those premises (including pubs, registered and licensed clubs and hotels) other than such part of those premises lawfully operated –
 - (a) in relation to the sale of alcohol, wholly or predominantly to provide alcohol for consumption at a location other than the premises; or
 - (b) to provide alcohol, with food provided in accordance with item 1(a),
3. All –
 - (a) hotels, motels, serviced apartments, hostels, boarding houses or other similar premises; and
 - (b) bed and breakfasts or other similar premises; and
 - (c) premises used for short stay accommodation; and
 - (d) caravan parks, campsites, camping areas or other similar premises;
 except in relation to –
 - (e) workers, or contractors, employed or engaged in the operation of such premises; or
 - (f) current residents of such premises who consider the premises their primary residence; or
 - (g) current residents of such premises who predominantly reside at the premises while their principal residence is unavailable, whether it is unavailable on a permanent or temporary basis, including where the residence is unavailable due to a border closure, or travel restriction, preventing the resident from returning to the principal residence; or
 - (h) residents of such premises, who are residents –
 - (i) for the purposes of isolation or quarantine; or
 - (ii) while another person is using the resident's principal residence for isolation or quarantine; or
 - (i) residents of such premises who are residing at the premises due to the person being an essential traveller under the directions made by the Deputy State Controller under section 40 of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; or
 - (j) residents of such premises who are residing at the premises for the purpose of –
 - (i) employment, education or training; or
 - (ii) respite due to illness, disability or as recommended or approved by a medical practitioner; or
 - (iii) for compassionate reasons, including where the person requires emergency accommodation due to an emergency, family violence, homelessness and end of life visitation and care.
4. All places of worship, religious gatherings, religious premises, and other similar premises, unless –
 - (a) those premises are being operated –
 - (i) to broadcast, by remote electronic means, a religious ceremony, where the total number of persons present does not exceed three persons; or
 - (ii) to perform a wedding, where –
 - (A) the total number of persons present at the wedding does not exceed five persons; and
 - (B) one of the parties getting married, or one of the parents of the parties getting married or one of the witnesses to the marriage, is receiving end of life care; or
 - (iii) to perform a funeral, where the total number of people present at the funeral does not exceed 10 persons, except for persons under the age of 12 months and the funeral director; and
 - (b) each person on the premises at the time complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).

5. All cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, strip clubs, commercial sexual services businesses within the meaning of the *Sex Industry Offences Act 2005* and other similar premises.
6. All galleries, libraries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises.
7. All concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums and other similar premises, except where –
 - (a) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has authorised the use of the premises, while this direction is in force, for the purpose of a broadcast by remote electronic means; and
 - (b) the premises is used in accordance with that authorisation.
8. All amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds and other similar premises, regardless of whether the premises are an indoor space or an outdoor space.
9. All auction houses, including premises where auction items are available for inspection, other than premises used for the sale of livestock, food or other agricultural purposes.
10. All universities, TasTAFE within the meaning of the *Training and Workforce Development Act 2013*, and other tertiary institutions, other than to provide –
 - (a) scientific and medical research facilities used for critical experiments, labs and collections; or
 - (b) examinations or assessments.
11. All call centres, other than call centres that provide –
 - (a) support for essential government services; or
 - (b) health information or support in respect of health and mental health services; or
 - (c) for the reporting of faults of essential services and utilities; or
 - (d) customer support in respect of necessary household goods and services.
12. All premises, or parts of premises, owned or operated by a council of a municipal area, other than those premises, or parts of premises, that provide essential voluntary, or public services, whether provided by the council or other charity organisation.
13. All community centres and facilities, neighbourhood houses, recreation centres, youth centres and other similar premises, except to provide essential voluntary, or public services, such as food banks and homelessness services.
14. All retail premises where goods and services are for sale or inspected for sale, other than –
 - (a) a premises that is –
 - (i) a supermarket, grocery store, bakery, butcher, fishmonger, greengrocer; or
 - (ii) a post office; or
 - (iii) a newsagency; or
 - (iv) a bank, credit union or other financial institution; or
 - (v) a pharmacy that provide pharmaceuticals or pharmaceuticals or dispensing service; or
 - (vi) a laundry or dry cleaner; or
 - (vii) a safety supply store for work clothes and personal protective equipment; or
 - (viii) a premises that predominantly sells health, medical, maternity and infant supplies; or
 - (ix) a premises that predominantly sells cleaning and sanitation products; or
 - (x) a premises that predominantly sells office equipment and office products for persons working from home and businesses; or
 - (xi) a petrol or electric vehicle charging station; or
 - (xii) a premises that predominantly sells pet supplies; or
 - (xiii) a hardware, landscape and building supplies store, but only in respect of the sale of those hardware supplies to tradespeople and businesses to supply essential commercial trade, agricultural uses, and food production, or for time critical residential repairs to ensure that the necessities of life are maintained, including the sale of firewood; or
 - (xiv) a premises that predominantly sells agricultural and livestock supplies and equipment; or
 - (xv) a retail premises that is solely being operated for online and phone ordering and collection, including delivery services, in respect of urgent household supplies that are used to ensure that the necessities of life are maintained; or
15. All premises, other than newsagencies, where racing, gaming or gambling services are provided, including premises where training takes place, except –
 - (a) to care for, or provide treatment to, animals on the premise; or
 - (b) in the case of premises where racing services are provided, to train animals if the only persons present on the premises at the time the training occurs are –
 - (i) necessary to assist in the training of the animal; or
 - (ii) otherwise lawfully permitted to be on the premises.
16. All spas, float spas and massage parlours and other similar premises.
17. All indoor and outdoor swimming pools, gymnasiums, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres (including yoga and barre premises), indoor and outdoor venues used for sport or fitness, golf courses, saunas, bath houses and other similar premises or venues, other than such part of the premises or venue used to provide physical rehabilitation services if –
 - (a) the rehabilitation services are provided by, or under the direction of –
 - (i) a registered health practitioner within the meaning of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania)*; or
 - (ii) a person who holds accreditation, as an accredited exercise physiologist, with Exercise and Sports Science Australia Ltd (ABN 14 053 849 460); and
 - (b) each person in that part of the premises complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).

18. All zoos, wildlife centres, animal parks, petting zoos, aquariums, marine parks or similar premises, except –
- (a) in relation to operators, or workers or contractors, employed or engaged in the care or treatment of animals at the facility, performing an animal rescue function or the general operation of such premises; or
 - (b) for the purposes of producing food or stock.

Schedule 2

1. Subject to item 2 in this Schedule, the provision of religious gatherings, religious ceremonies, religious instruction, non-denominational ceremonies and other similar services and ceremonies, unless those premises are being operated to broadcast, by remote electronic means, a religious ceremony, where the total number of persons present does not exceed three persons.
2. The provision of wedding and funeral ceremonies and services, except where –
 - (a) in the case of a wedding –
 - (i) the total number of persons present does not exceed five persons; and
 - (ii) one of the parties getting married, or one of the parents of the parties getting married or one of the witnesses to the marriage, is receiving end of life care; and
 - (iii) each person present complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g); or
 - (b) in the case of a funeral –
 - (i) the total number of persons present does not exceed 10 persons, except for persons under the age of 12 months and the funeral director; and
 - (ii) each person present complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
3. The provision of beauty therapy, hairdressing, tanning, waxing, manicure or other nail treatments, tattoos, ear and body piercing, body modification and other similar services.
4. The provision of real estate auctions, open home inspections or other similar services and property inspections or other similar services, except for the provision of essential real estate services.
5. The provision of medical or health services, other than –
 - (a) health services provided in a hospital or day-procedure centre; or
 - (b) health services provided by a general practitioner or specialist medical practitioner; or
 - (c) diagnostic services, other than routine screening services; or
 - (d) procedures and surgical treatments undertaken by dentists, in private and public health care centres, that are consistent with Level 2 COVID-19 Dental Service Restrictions published by the Australian Dental Association; or
 - (e) IVF treatment if the patient has commenced the treatment before the commencement of this direction; or
 - (f) any procedure required for the preservation of eggs for future IVF where a delay in receiving the required health treatment will render eggs non-viable; or
 - (g) drug and alcohol services; or

- (h) students on placement providing essential care in hospitals, day procedure centres, health facilities or through telehealth; or
- (i) the collection of blood, or plasma, at blood donation centres; or
- (j) the conduct of human medical research trials; or
- (k) the following allied health services:
 - (i) allied health services, provided by allied health professionals providing essential care to newborns or at-risk babies and children;
 - (ii) allied health services in the aged care or disability sector;
 - (iii) allied health services for relief of pain;
 - (iv) allied health services provided by allied health professionals working in private practice providing care through telehealth and other virtual care options;
 - (v) allied health services provided by the following allied health professionals –
 - (A) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health practitioner;
 - (B) art therapist;
 - (C) audiologist;
 - (D) Chinese medicine practitioner;
 - (E) chiropractor;
 - (F) counsellor holding a Master of Counselling, or equivalent, from a tertiary institution;
 - (G) dietician;
 - (H) exercise physiologist;
 - (I) genetic counsellor;
 - (J) music therapist;
 - (K) occupational therapist;
 - (L) optometrist;
 - (M) orthoptist;
 - (N) orthotist;
 - (O) osteopath;
 - (P) perfusionist;
 - (Q) pharmacist;
 - (R) physiotherapist;
 - (S) podiatrist;
 - (T) prosthetist;
 - (U) psychologist;
 - (V) rehabilitation counsellor;
 - (W) social worker;
 - (X) sonographer;
 - (Y) speech pathology; or
- (l) the following mental health services:
 - (i) hospital emergency or inpatient psychiatric services;
 - (ii) allied health professionals providing mental health services in hospital;
 - (iii) private consultant psychiatry practice by –
 - (A) telehealth; or

- (B) face-to-face, if telehealth is not clinically appropriate due to the need for emergency clinical care or for potentially life-threatening situations;
- (iv) allied health professionals providing mental health services in community settings by –
- (A) telehealth; or
- (B) face-to-face, if telehealth is not clinically appropriate due to the need for emergency clinical care or for potentially life-threatening situations.
6. The provision of retail services, other than –
- (a) contactless collection or contactless delivery of orders in respect of retail premises operating in accordance with Schedule 1; or
- (b) laundry and dry cleaning services; or
- (c) commercial cleaning services; or
- (d) bicycle, vehicle and mechanical repair services; or
- (e) electrical, IT and phone sales, repair and maintenance services; or
- (f) locksmith services; or
- (g) vehicle and equipment hire.
7. Tourism activities, and services, including cruises and tours.
8. The provision of markets, whether held in an indoor space or an outdoor space, except where –
- (a) the market is only for the provision of fresh food, or produce, that is to be consumed at other locations or premises; and
- (b) each person present, while the market is being provided, complies with the requirements of paragraphs (f) and (g).
9. The provision of garage sales, or other selling of second hand goods, at any premises.
10. The provision of door to door sales and services, whether for consideration or otherwise.
11. The provision of services to a person by a sex worker, within the meaning of the *Sex Industry Offences Act 2005*, excluding any activity where there is no form of direct physical contact between two or more persons who reside at different residential premises.
12. The provision of services provided in respect of animals, other than veterinary services, within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1987*, essential animal husbandry and animal rescue services.
13. The provision of horticulture and gardening services, except where –
- (a) the work is necessary for safety purposes; and
- (b) only the minimum number of persons are present on a premises to safely undertake the work.
14. The provision of construction services at construction sites, except where –
- (a) the work is urgently required for one or more of the following reasons:
- (i) to ensure the safety or security of the construction site;
- (ii) to deal with environmental risks;
- (iii) to maintain and ensure the integrity of critical plant, equipment or assets, including partially completed works, that would otherwise deteriorate;
- (iv) to receive deliveries of supplies that would otherwise deteriorate;
- (v) to maintain public utilities;
- (vi) to ensure the safe operation of existing transport infrastructure;
- (vii) in order to manage the threat of the spread of the disease; and
- (viii) in an emergency.
15. The provision of education or instructional services, including launch into learning and pre-kinder services, driving schools, flight schools, adult education and training, professional development and other like services, other than –
- (a) where the services are required to support a gathering on, or at, premises under paragraph (e); or
- (b) services that can be provided through remote electronic means.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16
(Hospitals – No. 10)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* (“the Act”), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 (“the disease”), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), a person must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a hospital in the southern region of Tasmania unless –
- (i) the person is seeking, or receiving, medical care or treatment at the hospital; or
- (ii) the person is –
- (A) an employee or contractor of the hospital; or
- (B) a student undertaking a clinical placement at the hospital; or
- (iii) the person’s presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing goods or services that are necessary for the effective operation of the hospital, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
- (iv) the person’s presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing health, medical or pharmaceutical goods or services to a patient at the hospital, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
- (v) the person is a parent, or guardian, of a dependent child who is a patient at the hospital; or
- (vi) the person is a guardian, within the meaning of the *Guardianship and Administration Act 1995*, of a patient at the hospital; or
- (vii) the person is entering, or remaining on, the premises to lawfully provide one or more of the following types of assistance to a patient, if the assistance is necessary while the patient is entering, or on, the premises:
- (A) physical assistance;
- (B) assistance with communication or comprehension;
- (C) assistance with any legal or administrative requirements; or

- (viii) the person is the support person for a patient at the hospital who is a patient due to the birth of, or the likely birth of, a child; or
- (ix) the person's presence at the premises is for the purposes of end of life support for a patient at the hospital; or
- (x) the person's presence at the premises is required for the purposes of emergency management or law enforcement; or
- (xi) the person is visiting a patient and the person is –
 - (A) a key support person for the patient who has a diagnosed medical condition; and
 - (B) present at the premises for the purpose of providing essential support to the patient by reducing distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of that patient as a result of the medical condition; and
- (b) despite paragraph (a), a person referred to in paragraph (a)(ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x) or (xi) must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a hospital if –
 - (i) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person arrived in Tasmania from a place outside of Tasmania that is a medium risk area or premises, or a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; or
 - (ii) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person had known contact with a person who –
 - (A) has been diagnosed with the disease; or
 - (B) is reasonably suspected of having the disease; or
 - (iii) the person has one or more clinical symptoms of the disease; or
 - (iv) the person is required to be in isolation or quarantine, in respect of the disease, under the Act or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
- (c) paragraph (b)(i), (ii) or (iv) does not apply in respect of a person if –
 - (i) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, is satisfied that the person is entering in, or remaining on, the premises of the hospital for the purpose of end of life support for the patient; and
 - (ii) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has authorised the person to enter, or remain on, those premises for those purposes; and
 - (iii) in addition to any other legal requirements under the Act, the person complies with any additional requirements imposed on the person by the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, to ensure the safety of the person, the staff of the hospital and the patients of the hospital; and
- (d) paragraph (b) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a hospital for the purposes of providing emergency medical treatment (including transport), emergency management or law enforcement services; and
- (e) paragraph (b)(i) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a hospital if –
 - (i) the person has been permitted to enter Tasmania under a direction under the *Emergency Management Act 2006* for the purpose of –
 - (A) providing health services in Tasmania; or
 - (B) transporting patients, organs or tissues into, or out of, Tasmania; or
 - (ii) the person –
 - (A) is entering the premises of the hospital for a purpose specified in paragraph (a)(ii); and
 - (B) subject to paragraphs (j) and (k), wears a fitted face covering while he or she remains on the premises of the hospital; and
 - (C) if required to wear a fitted face covering under sub-subparagraph (B), must carry a fitted face covering while he or she remains on the premises of a hospital; and
- (f) paragraph (b)(ii) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a hospital if –
 - (i) the known contact with another person, diagnosed with the disease or reasonably suspected of having the disease, occurred as part of the person's employment; and
 - (ii) the person was wearing PPE consistent with, or at the level required by, the National Guidelines for public health units developed by the Communicable Diseases Network Australia in respect of the disease; and
 - (iii) there was no breach to the PPE during that contact with the other person; and
- (g) the operator of a hospital in the southern region of Tasmania must take all reasonable steps to ensure that a person does not enter, or remain on, the premises of the hospital if the person is prohibited from doing so under paragraph (a) or (b); and
- (h) the operator of a hospital in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure that all persons who enter, or remain, on the premises of the hospital have been screened, as directed by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate, before the persons so enters, or remains, on the premises; and
 - (i) on any single day, no more than one person is permitted, in respect of a patient at a hospital, to remain on the premises of the hospital for a purpose specified in paragraph (a)(v), (vi) or (vii) in respect of the patient; and
- (j) paragraph (e)(ii)(B) does not apply in respect of the following persons:
 - (i) a person who –
 - (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner, within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority; or
 - (ii) a person who –
 - (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (e)(ii)(B) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority; and

- (k) paragraph (e)(ii)(B) does not apply in the following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:
- (i) the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
 - (ii) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
 - (iii) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
 - (iv) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
 - (v) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
 - (vi) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
 - (vii) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
 - (viii) an emergency where it is not practicable or safe to wear the fitted face covering;
 - (ix) the person is working or studying in an indoor or outdoor space where there are no other persons present;
 - (x) such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (e)(ii)(B), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (l) in this direction –
- (i) **clinical symptoms of the disease** means the following symptoms:
 - (A) a temperature of 37.5°C or more;
 - (B) night sweats;
 - (C) chills;
 - (D) coughing;
 - (E) shortness of breath;
 - (F) sore throat;
 - (G) loss of taste;
 - (H) loss of smell; and
 - (ii) **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
 - (iii) **hospital** includes the following, within the meaning of the *Health Service Establishments Act 2006*:
 - (A) public hospitals;
 - (B) private hospitals;
 - (C) day-procedure centres; and
 - (iv) **key support person**, in relation to a patient at the hospital with a diagnosed medical condition, means a person who has been identified, by the hospital, as a person who has the ability to reduce distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of that patient as a result of the medical condition;
 - (v) **operator**, of a hospital, means a person who owns, controls or operates the hospital; and
 - (vi) **patient**, at a hospital, includes a person seeking medical care or treatment at the hospital whether or not the person is admitted to the hospital for that care or treatment; and
 - (i) **person in authority**, in relation to a hospital, includes –
 - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
 - (B) an authorised officer within the meaning of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
 - (C) a person nominated by the operator of the hospital as a person in authority for the purposes of this direction; and
 - (vii) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993* –
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands; and
 - (L) Tasman.
 - (viii) **support person**, in relation to a patient, means one person who is nominated by the patient as the support person for that patient; and
 - (m) at 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021, the direction, given by me on 15 August 2021 and entitled *Hospitals – No. 9*, is revoked; and
 - (n) this direction expires at 6.00 pm on 22 October 2021.

Dated this 18th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(*Southern region additional aged care restrictions – No. 2*)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* (“the Act”), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 (“the disease”), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 15 October 2021 to 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), a person must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania unless –
 - (i) the person is a resident, or is a prospective resident, of the residential aged care facility;
 - (ii) the person is an employee or contractor of the residential aged care facility; or
 - (iii) the person’s presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing goods or services in respect of the residential aged care facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or

- (iv) the person's presence at the premises is for the purposes of providing goods or services to a resident of the residential aged care facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
 - (v) the person's presence at the premises is for the purposes of end of life support for a resident of the residential aged care facility; or
 - (vi) the person –
 - (A) is a key support person for a resident of the residential aged care facility who has a diagnosed medical condition; and
 - (B) is present at the premises at the request of the operator of the residential aged care facility and for the purpose of providing essential support to the resident by reducing distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of the resident as a result of the medical condition; or
 - (vii) the person's presence at the premises is required for the purposes of emergency management or law enforcement; and
- (b) despite paragraph (a), a person referred to in paragraph (a)(ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi) or (vii) must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania if –
- (i) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person arrived in Tasmania from a place outside of Tasmania that is a medium risk area or premises, or a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; or
 - (ii) during the 14-day period immediately preceding the entry, the person had known contact with a person who –
 - (A) has been diagnosed with the disease; or
 - (B) is reasonably suspected of having the disease; or
 - (iii) the person has one or more clinical symptoms of the disease; or
 - (iv) the person is required to be in isolation or quarantine, in respect of the disease, under the Act or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
- (c) paragraph (b) does not apply in respect of a person if –
- (i) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, is satisfied that the person is entering, or remaining on, the premises of the residential aged care facility for the purpose of providing end of life support for a resident; and
 - (ii) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has authorised the person to enter, or remain on, those premises for that purpose; and
 - (iii) in addition to any other legal requirements under the Act, the person complies with any additional requirements imposed on the person by the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, to ensure the safety of the person, the staff of the residential aged care facility and the residents at the residential aged care facility; and
- (d) paragraphs (b) and (i) do not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a residential aged care facility for the purposes of providing emergency medical treatment (including transport), emergency management or law enforcement services; and
- (e) paragraph (b)(ii) does not apply in respect of a person entering the premises of a residential aged care facility if –
- (i) the known contact with another person, diagnosed with the disease or reasonably suspected of having the disease, occurred as part of the person's employment; and
 - (ii) the person was wearing PPE consistent with, or at the level required by, the National Guidelines for public health units developed by the Communicable Diseases Network Australia in respect of the disease; and
 - (iii) there was no breach to the PPE during that contact with the other person; and
- (f) the operator of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania must take all reasonable steps to ensure that a person does not enter, or remain on, the premises of the residential aged care facility if the person is prohibited from doing so under paragraph (a) or (b); and
- (g) for the avoidance of doubt, paragraphs (b) and (f) do not prevent a person who is a resident of a residential aged care facility from leaving, and returning to, the premises of the residential aged care facility; and
- (h) the operator of a residential aged care facility in the southern region of Tasmania must ensure that all persons who enter, or remain on, the premises of the residential aged care facility have been screened, as directed by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate from time to time, before the person so enters, or remains on, the premises; and
- (i) a person who enters, or remains on, the premises of a residential aged care facility must wear a fitted face covering while the person remains on the premises of that facility; and
- (j) paragraph (i) does not apply in respect of the following persons:
- (i) a resident of a residential aged care facility, while he or she is on the premises of that facility;
 - (ii) a child who has not attained the age of 12 years;
 - (iii) a person who –
 - (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner, within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority;
- (iv) a person who –
- (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (j) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
 - (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority; and
- (k) paragraph (i) does not apply to a person in the following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:

- (i) the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
 - (ii) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
 - (iii) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
 - (iv) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
 - (v) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
 - (vi) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
 - (vii) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
 - (viii) an emergency where it is not practicable or safe to wear the fitted face covering;
 - (ix) such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (j), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (l) a person required to wear a fitted face covering under paragraph (i), other than a person to whom paragraph (j) applies, must carry a fitted face covering while he or she remains on the premises of a residential aged care facility; and
- (m) this direction is in addition to, and not in place of, any other direction in force under the Act in respect of residential aged care facilities in Tasmania; and
- (n) in this direction –
- (i) **clinical symptoms of the disease** means the following symptoms:
 - (A) a temperature of 37.5°C or more;
 - (B) night sweats;
 - (C) chills;
 - (D) coughing;
 - (E) shortness of breath;
 - (F) sore throat;
 - (G) loss of taste;
 - (H) loss of smell; and
 - (ii) **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
 - (iii) **flexible care subsidy** has the same meaning as in the *Aged Care Act 1997* of the Commonwealth; and
 - (iv) **key support person**, in relation to a resident of a residential aged care facility with a diagnosed medical condition, means a person who has been identified, by the operator of that facility, as a person who has the ability to reduce distress or confusion that has occurred in respect of the resident as a result of the medical condition;
 - (v) **operator**, of a residential aged care facility, means a person who owns, controls or operates the residential aged care facility; and
 - (vi) **person in authority**, in relation to a residential aged care facility, includes –
 - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
 - (B) a person nominated by the operator of the residential aged care facility as a person in authority for the purposes of this direction; and
 - (vii) **resident**, of a residential aged care facility, includes a resident for the purposes of respite at that facility; and
 - (viii) **residential aged care facility** means a facility at which accommodation, and personal care or nursing care or both, are provided to a person in respect of whom a residential care subsidy or a flexible care subsidy is payable under the *Aged Care Act 1997* of the Commonwealth; and
 - (ix) **residential care subsidy** has the same meaning as in the *Aged Care Act 1997* of the Commonwealth; and
 - (x) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands;
 - (L) Tasman; and
 - (o) at 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021, the direction, given by me on 15 August 2021 and entitled *Southern region additional aged care restrictions – No. 1*, is revoked; and
 - (p) this direction expires at 6.00 pm on 22 October 2021.

Dated this 18th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(*Mask wearing requirements - southern region - No. 1*)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health in the southern region of Tasmania posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID 19 ("the disease"), direct that, commencing from 6.00 pm on 18 October 2021 –

- (a) this direction applies to the following persons
 - (i) a person who is, or has been, in the southern region of Tasmania while this direction is in force;
 - (ii) a person who was in the southern region of Tasmania, at any time, in the period commencing at 6 pm on 15 October 2021 and ending at 6 pm on 18 October 2021; and

- (b) a person to whom this direction applies must wear a fitted face covering while the person is away from the person's primary residence; and
- (c) a person must wear a fitted face covering while the person is on the premises of his or her primary residence if another person, who does not ordinarily reside at the primary residence, is present on the premises of that primary residence; and
- (d) paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply in respect of the following persons:
- (i) a child who –
- (A) has not attained the age of 12 years;
- (B) is undertaking primary education, whether at a school or as part of home education, within the meaning of the *Education Act 2016*; or
- (ii) a person who –
- (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner, within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
- (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority; or
- (iii) a person who –
- (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (b) or (c) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority; or
- (iv) a person who –
- (A) is providing ambulance services or non-emergency patient transport services, within the meaning of the *Ambulance Services Act*, or is transporting organs, or other human tissue, for transplant; and
- (B) is only in the southern region of Tasmania for a purpose specified in sub-subparagraph (A); and
- (C) is wearing a fitted face covering while he or she is in the southern region of Tasmania; or
- (v) a person who is transiting directly through the southern region of Tasmania; or
- (vi) a person who is exempt from wearing a fitted face covering under another direction in force under section 16 of the Act, while the person is so exempt; or
- (e) paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply to a person in the following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:
- (i) the person is married to, or in a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003* with, another person and is at the other person's primary residence;
- (ii) the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
- (iii) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
- (iv) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
- (v) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
- (vi) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person is wearing a fitted face covering;
- (vii) the person is undergoing a service, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person is wearing a fitted face covering;
- (viii) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
- (ix) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
- (x) the person is in a personal vehicle where –
- (A) there are no other passengers present in the vehicle; or
- (B) each other passenger in the vehicle has the same primary residence as the person;
- (xi) an emergency where it is not practicable or safe to wear the fitted face covering;
- (xii) during a period of intense physical exercise;
- (xiii) the person is swimming;
- (xiv) the person is riding a bicycle or motorcycle;
- (xv) the person is performing or is rehearsing for a performance, regardless of whether the performance is theatrical, musical or dance;
- (xvi) the person is working, or volunteering, by themselves in an enclosed indoor space, provided no other person is also in the enclosed indoor space;
- (xvii) the person is working, or volunteering, by themselves in an outdoor space, provided no other person is also in the outdoor space;
- (xviii) the person is one of two persons being married, while in the process of being married;
- (xix) the person is performing a wedding ceremony, while the person is performing the ceremony;
- (xx) the person is a prisoner in a prison, subject to any policies of that prison;
- (xxi) the person is detained in a remand centre, youth residential centre or youth justice centre, subject to any policies of that centre;
- (xxii) the person is escaping harm or the risk of harm, including harm relating to family violence or violence of another person;
- (xxiii) such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (b) or (c), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (f) a person to whom this direction applies, other than a person to whom paragraph (d) applies, must carry a fitted face covering while away from the person's primary residence; and
- (g) in this direction –

- (i) **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
- (ii) **indoor space** means an area, room or premises that –
 - (A) is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
 - (B) is not a lift, elevator or other similar space; and
- (iii) **outdoor space** means a space that is not an indoor space; and
- (iv) **personal vehicle** means a vehicle, within the meaning of the Act, that is not being operated for consideration, whether monetary or otherwise, at the relevant time; and
- (v) **person in authority** includes –
 - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
 - (B) an authorised officer within the meaning of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
- (vi) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and
- (vii) **primary residence**, of a person, means –
 - (A) if the person is not a permanent resident in Tasmania, or resides in Tasmania for a fixed period, the location in Tasmania where the person intends to lawfully reside while in Tasmania; or
 - (B) in any other case, the location in Tasmania where the person intends to reside while this direction is in force; and
- (viii) **significant relationship** means a significant relationship within the meaning of the *Relationships Act 2003*; and
- (ix) **southern region of Tasmania** means the following municipal areas, within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*:
 - (A) Brighton;
 - (B) Central Highlands;
 - (C) Clarence;
 - (D) Derwent Valley;
 - (E) Glamorgan-Spring Bay;
 - (F) Glenorchy;
 - (G) Hobart;
 - (H) Huon Valley;
 - (I) Kingborough;
 - (J) Sorell;
 - (K) Southern Midlands;
 - (L) Tasman; and
- (x) **transiting directly**, through the southern region of Tasmania, means the person transiting through the area only stopped in the area to –
 - (A) disembark, at an airport within the area, from a flight that originated outside the area, if the person only leaves that airport on a flight where the destination is outside of the area; or

- (B) refuel the vehicle being used to transit through that area; and

- (h) this direction expires at 6.00 pm on 22 October 2021.

Dated this 18th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997
SECTION 15 EXTENSION OF
EMERGENCY DECLARATION

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 15(2) of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the risk to public health posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), declare that –

- (a) the public health emergency, declared in respect of the disease under section 14 of the Act and last extended on 28 July 2021 for a further period of 12 weeks commencing on 29 July 2021, still exists; and
- (a) the period during which the emergency declaration is in force is extended for a further period of 12 weeks commencing on 20 October 2021.

Dated this 19th day of October 2021

MARK VEITCH
Director of Public Health

Staff Movements

Permanent Appointments

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Probation Period	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Enrolled Nurse	T Witteman	6 Months	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Enrolled Nurse	N Hood	6 Months	17/10/2021
Education	Education Facility Attendant	D Hall	6 Months	18/10/2021
Treasury and Finance	Client Services Officer	Y Wang	6 Months	18/10/2021
Justice	Senior Planning Consultant	D Ford	6 Months	31/01/2022
Justice	Legal Practitioner	Y Eddington	6 Months	17/10/2021
Justice	Transcription Typist	D Milic	6 Months	11/10/2021
Justice	Transcription Typist	C Branthoover	6 Months	11/10/2021
Department of Health	Specialised Medical Orderly	E Browning	6 Months	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Specialised Medical Orderly	D Cantwell	6 Months	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Specialised Medical Orderly	J Cram	6 Months	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Specialised Medical Orderly	B Hall	6 Months	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Specialised Medical Orderly	K Kingston	6 Months	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Specialised Medical Orderly	N Kuhn	6 Months	17/10/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Wildlife Officer	N Thomson	6 Months	28/10/2021
Department of Health	Health Information Officer - Medical Records	T Kirk	6 Months	18/10/2021
TasTAFE	Learning Support Tutor	O Leonard	6 Months	27/10/2021
Department of Health	Physiotherapist	A Haigh	6 Months	04/01/2022
Department of Health	Community Podiatrist	S Goh	6 Months	05/01/2022
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	M Frankcomb	6 Months	15/11/2021
Department of Health	Medical Receptionist/Audio Typist	W Wilson	6 Months	25/10/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	T Chimbwanda	6 Months	31/10/2021
Department of Health	Cook (Non Trade)	N Jeffrey	6 Months	19/10/2021
Department of Health	Enrolled Nurse	D Peirce	6 Months	19/10/2021
Department of Health	Clinical Nurse Educator	S Wines	6 Months	25/10/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	M Balaza	6 Months	31/10/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	M Quin	6 Months	31/10/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	L Cooper	6 Months	31/10/2021
Department of Health	Principal Contracts Officer	B Tilbury	Nil	08/11/2021
Department of Health	Principal Contracts Officer	I Stewart	6 Months	29/11/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Property Officer	L Marshall	6 Months	26/10/2021
Integrity Commission	Investigator (Systems)	T Palfreyman	Nil	20/10/2021

Cessation of Officers and Permanent Employees

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Date of Effect
Justice	Senior Legislative and Policy Officer	D McPhail	22/10/2021
Department of Health	Food Services Assistant	K Chandler	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	E Van Der Spek	25/09/2021
Department of Health	Administrative Assistant	R Moses	08/10/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Senior Biosecurity Officer	C Smith	27/10/2021
Department of Health	Private Patient Officer	R Brain	17/10/2021
Department of Health	Clinical Nurse Educator	P Van Nynanten	30/10/2021

Department of Health	Pharmacist	S Ragheb	12/10/2021
Department of Health	Senior Physiotherapist - Paediatrics	K Summers	15/10/2021
Department of Health	Allied Health Professional	C Pearson	22/10/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Fire Planning Officer	D Taylor	22/09/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Principal Agricultural Engineer	J McPhee	30/07/2021

Fixed-Term Appointments of greater than 12 Months

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Term	Date of Effect
Education	Quality Teaching Coach	P McFadzean	36 Months	07/02/2022
Justice	Principal Compliance Officer	S Collins	36 Months	06/10/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Senior Biosecurity Inspector (Livestock)	D Gee	24 Months	08/11/2021

Promotion of Permanent Employees

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Associate Nurse Unit Manager - Outpatient Specialist Clinics	S Leimanis-Kerr	25/10/2021
Department of Health	Nurse Practitioner - Community Rapid Response	R Johnson	15/10/2021
Education	School Administration Officer	K Galgoci	18/10/2021
Education	Assistant Principal	D Stephens	07/02/2022
Justice	Regional Team Leader	A Coffey	20/10/2021
TasTAFE	Manager Education and Training	N Cameron	08/11/2021
Communities Tasmania	Director - Office of the Commissioner for Children and Young People	I Crompton	25/10/2021
Department of Health	Associate Nurse Unit Manager	G Matthews	26/10/2021
Department of Health	Associate Nurse Unit Manager	E Crack	31/10/2021

Transfer of Permanent Employees

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Transferred Agency	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	B Wagner	Education	14/09/2021
Premier and Cabinet	Principal Policy Analyst	J Bridle	State Growth	27/10/2021
Department of Health	Senior Financial Analyst	P Lee	Treasury and Finance	01/11/2021

Promotion Without Advertising

AGENCY: PORT ARTHUR HISTORIC SITE MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

It is my intention to request the Head of the State Service to exercise discretion to not advertise the following duties in accordance with section 40 (2) of the *State Service Act 2000* and to promote the following permanent employee:

Name: S Burnell

Duties Assigned: Warehouse Officer

Description of the Role: To provide support to the Tourism Operations Department by ensuring the warehouse is highly organised and functional to guarantee Food and Beverage, Retail and Visitor Services inventory supplies are ordered, received, stored, accounted for and delivered to locations around the Port Arthur Historic Site in a timely manner.

Essential Requirements: Driver License

Desirable Requirements: Forklift Truck (LF) license

State Service employees aggrieved by this intention may make application to the Tasmanian Industrial Commission for a review under section 50(1)(b) of the *State Service Act 2000*. Applications for review are to be lodged with the Tasmanian Industrial Commission within 14 days of the publication of this notice in the Tasmanian Government Gazette.

Signed: Jonathan Fisher

AGENCY: POLICE, FIRE AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

It is my intention to request the Head of the State Service to exercise discretion to not advertise the following duties in accordance with section 40 (2) of the *State Service Act 2000* and to promote the following permanent employee:

Name: I Tienen

Duties Assigned: Technical Support Specialist

Description of the Role: Provide highly specialist technical expertise to support specific Information Communication Technology (ICT) equipment, applications and networks required by Tasmanian Police to enable a covert technical evidence and intelligence gathering capability.

The position is critical in supporting a wide range of specialised business needs and performs software application hosting activities, server administration, network engineering, network administration and undertakes specialised electronics tasks.

Essential Requirements: Nil

Desirable Requirements:

- A minimum 3 years of industry experience with administration of physical servers and application hosting environments.
- An appropriate tertiary qualification in a relevant discipline (eg. Electronics Engineering or Information Technology, etc). Experience with administration of both Windows and Linux operating system environments.
- Current driver's licence
- Hold or an ability to obtain a 'SECRET' NV1 level Security Clearance.
- A MikroTik Certified Networking Associate qualification (or similar), or experience with MikroTik hardware.
- Experience with electronics repairs and soldering.

State Service employees aggrieved by this intention may make application to the Tasmanian Industrial Commission for a review under section 50(1)(b) of the *State Service Act 2000*. Applications for review are to be lodged with the Tasmanian Industrial Commission within 14 days of the publication of this notice in the Tasmanian Government Gazette.

Signed: Darren Hine, Secretary DPFEM



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