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# t a s m a n i a n g o v e r n m e n t **GAZETTE**

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### WEDNESDAY 17 FEBRUARY 2021

No. 22 061

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### **Tasmanian Government Gazette**

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No. 22 061-17 February

# **Notices to Creditors**

LOIS IVY VAN DAM late of Mary's Grange Nursing Home, Taroona in Tasmania who died on the 10th day of August 2020.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property of the abovenamed deceased are required by the Executors, BENJAMIN SCOTT SWAIN and DAMIAN FRANCIS EGAN, c/- Murdoch Clarke of 10 Victoria Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars to the said Executors and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania on or before the 24th day of March, 2021 after which date the Executors may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the Executors then have notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

MURDOCH CLARKE, Solicitors to the Estate

NANCY IDA McKAY late of Unit 80, Level 2, Vaucluse Gardens, 319 Macquarie Street, South Hobart in Tasmania who died on the 11th day of July 2020.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property of the abovenamed deceased are required by the Executors and Trustees, TIMOTHY GEORGE PETERS and IAN EDWARD TASMAN McKAY, c/- Murdoch Clarke of 10 Victoria Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars to the said Executors and Trustees and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania on or before the 19th day of March 2021 after which date the Executors and Trustees may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the Executors and Trustees then has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

MURDOCH CLARKE, Solicitors to the Estate

IRENA JOZEFA CZARNOJANCZYK (in the Will called IRENA CZARNOJANCZYK and also known as IRENE CZARNOJANCZYK) late of 20 Newdegate Street, North Hobart in Tasmania who died on the 10th October 2020.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property of the abovenamed deceased are required by the Executors, BARBARA PALEGIA GREEN, KRYSTINA ROLINS and SABINA CZARNOJANCZYK, c/- Murdoch Clarke of 10 Victoria Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars to the said Executors and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania on or before the 17th day of March 2021 after which date the Executors may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the Executors then have notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

MURDOCH CLARKE, Solicitors to the Estate

ANGELA MARIA LESTER, late of 10 Grandview Place, Norwood in Tasmania, died on 19 January 2017.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property of the abovenamed deceased, are required by the Executors, SALLY JANE LESTER and JEROME ANTHONY LESTER, C/- Clarke & Gee Lawyers, 73 Paterson Street, Launceston in Tasmania to send particulars of their claim in writing to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania by 19 March 2021 after which date the Executors may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

CLARKE AND GEE LAWYERS, Solicitors for the Estate

GARY ROBERT DEEHAN late of 52 Canning Street, Launceston in Tasmania, Business Owner, Divorced, Deceased.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the deceased, GARY ROBERT DEEHAN who died on 11th day of September 2020, are required by the Executor, TPT WEALTH LTD of Level 2 137 Harrington Street, Hobart in Tasmania, to send particulars to the said Company by the 17th day of March 2021, after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which it then has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

KAY PHILPOTT, Trust Administrator

JEAN FLORENCE COWLISHAW late of Regis Aged Care Blenheim Street, Norwood in Tasmania, Retired Secretary, Widowed, Deceased.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the deceased, JEAN FLORENCE COWLISHAW who died on 11th day of November, 2020 are required by the Executor TPT WEALTH LTD of Level 2 137 Harrington Street, Hobart in Tasmania, to send particulars to the said Company by the 17th day of March, 2021 after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which it then has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

KAY PHILPOTT, Trust Administrator

ALLISON LOUISE SHAND late of 30 Kenton Road, Geilston Bay in Tasmania, Crown Prosecutor/Married, died between 14 November 2020 and 15 November 2020.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property of the abovenamed deceased, are required by the Administrator, JENNIFER MARY SHAND, C/- Tremayne Fay Rheinberger Lawyers, 119 Macquarie Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars of their claim in writing to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania by 17 March 2021, after which date the Administrator may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

TREMAYNE FAY RHEINBERGER LAWYERS Solicitors for the Estate BEVERLEY GWENDOLINE MOORE, late of Sandown Village, Southerwood Drive, Sandy Bay in Tasmania, Home Duties/ Widowed, died on 12 November 2020.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property of the abovenamed deceased, are required by the Executor, DEBRA KAY HOWARD, C/- Tremayne Fay Rheinberger Lawyers, 119 Macquarie Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars of their claim in writing to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania by 17 March 2021 after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

TREMAYNE FAY RHEINBERGER LAWYERS Solicitors for the Estate

ROBERT ANTHONY JOHNSTON, deceased, who died on 30 September 2020, late of 16 Heathorn Avenue, Sandy Bay in Tasmania.

CHERYL ANN JOHNSTON, care of Worrall Moss Martin Lawyers, 133 Macquarie Street, Hobart in Tasmania, as Legal Personal Representative of Robert Anthony Johnston, requires that any person who has a claim against the estate, lodge written details of their claim with the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania at Salamanca Place, Hobart in Tasmania, within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the Legal Personal Representative is at liberty to pay and distribute the assets of the estate, dealing then only with the claims that she has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

WORRALL MOSS MARTIN LAWYERS Lawyers acting on behalf of the Legal Personal Representative of the Estate

# **Administration and Probate**

Administration and Probate Act 1935

Notice of Application To Reseal Probate

Notice is hereby given that, after the expiration of 14 days from the publication hereof, JUDY ANNE MCREDMOND of 2 Pier Road, Inverloch in Victoria, ROHAN EDWARD KELLY of 69 South Mole Creek Road, Mole Creek in Tasmania, MICHAEL JAMES KELLY of 69 Mount Beulah Road, Western Creek in Tasmania and SUSAN JOY RUFFIN of 45 McBride Avenue, Wonthaggi in Victoria the executors of the will of the estate of BEVERLEY ANNE KELLY, late of 20 Golf Street, Inverloch in Victoria, deceased, to whom probate of the said will was granted by the Court of SUPREME COURT OF VICTORIA on the 4th JANUARY 2021, will apply to the Supreme Court of Tasmania in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction that the seal of the said Supreme Court of Tasmania may be affixed to the said probate pursuant to Part VI of the Administration and Probate Act 1935.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

JULIE BYRNE LEGAL Australian legal practitioner acting on their behalf 17 February 2021

### Administration and Probate Act 1935

### Notice of Intention to Apply for Reseal of Probate

Notice is hereby given that, after the expiration of 14 days from the publication hereof, PETER CURSIO care of Cursio & Co, 26 Young Street, Moonee Ponds in Victoria the executor of the Will of the estate of BARBARA ISOBEL ALEXANDRATOS, also known as BARBARA ISOBEL ALEXANDRA, late of 31 Chadstone Road, Malvern East in Victoria, deceased, to whom Probate of the said Will was granted by the Court of Victoria on 8 November 2018, will apply to the Supreme Court of Tasmania in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction that the seal of the Said Supreme Court of Tasmania may be affixed to the said Probate pursuant to Part VI of the Administration and Probate Act 1935.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

RAE & PARTNERS DEVONPORT Solicitors for the Applicants

Administration and Probate Act 1935

Notice for Claims

BARBARA CYNTHIA HELEN LING late of 28 Mortyn Place Howrah in Tasmania.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the deceased BARBARA CYNTHIA HELEN LING who died on the 16 October 2020 are required by the Executors ROGER DAVID LING, CHARLES WILLIAM LING and IAN THOMAS LING C/- Simmons Wolfhagen of Level 4, 99 Bathurst Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars to Simmons Wolfhagen and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania, GPO Box 167, Hobart in Tasmania 7001 by the 19 March 2021 after which date the Executors may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

SIMMONS WOLFHAGEN, Solicitors for the Executors.

Administration and Probate Act 1935

Notice for Claims

DANIEL VLIEGEN late of 7B/210 McKenzies Road Leslie Vale in Tasmania.

Creditors, next of kin and others having claims in respect of the property or estate of the deceased DANIEL VLIEGEN who died between the 26 November 2020 and 27 November 2020 are required by the Executor HEATHER MARY CHAPLIN C/-Simmons Wolfhagen of Level 4, 99 Bathurst Street, Hobart in Tasmania to send particulars to Simmons Wolfhagen and to the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania, GPO Box 167, Hobart in Tasmania 7001 by the 19 March 2021 after which date the Executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

Dated this seventeenth day of February 2021.

SIMMONS WOLFHAGEN, Solicitors for the Executors.

# Land Acquisition

### LAND ACQUISITION ACT 1993 NOTICE OF ACQUISITION

(Section 18)

In pursuance of Section 18 of the *Land Acquisition Act 1993*, I, Timothy William Grant, Valuer-General acting as a delegate of the Minister of the Crown for the time being administering the *Land Acquisition Act 1993* do hereby declare that the land in the Schedule hereto is taken and vested in the Crown absolutely under the said Act for the authorised purpose, being for road purposes.

Given under my hand this 17th day of February 2021.

Tim Grant Valuer-General Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment 134 Macquarie Street, Hobart

### SCHEDULE

All that 539m2 of land situate in the Parish of Wells, Land District of Devon being Lot 1 on Plan of Survey P180006 in the Land Titles Office being portion of the land comprised in Folio of the Register Volume 49489 Folio 3 of which John Odin Wentworth Watson is the registered proprietor.

All that 303m2 of land situate in the Parish of Wells, Land District of Devon being Lot 2 on Plan of Survey P180006 in the Land Titles Office being portion of the land comprised in Folio of the Register Volume 49556 Folio 1 of which John Odin Wentworth Watson is the registered proprietor.

Location: West Tamar Highway, Motor Road - Sight Distance Improvements

Municipal Area: West Tamar

(21-35)

# **Mental Health**

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 138 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a medical practitioner for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on 22nd January 2021.

### THE THE AUNG

Dated this twenty-second day of January 2021.

DR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 138 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a medical practitioner for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on 4th February 2021.

DR WILLIAM FRANCIS PRIDMORE

Dated this fourth day of February 2021.

DR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 138 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a medical practitioner for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on 4th February 2021.

DR FRANCISCO JOSE ROSELL GRANER

Dated this fourth day of February 2021.

DR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 139 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a Mental Health Officer for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on the 16th day of December 2020.

HAYLEY FRANCES ATKINS

Dated this sixteenth day of December 2020.

DOCTOR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 139 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a Mental Health Officer for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on the 22nd day of January 2021.

### ELISABETH ANNE MORLEY

Dated this twenty-second day of January 2021.

DOCTOR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 139 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a Mental Health Officer for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on the 22nd day of January 2021.

### JACQUELIN ANN NEU

Dated this twenty-second day of January 2021.

DOCTOR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

### MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2013

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with section 139 of the *Mental Health Act 2013*, the undermentioned person has been approved as a Mental Health Officer for provisions of the *Mental Health Act 2013* within the Chief Civil Psychiatrist and Chief Forensic Psychiatrist's jurisdictions for a period of five years commencing on the 22nd day of January 2021.

### BRIAN MCROBERTS

Dated this twenty-second day of January 2021.

DOCTOR AARON ROBERT GROVES Chief Civil Psychiatrist/Chief Forensic Psychiatrist

# **Public Health**

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997 DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16

(Mass gatherings – No. 2)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that –

- (a) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of not less than 250 persons, and not more than 2 000 persons, across the premises, unless –
  - (i) paragraphs (e) and (f) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
  - (ii) at each gathering, in an indoor area of the premises, of more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons, the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering; and
  - (iii) at each gathering, in an outdoor area of the premises, of more than 1 000 and not more than 2 000 persons, the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering; and
- (b) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of more than 2 000 persons, and not more than 5 000 persons, across the premises, unless –
  - (i) paragraphs (e), (f) and (g) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
  - (ii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated is of not more than 500 persons; and
  - (iii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 1 000 persons; and
  - (iv) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 2 000 persons; and
  - (v) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 5 000 persons; and
- (c) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises (other than premises on which an outdoor stadium or outdoor arena is situated) must not cause or permit the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of more than 5 000 persons, and not more than 10 000 persons, across the premises, unless –
  - (i) paragraphs (e), (f), (g) and (h) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
  - (ii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated is of not more than 1 000 persons; and
  - (iii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 2 000 persons; and
  - (iv) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated is of not more than 5 000 persons; and

- (v) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which the persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 10 000 persons; and
- (d) a relevant person in relation to a gathering at premises on which an outdoor stadium or outdoor arena is situated must not cause or permit to occur the gathering to occur at the premises if the gathering is of more than 250 persons across the premises unless –
  - (i) paragraphs (e), (f), (g) and (h) are complied with in relation to the gathering; and
  - (ii) each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 1 000 persons; and
  - each gathering in an indoor area, of the premises, at which persons are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 2 000 persons; and
  - (iv) each gathering in an outdoor area, of the premises, at which persons are not required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering is of not more than 5 000 persons; and
- (e) a gathering at premises complies with this paragraph if the relevant person in relation to the gathering at the premises ensures that, despite paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d)
  - if the gathering is at premises on which an outdoor stadium or outdoor arena is situated – the total number of persons present, at any one time, at the gathering does not exceed the sum of –
    - (A) if all or part of the gathering is required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering and fixed seating is provided outdoors by the owner or occupier of the premises – so much of the gathering as is required to be seated at the fixed outdoor seating consists of not more than the number of persons (other than assistants) equal to 75% of the number of seats provided; and
    - (B) if sub-subparagraph (A) does not apply to all or part of the gathering – so much of the gathering to which that sub-subparagraph does not apply consists of not more than the number of persons calculated by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space for that gathering or that part of the gathering; or
  - (ii) if the gathering is a gathering for entertainment purposes at premises on which an entertainment venue is situated – the total number of persons present, at any one time, at the gathering does not exceed the sum of –
    - (A) if all or part of the gathering is required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering and fixed seating is provided to be used as part of the gathering – so much of the gathering as is required to be seated at the fixed seating consists of not more than the number of persons (other than assistants) equal to 75% of the number of seats provided; and
    - (B) if sub-subparagraph (A) does not apply to all or part of the gathering – so much of the gathering to which that sub-subparagraph does not apply consists of not more than the number of persons calculated by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space for that gathering or that part of the gathering; or

- (iii) for any other gathering, the total number of persons present, at any one time, at the gathering does not exceed –
  - (A) the number of persons calculated for the space by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space; and
  - (B) if the persons at the gathering are required to be seated for the majority of the duration of the gathering – more than half of the seated capacity of the premises where the gathering is occurring; and
- (f) a gathering at premises complies with this paragraph if the relevant person in relation to the gathering at the premises ensures that
  - (i) where practicable, each person at the gathering maintains a distance of not less than 1.5 metres between the person and any other person; and
  - (ii) an event COVID safety plan is developed and implemented for the gathering; and
  - (iii) a person is appointed as the person to be contacted in respect of the gathering; and
  - (iv) the organiser of the gathering, or the person appointed under subparagraph (iii) in respect of the gathering, presents the event COVID safety plan for the gathering if requested to do so by a police officer, an authorised person under the Act or an inspector under the Work Health and Safety Act 2012; and
  - (v) each obligation, requirement, restriction or condition (other than the density limit for the premises if that density limit is lower than the number of persons permitted at the gathering under this direction) that, under a direction made under the Act, applies to a relevant person, in relation to the gathering or premises, is complied with in relation to the gathering; and
  - (vi) if -
    - (A) the gathering is for entertainment purposes at an indoor entertainment venue; and
    - (B) the number of persons present at the gathering is in excess of the number of persons calculated by dividing by 2 the total number of square metres of the floor area of the space for that gathering –

the relevant person in relation to the gathering at the premises is to take all reasonable steps to ensure the requirement in paragraph (l) is complied with by each person present at the gathering; and

- (g) a gathering complies with this paragraph if, before the gathering occurs and in addition to the requirements of paragraphs (e) and (f)
  - (i) the gathering has been registered with the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
  - the event COVID safety plan for the gathering has been assessed as appropriate by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (h) a gathering complies with this paragraph if, before the gathering occurs and in addition to the requirements of paragraphs (e), (f) and (g), the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has approved the gathering, subject to the conditions, if any, that the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, considers appropriate for the gathering; and
- (i) at any time before a gathering referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (d) occurs, the Director of Public Health may impose the conditions on the gathering, if any, that he or she considers appropriate for the gathering in order to manage a threat, or likely threat, to public health; and

- (j) if appropriate to manage a threat, or likely threat, to public health, the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, may –
  - (i) refuse to register a gathering under paragraph (g) (i); or
  - (ii) revoke the registration of a gathering under paragraph (g)(i); and
- (k) if appropriate to manage a threat, or likely threat, to public health, the Director of Public Health may
  - (i) refuse to approve a gathering under paragraph (h); or
  - (ii) rescind an approval given in respect of a gathering under paragraph (h); and
- (1) each person who attends a gathering to which this direction applies must wear a fitted face covering for the duration of the gathering, unless the person is a mask-exempt person in relation to the gathering or is not wearing a fitted face covering in any of the following circumstances and wears a fitted face covering as soon as practicable after that circumstance ceases to apply to the person:
  - the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
  - (ii) the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
  - the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
  - (iv) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
  - the person is undergoing or providing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
  - (vi) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority at the premises, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
  - (vii) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
  - (viii) other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of this paragraph, that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (m) paragraph (c) of the direction, entitled Management of premises – No. 10, given on 18 December 2020, does not apply to a gathering of more than 250 persons at a cinema, concert venue or theatre; and
- (n) for the avoidance of doubt, the power to impose a condition under this direction includes the power to vary or revoke the condition; and
- (o) in this direction
  - assistant, in relation to premises, means a person
    - i) who is employed or engaged by the owner or occupier of the premises; or
    - (ii) who is employed or engaged to perform services at the premises;
  - **density limit for the premises** means the density calculated for the premises under a direction under section 16 of the Act, in respect of the disease, that applies in respect of a space on the premises or the premises as a whole;
  - **entertainment purposes**, in relation to an entertainment venue, means the purposes for which the entertainment venue is primarily used;

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entertainment venue includes, whether indoors or outdoors, a cinema concert venue, theatre, auditorium or similar space;

event COVID safety plan means a safety plan that is -

- in the form approved by the Director of Public Health for a gathering to be held under this direction; and
- (ii) available from, or is published on the website operated by or on behalf of, WorkSafe Tasmania;
- **fitted face covering** means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection;
- **gathering** means a group of persons who attend, whether in accordance with a formal or informal arrangement, at premises;
- indoor area means an area, room or premises that -
  - is, or are, substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls, or any part of the roof or walls, are permanent or temporary, or open or closed; and
  - (ii) is not a lift, elevator or similar space;
- **mask-exempt person in relation to a gathering** means a person who
  - (i) is performing at the gathering; or
  - (ii) is a person who has not attained the age of 12 years; or
  - (iii) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that confirms that the person has an illness, condition or disability (whether the illness, condition or disability is physical or psychological), that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; or
  - (iv) holds an exemption, from the requirement of paragraph (l), that is given by the Director Public Health or his or her delegate, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirement of paragraph (l), that is given by the Director Public Health or his or her delegate;
- organiser, in relation to a gathering at premises, means the person, who is not the owner or occupier of the premises or a person acting for that owner or occupier, who enters into an arrangement, with the owner or occupier of the premises, for the gathering, or event to which the gathering relates, to be conducted at the premises;

outdoor area means an area of a premises that is not -

- (i) an indoor area; or
- (ii) a lift, elevator or similar space;
- premises has the same meaning as in the Act but does not include residential premises;
- relevant person, in relation to a gathering at premises, means
  - unless subparagraph (ii) applies the owner or occupier of the premises at which the gathering occurs; or
  - (ii) if there is an organiser in relation to the gathering - the organiser;
- **residential premises**, in respect of a gathering under this direction, does not include a part, of premises, where people ordinarily reside, if that part of the premises –

- (i) is primarily used for the sale of goods or the provision of services; and
- (ii) is, while those goods are being sold or those services are being provided for the gathering, being operated in accordance with its normal operations for the sale of those goods or the provision of those services; and
- (p) the direction, entitled Mass gatherings No. 1, given by me on 27 November 2020, is revoked.

Dated this 3rd day of February 2021.

MARK VEITCH Director of Public Health

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

### **DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16**

### (Airports and aircrafts – No. 2)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that –

- (a) a person at an airport must wear a fitted face covering while he or she –
  - (i) is at the airport, regardless of whether the person is indoors or outdoors; or
  - (ii) is on-board a domestic commercial aircraft that is -
    - (A) at the airport; or
    - (B) arriving at, or departing from, the airport; or
    - (C) within Tasmanian airspace; and
- (b) paragraph (a) does not apply in respect of the following persons:
  - (i) a child who has not attained the age of 12 years;
  - a person who
    - (A) holds a medical certificate, or other documentation by a medical practitioner within the meaning of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, that certifies that the person has a physical, or mental health, illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a fitted face covering unsuitable; and
    - (B) produces a legible copy of the medical certificate, or other documentation, if requested to do so by a person in authority at the airport;
  - (iii) a person who
    - (A) holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (a) that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
    - (B) produces a legible copy of the exemption if requested to do so by a person in authority at the airport;
- (c) paragraph (a) does not apply to a person in following circumstances if the person wears a fitted face covering as soon as is practicable after the relevant circumstances end:
  - the person removes the fitted face covering to communicate with a person who is deaf, or has impaired hearing, and visibility of the mouth is essential for the communication;
  - the wearing of the fitted face covering would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;

- (iii) the person removes the fitted face covering to enable clear enunciation, or visibility of the mouth, as part of his or her employment or training;
- (iv) the person is orally consuming food, drink or medicine;
- (v) the person is undergoing medical care, or treatment, that is unable to be provided while the person wears a fitted face covering;
- (vi) the person is requested to remove the fitted face covering, by a person in authority at the airport, to ascertain or confirm the identity of the person;
- (vii) the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove, the fitted face covering;
- (viii) the person is in a personal vehicle that is at the airport;
- (ix) the person is in a vehicle that is being used to provide a private passenger service, or a passenger transport service, within the meaning of the *Passenger Transport Services Act 2011*;
- such other circumstances that are specified in an exemption, from the requirements of paragraph (a), that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (d) a person at an airport, other than a person to whom paragraph (b) applies, must carry a fitted face covering while he or she –
  - (i) is at the airport, regardless of whether the person is indoors or outdoors; or
  - (ii) is on-board a domestic commercial aircraft that is -
    - (A) at the airport; or
    - (B) arriving at, or departing from, the airport; or
    - (C) within Tasmanian airspace; and
- (e) in this direction -
  - (i) **airport** means premises that contain an aerodrome
    - (A) at which facilities are available for the arrival of a domestic commercial aircraft into, or the departure of a domestic commercial aircraft from, the premises; and
    - (B) other than a building, structure or distinct outdoor space on those premises if that building, structure or space –
      - is not used in connection with aircraft that are used, or are intended to be used, to provide passengers with transportation or touring, whether within Australia or internationally; or
      - (II) is only used in connection with administration of the airport and is not open for use by members of the public, including passengers and persons intending to travel; and
  - (ii) domestic commercial aircraft means an aircraft that is used, or is being relocated to enable it to be used, to provide passengers with transportation or touring, on a commercial basis, only within Australia; and
  - (iii) fitted face covering means a covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection; and
  - (iv) personal vehicle means a vehicle, within the meaning of the Act, that is not being operated for consideration, whether monetary or otherwise, at the relevant time; and

- (v) **person in authority**, in relation to an airport, includes
  - (A) an authorised officer within the meaning of the Act; and
  - (B) an authorised officer within the meaning of the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
- (vi) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and
- (vii) Tasmanian airspace means the airspace over Tasmania, including the coastal waters and dependences of Tasmania; and
- (f) the direction, entitled *Airports and aircrafts No. 1*, given by me on 21 January 2021, is revoked.

Dated this 5th day of February 2021.

### MARK VEITCH Director of Public Health

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

### **DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16**

#### (Quarantine – No. 3)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that –

- (a) an identified contact must, on being notified that he or she is a primary close contact
  - travel directly to a suitable place in respect of the primary close contact; and
  - (ii) undergo a test for the disease as soon as is practicable; and
  - (iii) remain, subject to paragraphs (d) and (h), in quarantine at that place until the first of the following occurs:
    - (A) if the suitable place of the primary close contact is premises where there are no other identified contacts in quarantine or persons in isolation who are diagnosed with the disease, at least 14 days have passed since the primary close contact was last exposed, or was last suspected by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate of being exposed, to the disease;
    - (B) if the suitable place of the primary close contact is premises where another identified contact is also in quarantine or a person diagnosed with the disease is also in isolation –
      - if there is no person in isolation at the premises who is diagnosed with the disease, until all identified contacts in quarantine at the premises are no longer required to quarantine in respect of the disease; or
      - (II) if there is a person in isolation at the premises who is diagnosed with the disease, at least 14 days have passed since each person at those premises who is diagnosed with the disease has been released from that isolation under the Act; and
- (b) an identified contact who has been notified that he or she is a casual contact must, on being notified that he or she is required to quarantine under this direction –
  - (i) travel directly to a suitable place in respect of the casual contact; and
  - remain, subject to paragraphs (d) and (h), in quarantine at that place until the first of the following occurs:

- (A) if the suitable place of the casual contact is premises where there are no other identified contacts in quarantine or persons in isolation who are diagnosed with the disease, at least 14 days have passed since the casual contact was last exposed, or was last suspected by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate of being exposed, to the disease;
- (B) if the suitable place of the casual contact is premises where another identified contact is also in quarantine or a person diagnosed with the disease is also in isolation –
  - if there is no person in isolation at the premises who is diagnosed with the disease, until all identified contacts in quarantine at the premises are no longer required to quarantine in respect of the disease; or
  - (II) if there is a person in isolation at the premises who is diagnosed with the disease, at least 14 days have passed since each person at those premises who is diagnosed with the disease has been released from that isolation under the Act;
- (C) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has requested the casual contact undergo a test for the disease, the result of the test is that the casual contact is negative for the disease and the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has notified the casual contact that he or she may exit quarantine in respect of the disease; and
- (c) an identified contact must, on being notified that he or she is a secondary close contact
  - (i) travel directly to a suitable place in respect of the secondary close contact; and
  - (ii) remain, subject to paragraphs (d) and (h), in quarantine at that place until the first of the following occurs:
    - (A) if the suitable place of the secondary close contact is premises where there are no other identified contacts in quarantine or persons diagnosed with the disease who are in isolation, at least 14 days have passed since the secondary close contact was last exposed, or was last suspected by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate of being exposed, to the disease;
    - (B) if the suitable place of the secondary close contact is premises where another identified contact is also in quarantine or a person diagnosed with the disease is also in isolation –
      - (I) if there is no person in isolation at the premises who is diagnosed with the disease, until all identified contacts in quarantine at the premises are no longer required to quarantine in respect of the disease; or
      - (II) if there is a person in isolation at the premises who is diagnosed with the disease, at least 14 days have passed since each person at those premises who is diagnosed with the disease has been released from that isolation under the Act;
    - (C) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has requested the secondary close contact undergo a test for the disease and the

result of the test is that the secondary close contact is negative for the disease;

- (D) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has notified the secondary close contact that he or she may exit quarantine in respect of the disease; and
- (d) an identified contact must remain at a suitable place while he or she is required to quarantine under this direction unless –
  - (i) the identified contact is travelling directly to, or from, another suitable place; or
  - the identified contact is travelling directly to, or from, a location where he or she is undertaking a test for the disease as required under this direction; or
  - (iii) there is an emergency that requires the identified contact to leave the suitable place to protect his or her personal safety, or the safety of another, and the identified contact immediately returns to a suitable place as soon as the emergency has passed; and
- (e) an identified contact who leaves a suitable place before he or she exits quarantine must wear a fitted face covering that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection –
  - (i) unless -
    - (A) the person has left the suitable place due to an emergency in accordance with paragraph (d)(iii); and
    - (B) it is not practicable in the circumstances for the person to obtain, or wear, the fitted face covering; or
  - unless the person holds an exemption, or is a person within a class of persons specified in an exemption, from the requirements of this paragraph that is given by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (f) an identified contact must, while in quarantine in respect of the disease
  - (i) monitor his or her health for clinical symptoms of the disease; and
  - (ii) if he or she develops clinical symptoms of the disease, undergo a test for the disease as soon as practicable; and
- (g) in addition to paragraphs (a)(ii) and (f), an identified contact who is a primary close contact must undergo a test for the disease if requested to do so by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (h) if an identified contact refuses to undergo a test of the disease as required under this direction, the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate may require the identified contact to remain in quarantine under this direction for such further period as is specified by the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate; and
- (i) in this direction
  - (i) casual contact has the same meaning as a casual contact, or casual close contact, in the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) CDNA National Guidelines for Public Health Units; and
  - (ii) **clinical symptoms of the disease** means the following symptoms:
    - (A) a temperature of 37.5°C or more;
    - (B) night sweats;
    - (C) chills;
    - (D) coughing;

- (E) shortness of breath;
- (F) sore throat;
- (G) loss of taste;
- (H) loss of smell; and
- (iii) Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) CDNA National Guidelines for Public Health Units means the national guidelines, published on 29 January 2021 by the Communicable Diseases Network Australia and endorsed by the Australian Health Protection Principle Committee, as amended or substituted from time to time; and
- (iv) **identified contact** means a primary close contact, a casual contact or a secondary close contact; and
- (v) **premises** has the same meaning as in the Act; and
- (vi) primary close contact has the same meaning as in the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) CDNA National Guidelines for Public Health Units; and
- (vii) secondary close contact has the same meaning as in the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) CDNA National Guidelines for Public Health Units; and
- (viii) **suitable place**, in respect of an identified contact, means
  - (A) if the identified contact requires medical treatment, the hospital, or another place, for medical treatment as directed by –
    - the operator of the Tasmanian Public Health Hotline, operated by the Department of Health in respect of the disease, who is responding to a call to that Hotline by the identified contact; or
    - (II) a person registered under the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law*  (*Tasmania*) in the medical, dental, paramedicine or midwifery profession; or
  - (B) if the identified contact intends to be in quarantine at his or her primary residence, the primary residence of the identified contact; or
  - (C) if the identified contact does not intend, or is unable, to be in quarantine at his or her primary residence, other premises that are approved by the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, as suitable premises for the identified contact to be in quarantine; or
  - (D) the place where the identified contact has been directed, under the Act or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*, to complete his or her quarantine; or
  - (E) if the identified contact is in quarantine at premises other than his or her primary residence and wishes to return to his or her primary residence, the primary residence of the identified contact if the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, has approved the relocation to the primary residence; and
- (ix) test for the disease means a nucleic acid detection test, for the genetic material of SARS-CoV-2, conducted by a laboratory with the relevant accreditation, for such a test, by the National Association of Testing Authorities; and
- (j) the direction under section 16 of the Act, entitled Quarantine – No. 2, given by the Director of Public Health on 14 January 2021, is revoked.

Dated this 5th day of February 2021.

MARK VEITCH Director of Public Health

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

### **DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 16**

(Arrival requirements for certain travellers into Tasmania – No. 5)

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 16 of the *Public Health Act 1997* ("the Act"), in order to manage the threat to public health posed by the notifiable disease known as COVID-19 ("the disease"), direct that –

- (a) a relevant traveller who arrives in Tasmania is required to undergo the following clinical assessments on the arrival of the relevant traveller in Tasmania:
  - questions as to the health of the traveller, in respect of the clinical symptoms of the disease, on his or her arrival;
  - (ii) a check of the temperature of the traveller; and
- (b) a clinical assessment referred to in paragraph (a) is to be conducted by an authorised officer, a registered nurse or an enrolled nurse; and
- (c) a relevant traveller is taken to have complied with paragraph (a) in respect of a clinical assessment if
  - a person required to conduct the clinical assessment is not present at the location where the relevant traveller arrives in Tasmania at the time the relevant traveller arrives; and
  - the clinical assessment is conducted in accordance with this direction as soon as practicable, and no later than 24 hours, after the relevant traveller arrives in Tasmania; and
- (d) a relevant traveller who arrives in Tasmania as an unaccompanied minor is taken to have complied with paragraph (a) in respect of a clinical assessment if the clinical assessment is conducted, in accordance with this direction, no later than 24 hours after the relevant traveller arrives in Tasmania; and
- (e) paragraph (a) does not apply to a person who is not required to isolate or quarantine on his or her arrival in Tasmania, if
  - (i) the person is arriving in Tasmania for the purposes of transport, freight or logistics; and
  - (ii) the person
    - (A) does not leave the seaport or airport, where the person arrived in Tasmania, while the person remains in Tasmania; or
    - (B) remains in Tasmania for a period of less than 24 hours and, while the person remains in Tasmania, complies with the requirements of any directions under the *Public Health Act 1997* or the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; or
    - (C) provides evidence of a negative test for the disease that has been performed on the person in the 7-day period before he or she arrived and the person has not had a positive test for the disease within that 7-day period; and
- (f) as a result of a clinical assessment of a relevant traveller under paragraph (a), the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, may require the relevant traveller to take the action that the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate considers appropriate in the circumstances and specifies in the requirement; and
- (g) in addition to the requirements of paragraph (a)
  - a relevant traveller, other than a relevant traveller to whom paragraph (e)(ii)(C) applies, is required to undergo a test for the disease within 24 hours after he or she arrives in Tasmania and on, or as soon as practicable after, the 12th day after he or she arrives in Tasmania, if the relevant traveller –

- (A) within the 14-day period before arriving in Tasmania, has spent time in a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health, other than time spent transiting directly through the area; and
- (B) is not required to isolate or quarantine on his or her arrival in Tasmania; and
- (C) has not left Tasmania since he or she so arrived in Tasmania; and
- (ii) if a relevant traveller to whom paragraph (e)(ii)(C) applies has spent time in a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health, within the 14-day period before arriving in Tasmania, the relevant traveller is required, while he or she remains in Tasmania, to
  - (A) undergo a test for the disease within each 7-day period after his or her last preceding test for the disease until –
    - (I) at least 14 days have passed since he or she so arrived in Tasmania; and
    - (II) he or she has undergone at least 2 tests for the disease since he or she last spent time in the high risk area or premises; and
  - (B) carry evidence of the date of his or her last test for the disease; and
- (iii) a relevant traveller is required to undergo a test for the disease before the 3rd day after he or she arrives in Tasmania and on, or as soon as practicable after, the 12th day after he or she arrives in Tasmania, if the relevant traveller –
  - (A) within the 14-day period before arriving in Tasmania, has spent time in a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health, other than time spent transiting directly through the area; and
  - (B) is required to isolate or quarantine on his or her arrival in Tasmania; and
- (iv) if a relevant traveller is required to isolate or quarantine on his or her arrival in Tasmania, other than a relevant traveller to whom sub-paragraph (v) applies, the relevant traveller is required to undergo a test for the disease before the 3rd day after he or she arrives in Tasmania and on, or as soon as practicable after, the 12th day after he or she arrives in Tasmania, if the relevant traveller –
  - (A) has spent time in a country other than Australia, or New Zealand, within the 28-day period before arriving in Tasmania; and
  - (B) has not completed isolation, or quarantine, requirements imposed by the Commonwealth, or a State or Territory of Australia, since his or her return to Australia from the other country; and
- (v) if a relevant traveller -
  - (A) arrives in Tasmania, from a country other than Australia or New Zealand, due to his or her employment or engagement as a crewmember of an aircraft; and
  - (B) is required to isolate or quarantine on his or her arrival in Tasmania –

the relevant traveller is required to undergo a test for the disease -

- (C) as soon as is practicable, and no later than 24 hours, after his or her arrival in Tasmania unless he or she has had a test for the disease, performed in Australia within the 7-day period immediately before his or her arrival in Tasmania, that was negative for the disease; and
- (D) within each 7-day period after his or her last preceding test for the disease, performed in Australia, until –
  - (I) at least 14 days have passed since he or she so arrived in Tasmania; and
  - (II) he or she has undergone at least 2 tests for the disease since he or she last arrived in Tasmania; and
- (h) paragraph (g)(iii), (iv) and (v) does not apply to a relevant traveller if the relevant traveller is required to isolate in respect of the disease under another direction under section 16 or 42 of the Act; and
- (i) if a relevant traveller is required to isolate or quarantine on arriving in Tasmania, the relevant traveller must wear a mask from the time of his or her arrival in Tasmania until the relevant traveller arrives at the part, of premises, where he or she intends to isolate or quarantine as so required; and
- (j) the Director of Public Health, or his or her delegate, may exempt a person, or a specified class of persons, from undergoing one or more of the clinical assessments and tests required under this direction, subject to the conditions, if any, that the Director of Public Health or his or her delegate, respectively, consider appropriate in the circumstances; and
- (k) in this direction -
  - (i) **arrives in Tasmania**, in relation to a person, means that the person has entered the land within Tasmania; and
  - (ii) **authorised officer** has the same meaning as in the *Emergency Management Act 2006*; and
  - (iii) clinical symptoms of the disease means the following symptoms:
    - (A) a temperature of 37.5°C or more;
    - (B) night sweats;
    - (C) chills;
    - (D) coughing;
    - (E) shortness of breath;
    - (F) sore throat;
    - (G) loss of taste;
    - (H) loss of smell; and
  - (iv) **relevant traveller** means a person arriving in Tasmania who
    - (A) within the 14-day period before arriving in Tasmania, has spent time in a medium risk area or premises, or a high risk area or premises, as determined by the Director of Public Health, other than time spent transiting directly through the area; or
    - (B) within the 28-day period before arriving in Tasmania, has spent time in a country other than Australia or New Zealand; or
    - (C) within the 28-day period before arriving in Tasmania, has disembarked from a cruise ship; and

- (v) test for the disease means a nucleic acid detection test, for the genetic material of SARS-CoV-2, conducted by a laboratory with the relevant accreditation, for such a test, by the National Association of Testing Authorities; and
- (vi) **transiting directly**, through an area, means the person transiting through the area only stopped in the area to
  - (A) disembark, at an airport within the area, from a flight that originated outside the area, if the person only leaves that airport on a flight where the destination is outside of the area; or
  - (B) refuel the vehicle being used to transit through the area; and
- the direction under section 16 of the Act, entitled Arrival requirements for certain travellers into Tasmania – No. 4 and given by the Deputy Director of Public Health on 14 January 2021, is revoked.

Dated this 12th day of February 2021.

MARK VEITCH Director of Public Health

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

### SECTION 15 – EXTENSION OF EMERGENCY DECLARATION

I, MARK VEITCH, the Director of Public Health, in pursuance of section 15(2) of the *Public Health Act 1997*, being satisfied that the situation requires it, declare that the period during which the emergency declaration, in relation to the notifiable disease known as COVID-19, made on 17 March 2020 and last extended on 20 November 2020 for a further period of 12 weeks commencing on 21 November 2020, is in force is extended for a period of 12 weeks commencing on 13 February 2021.

Dated this 12th day of February 2021.

MARK VEITCH Director of Public Health

### **Emergency Management**

### EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ACT 2006 DIRECTIONS IN RELATION TO PERSONS ARRIVING IN TASMANIA

A significant threat of an emergency is occurring in Tasmania due the coronavirus disease COVID-19 ('the Disease'). To protect persons from distress, injury or death, I make the following directions in the exercise of emergency powers authorised under Section 40 of the *Emergency Management Act 2006* and pursuant to clauses 1(1)(b), 1(1)(q) and 1(1)(t) of Schedule 1 to that Act:

### DIRECTION TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

1. Every person who arrives in Tasmania from a departure point outside of Tasmania is required, on arrival and subsequent to their arrival, to answer any question asked by an authorised officer within the meaning of the *Emergency Management Act* ('authorised officer') or to provide any document or other information required by an authorised officer.

# DIRECTIONS IN RELATION TO ISOLATION IN AN ACCOMMODATION FACILITY

- 2. If, pursuant to these Directions, a person is required to isolate in an accommodation facility, they are also required to:
  - i. comply with any lawful directions given to them by an authorised officer during the period they are required to remain in isolation at an accommodation facility, and
  - ii. remain in the room provided to them at the accommodation facility specified to them for the period they are required to remain in isolation unless permitted to leave their room by an authorised officer, in which case they must wear a **facemask** at all times when absent from their room unless for a **permitted reason**.

### PROHIBITION ON ARRIVING IN TASMANIA AT KING ISLAND, FLINDERS ISLAND OR ANY ISLAND IN THE FURNEAUX GROUP OF ISLANDS

- 3. If, pursuant to these Directions, a person is required to isolate in an accommodation facility upon their arrival in Tasmania, they are prohibited from arriving in Tasmania at King Island, Flinders Island or any island in the Furneaux group of islands ('the Islands') except with the prior approval of the Deputy State Controller.
- 4. Unless they elect to immediately leave Tasmania, a person who arrives in Tasmania at one of the Islands in contravention of the prohibition in Direction 3, may be required by an authorised officer to isolate at an accommodation facility on mainland Tasmania. A person who is subject to such a requirement must comply with any directions of an authorised officer concerning:
  - i. their departure from the Island, and
  - ii. transit to the accommodation facility on mainland Tasmania.
- 5. A person who arrives in Tasmania at one of the Islands in contravention of the prohibition in Direction 3 who elects to immediately leave Tasmania, may be required to isolate at an accommodation facility on the Island or on mainland Tasmania as specified to them by an authorised officer, until they are able to leave Tasmania. A person who is subject to such a requirement must comply with any directions of an authorised officer concerning:
  - i. transit to the accommodation facility, and
  - ii. their departure from the Island.

# DIRECTIONS IN RELATION TO THE MOVEMENT OF VESSELS & PLACES OF ARRIVAL

- 6. The master of a **vessel** whose course commences outside **Coastal Waters** is prohibited from docking, berthing or anchoring that **vessel** at any place within **Coastal Waters** which is not an **approved maritime entry point**.
- 7. The prohibition in Direction 6 does not apply:
  - a. if the master of the **vessel** has the prior approval of the Deputy State Controller to dock, berth or anchor the **vessel** at a place other than an **approved maritime entry point**. Persons given such an approval are required to comply with any conditions that are imposed by the Deputy State Controller; or
  - b. in an emergency or if it is essential to refuel, in which case the master of the vessel is required to immediately report the vessel particulars to Biosecurity Tasmania.
- The master of a vessel whose course commences outside Coastal Waters is prohibited from docking, berthing or anchoring that vessel at any place within Coastal Waters unless:
  - a. **vessel particulars** have been reported to Biosecurity Tasmania at least 24 hours before the **vessel** is scheduled to dock, berth or anchor; and
  - b. the master of the **vessel** has a receipt from Biosecurity Tasmania for the **vessel particulars** that have been reported in accordance with paragraph (a); and
  - c. the master of the **vessel** has notified Biosecurity Tasmania of any changes to the **vessel particulars** that have been reported in accordance with paragraph (a).
- 9. A person who arrives in Tasmania by **vessel** from a departure point outside of **Coastal Waters**, is prohibited from disembarking that **vessel** at a place which is not an **approved maritime entry point**.
- 10. The prohibition in Direction 9 does not apply:
  - a. to a person who has been granted prior approval by the Deputy State Controller to arrive in Tasmania at a place other than an **approved maritime entry point**. Persons given such an approval are required to comply with any conditions that are imposed by the Deputy State Controller; or
  - b. in an emergency, in which case the person arriving is required to immediately report the vessel particulars to Biosecurity Tasmania.
- 11. Unless they elect to immediately leave Tasmania, a person who arrives in Tasmania by vessel from a departure point outside of Coastal Waters and disembarks that vessel at a place which is not an approved maritime entry point in contravention of the prohibition in Direction 9, may be required by an authorised officer to isolate for 14 days at an accommodation facility specified to them by an authorised officer or at suitable premises.
- 12. A person who elects to leave Tasmania after disembarking a vessel at a place which was not an approved maritime entry point, may be required to isolate at an accommodation facility specified to them by an authorised officer or at suitable premises until they are able to leave Tasmania. A person who is subject to such a requirement must comply with any directions of an authorised officer concerning:
  - i. Transit to the accommodation facility, and
  - ii. Their departure from Tasmania.

### DIRECTIONS UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1997

- 13. Every person who arrives in Tasmania from a departure point outside of Tasmania is required to comply with any directions of the Director of Public Health issued under the *Public Health Act 1997* applicable to persons arriving in Tasmania.
- 14. A person who falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of **Affected Person** who fails to comply with any such directions is required to isolate themselves for 14 days at an accommodation facility specified to them by an authorised officer.
- 15. A person who falls within paragraphs (b) or (c) of the definition of **Affected Person** who fails to comply with any such directions is required to isolate in an accommodation facility specified to them by an authorised officer for an additional 10 days to the period of isolation required by virtue of Direction 18.
- 16. If a person referred to in Direction 14 or 15 subsequently undergoes a test for the Disease and it returns a negative result, they may leave isolation.

### DIRECTIONS IN RELATION TO HIGH RISK ARRIVALS

- 17. An Affected Person must not enter Tasmania unless they are an Authorised Person.
- 18. An Authorised Person who is permitted to enter Tasmania is required to isolate for 14 days at an accommodation facility specified to them by an authorised officer.
- 19. Direction 18 does not apply to an Authorised Person who:
  - a. arrived in Australia from overseas within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, and
  - b. within that time isolated at an accommodation facility in another State or Territory for a period of 14 days, and
  - c. undertook a test for the Disease on or after day 10 following their arrival in Australia and the test result was negative, and
  - d. in the case of a person who isolated at an accommodation facility within **a high risk area** or **medium risk area**, after completing that period of isolation they transited by vehicle directly (otherwise than on a transport route which was, at the time of transiting, on the list referred to in the definition of **high risk area** or the list referred to in the definition of **medium risk area**) to an airport or seaport without breaking their journey, except to obtain fuel, and then travelled directly to Tasmania.
- 20. Direction 18 does not apply to an **Affected Person** who is under the age of 18 years who arrives in Tasmania unaccompanied by an adult.
  - a. If such a person has spent any time in a **high risk area** within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, or attended **high risk premises** within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, they are required to isolate at **suitable premises** and comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 2 for 14 days from their arrival.
  - b. If such a person has arrived in Australia from overseas within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, they are required to isolate at premises approved by the Deputy State Controller and comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 2 for 14 days from their arrival.
- 21. The Deputy State Controller may authorise a person subject to Direction 18 to isolate at **suitable premises**. Persons given such an authorisation are required to comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 2 for 14 days from their arrival and any additional requirements imposed by the Deputy State Controller and notified to them in writing.

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- 22. Direction 18 does not apply to an **Authorised Person** specified in Schedule 1 other than a person specified in Items 2 or 8 of that Schedule, unless that person:
  - a. arrived in Australia from overseas within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania; or
  - b. disembarked from a cruise ship within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania; or
  - c. on arrival in Tasmania is displaying any **clinical symptoms of COVID-19** or has displayed any such symptoms within 72 hours prior to their arrival.

Such persons are subject to Direction 18 unless excluded from the operation of that Direction by operation of Direction 19.

- 23. An **Authorised Person** who is not subject to Direction 18 by virtue of Direction 22, is required to comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 4 for 14 days from their arrival and any additional requirements imposed by the Deputy State Controller and notified to them in writing.
- 24. If an **Affected Person** who is not an **Authorised Person** arrives in Tasmania they must leave as soon as possible if required to do so by an authorised officer and comply with any direction of an authorised officer concerning their departure from Tasmania.
- 25. Direction 24 does not apply to a person who is subject to Direction 20.
- 26. An authorised officer may require an **Affected Person** required to leave Tasmania pursuant to a requirement under Direction 24 to isolate at an accommodation facility specified to them by the authorised officer until they are able to leave Tasmania.
- 27. If, on their arrival in Tasmania, it is not possible to verify/ determine whether a person:
  - a. is an Authorised Person, or
  - b. has undertaken the period of isolation referred to in Direction 19(b), or
  - c. has undertaken a test for the Disease which returned a negative result as referred to in Direction 19(c), or
  - d. transited directly to an airport or seaport after completing the period of isolation as referred to in Direction 19(d), or

then Direction 18 applies to that person until that information can be verified/determined.

- 28. Direction 18 does not apply to a member of a maritime crew granted an exemption under Item 8 of Schedule 1 unless that person:
  - a. arrived in Australia from overseas within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania; or
  - b. disembarked from a cruise ship within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania; or
  - c. on arrival in Tasmania is displaying any clinical symptoms of COVID-19 or has displayed any such symptoms within 72 hours prior to their arrival.
- 29. A member of a maritime crew who is subject to Direction 18 by virtue of Directions 28(a) or 28(b) may leave isolation prior to the expiration of 14 days with the approval of the Deputy State Controller.
- 30. A member of a maritime crew who is not subject to Direction 18 by virtue of Direction 28 is required to comply with Schedule 4 and any conditions imposed on the exemption granted to them for 14 days from their arrival.
- 31. If, on their arrival in Tasmania, it is not possible to verify/ determine whether a person satisfies the requirements of Direction 28, then they are required to isolate in **suitable premises** approved by the Deputy State Controller until that information can be verified/determined.

### DIRECTIONS IN RELATION TO PERSONS ARRIVING FROM MEDIUM RISK AREAS

- 32. If a person who arrives in Tasmania has:
  - a. spent any time in a **medium risk area** within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, or
  - attended medium risk premises on a date or within the period identified by the Director, if such attendance is within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania,

they must isolate for 14 days at **suitable premises**. A person who is subject to this direction is also required to comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 2 for 14 days from their arrival in Tasmania.

- 33. Direction 32 does not apply to a person who:
  - a. Transited directly through an airport in a medium risk area and did not leave the confines of the airport except to board a flight; or
  - b. Transited directly through a medium risk area by vehicle (otherwise than on a transport route which was, at the time of transiting, on the list referred to in the definition of high risk area or the list referred to in the definition of medium risk area) to an airport or seaport without breaking their journey except to obtain fuel or with the prior approval of the Deputy State Controller.
- 34. Direction 32 does not apply to a person who is specified in Schedule 1 unless that person is displaying any **clinical symptoms of COVID-19** on arrival in Tasmania or has displayed any such symptoms within 72 hours prior to their arrival. Such persons are subject to Direction 32.
- 35. If a person specified in Schedule 1 is subject to Direction 32 by virtue of Direction 34 and they subsequently undergo a test for the Disease which returns a negative result, they are not required to isolate for the balance of the 14 days.
- 36. A person specified in Schedule 1 other than in Item 4, who is not subject to Direction 32 by virtue of Direction 34, or is no longer subject to Direction 32 by virtue of Direction 35, is required to comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 3 for a period of 14 days from their arrival in Tasmania and any additional requirements imposed by the Deputy State Controller and notified to them in writing.
- 37. A person specified in Item 4 of Schedule 1, who is not subject to Direction 32 by virtue of Direction 34, or is no longer subject to Direction 32 by virtue of Direction 35, is required to comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 4 for a period of 14 days from their arrival in Tasmania and any additional requirements imposed by the Deputy State Controller and notified to them in writing.
- 38. Direction 32 does not apply to a member of a maritime crew granted an exemption by the Deputy State Controller under Item 8 of Schedule 1. Such persons are required to comply with Schedule 3 and any conditions imposed on the exemption granted to them.
- 39. If, on arrival in Tasmania it is not possible to verify/determine whether a person falls within Schedule 1, then Direction 32 applies to that person until that information can be verified/ determined.
- 40. If a person to whom Direction 32 applies fails or is unable to nominate **suitable premises** on their arrival to Tasmania, then they must isolate at an accommodation facility specified to them by an authorised officer for 14 days, or until **suitable premises** are identified and approved by the Deputy State Controller.

### RELEASE FROM ISOLATION

- 41. The Deputy State Controller may authorise the release of a person from isolation prior to the expiration of 14 days, subject to any condition as the Deputy State Controller considers appropriate.
- 42. A person who is in isolation at an accommodation facility pursuant to Direction 18 of these directions who does not fall within paragraph (c), (d) or (e) of the definition of Affected Person, may transit directly from that accommodation facility to **suitable premises** and remain in, or at, those premises until the expiration of the 14 day period of isolation if:
  - a. the **high risk area** they have spent time in within 14 days of their arrival in Tasmania ceases to be on the list referred to in the definition of **high risk area**; or
  - b. the **high risk premises** they have attended within 14 days of their arrival in Tasmania ceases to be on the list referred to in the definition of **high risk premises**.
- 43. Direction 42 does not apply to a person who has, within 14 days of their arrival in Tasmania:
  - a. spent time in a geographical area or location, or on a transport route that remains on the list referred to in the definition of high risk area; or
  - b. attended **high risk premises** that remain on the list referred to in the definition of **high risk premises** on a date or within the period identified by the Director.
- 44. A person who, by virtue of Direction 42, is permitted to leave an accommodation facility, is required to comply with:
  - a. any directions given to them by an authorised officer in relation to their transit to suitable premises; and
  - b. the requirements specified in paragraphs b, c, d, e, f, g, h and i of Schedule 2.
- 45. A person who is in isolation pursuant to Direction 32 of these directions is no longer subject to the requirement to isolate or to comply with the requirements specified in Schedule 2 if:
  - a. the medium risk area they have spent time in within 14 days of their arrival in Tasmania ceases to be on the list referred to in the definition of medium risk area; or
  - b. the medium risk premises they have attended within 14 days of their arrival in Tasmania ceases to be on the list referred to in the definition of medium risk premises.
- 46. Direction 45 does not apply to a person who has, within 14 days of their arrival in Tasmania:
  - a. spent time in a geographical area or location, or on a transport route that remains on the list referred to in the definition of **medium risk area**; or
  - b. spent time in a geographical area or location, or on a transport route that appears on the list referred to in the definition of **high risk area**; or
  - c. attended high risk premises that remain on the list referred to in the definition of high risk premises on a date or within the period identified by the Director; or
  - d. attended medium risk premises that remain on the list referred to in the definition of medium risk premises on a date or within the period identified by the Director.

### DEFINITIONS

### Affected Person means:

- a. A person who has spent any time in a **high risk area** within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, other than a person who:
  - i. only transited directly through an airport in a high risk area and did not leave the confines of the airport except to board a flight; or

- ii. only transited directly through a high risk area by vehicle (otherwise than on a transport route which was, at the time of transiting, on the list referred to in the definition of high risk area or the list referred to in the definition of medium risk area) to an airport or seaport without breaking their journey except to obtain fuel; or
- b. A person who has attended **high risk premises** on a date or within the period identified by the Director, if such attendance is within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania; or
- c. A person who has arrived in Australia from overseas within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, other than:
  - i. a person who arrives in Australia from New Zealand who has not spent time in any other country within 28 days prior to their arrival; or
  - a person who arrives in Tasmania from Antarctica and is a participant in an Australian Antarctic Division (AAD) Antarctic program as either an expeditioner or associated crew member (which includes flight crews), provided that:
    - (A) within 28 days of arriving in Tasmania from Antarctica the person did not spend any time in a medium risk area or high risk area; and
    - (B) within 28 days of arriving in Tasmania, and while in Antarctica, the person did not come into contact with a person who was not also engaged in an AAD Antarctic program as an expeditioner or associated crew member; or
- d. A person who has disembarked from a cruise ship within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania; or
- e. A person who, at the time of their arrival in Tasmania, is subject to a requirement to isolate under a law of another State or Territory.

### Approved maritime entry point means:

Bell Bay	Naracoopa
Bridport	Port Huon
Burnie	Port Latta
Currie	Risdon
Devonport	Smithton
Grassy	Spring Bay
Hobart	St Helens
Inspection Head	Stanley
Lady Barron	Strahan
Launceston	Whitemark
Longreach	Wynyard

### Authorised Person means:

- a. In the case of an Affected Person who has spent any time in a **high risk area** within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania:
  - i. a person specified in Items 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 or 8 of Schedule 1; or
  - ii. a person specified in Item 4 of Schedule 1 who has been granted prior approval by the Deputy State Controller to enter Tasmania.
- b. In the case of an Affected Person who attended **high risk premises** on a date or within the period identified by the Director, if such attendance is within 14 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania:

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- i. a person specified in Items 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 or 8 of Schedule 1; or
- ii. a person specified in Item 4 of Schedule 1 who has been granted prior approval by the Deputy State Controller to enter Tasmania.
- c. In the case of an Affected Person who has arrived in Australia from overseas within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, a person who has been granted prior approval by the Deputy State Controller to enter Tasmania.
- d. In the case of an Affected Person who has disembarked from a cruise ship within 28 days prior to their arrival in Tasmania, a person who has been granted prior approval by the Deputy State Controller to enter Tasmania.
- e. In the case of a person who, at the time of their arrival in Tasmania, is subject to a requirement to isolate under a law of another State or Territory, a person who has been granted prior approval by the Deputy State Controller to enter Tasmania.

### clinical symptoms of COVID-19 are:

- i. Temperature of  $\geq 37.5^{\circ}$ ;
- ii. Chills and/or night sweats;
- iii. Cough, shortness of breath, sore throat;
- iv. Loss of taste or smell.

### Coastal Waters means -

- (a) The part or parts of the territorial sea of Australia that is or are within the adjacent area in respect of Tasmania other than any part referred to in section 4(2) of the *Coastal Waters (State Powers) Act 1980* of the Commonwealth; and
- (b) Any sea that is on the landward side of any part of the territorial sea and is within the adjacent area in respect of Tasmania but is not within the limits of Tasmania.

**Director** means the Director of Public Health appointed under the *Public Health Act 1997*.

**facemask** means a fitted face covering, other than a shield, that fits securely around the face and is designed, or made, to be worn over the nose and mouth to provide protection against infection.

**high risk area** means a geographical area, location or transport route that is contained within a list approved by the Director and published on the website coronavirus.tas.gov.au as being an area, location or transport route with an elevated risk of transmission of the Disease.

high risk premises means premises that:

- i. have been identified by the Director as being premises which had an elevated risk of transmission of the Disease as at a specified date or within a specified period; and
- ii. is contained within a list approved by the Director and published on the website coronavirus.tas.gov.au.

**medium risk area** means a geographical area, location or transport route that is contained within a list approved by the Director and published on the website coronavirus.tas.gov.au as being an area, location or transport route with a moderate risk of transmission of the Disease.

medium risk premises means premises that:

- i. have been identified by the Director as being premises which had a moderate risk of transmission of the Disease as at a specified date or within a specified period; and
- ii. is contained within a list approved by the Director and published on the website coronavirus.tas.gov.au.

**permitted reason** for the purpose of Direction 2(ii), Schedule 2 - paragraph (j) and Schedule 4 - paragraph (a), is:

- the person is undergoing medical care or treatment that is unable to be provided while the person wears a facemask;
- ii. the person has left their isolation location due to an emergency and it is not practicable in the circumstances for the person to obtain or wear the facemask;
- iii. wearing the facemask would create a risk to the health or safety of the person;
- iv. the person may lawfully remove, or is lawfully required to remove the facemask;
- v. the person holds a medical certificate, or other documentation from a 'medical practitioner' as defined in the Acts Interpretation Act 1931, that certifies that the person has a physical or mental health illness, condition or disability that makes the wearing of a facemask unsuitable;
- vi. the person has the written approval of the Deputy State Controller to not wear a facemask.

### suitable premises means:

- i. a private residence;
- an airbnb or other short term rental accommodation where the person or family isolating is/are the only occupant(s);

iii. other premises approved by the Deputy State Controller. **vessel** includes:

- (a) A ship, boat, hovercraft, ferry, raft and other water craft; and
- (b) A vehicle that is capable of use in or on water, whether or not self propelled.

### vessel particulars are:

- Name and contact details for the shipping company, shipping line or cruise ship company (if applicable);
- (ii) Name and contact details for the master of the vessel;
- (iii) Description of the vessel;
- (iv) Intended time, date and location of arrival in Tasmania;
- (v) Full names and contact details for all passengers and crew; and
- (vi) Identities of any person who intends to disembark the vessel on arrival to Tasmania.

These directions take effect from 11:59pm on 4 February 2021 and will continue in force until further notice. The directions in relation to persons arriving in Tasmania made by me on 11 January 2020 are revoked with effect from 11:59pm on 4 February 2021.

Dated this 4th day of February 2021 at 5:30pm.

S A TILYARD Deputy State Controller Delegate of the State Controller

#### **SCHEDULE 1**

### SCHEDULE OF SPECIFIED PERSONS

### 1. National and State Security and Governance

- a. Any person who, in the carriage of their duties, is responsible for the safety of the Nation or Tasmania against threats such as terrorism, war, or espionage or acts of foreign interference and is required to be present in Tasmania for such purposes, and any persons assisting such persons; and
- b. Active Military personnel (other than those who fall within Item 7 of this Schedule) who are required to perform timecritical duties in Tasmania which require the person to be physically present in Tasmania; and
- c. A member of the Commonwealth Parliament who is ordinarily resident in Tasmania.

### 2. Health Services

- a. A clinician in relation to health who is ordinarily resident in Tasmania and who is requested by the Secretary of the Department of Health, or their delegate, to return to Tasmania to present for duty in Tasmania; and
- b. A clinician in relation to health who is requested by the Secretary of the Department of Health, or their delegate, to present for duty in Tasmania to perform, during the period in which the person will be present in Tasmania, duties unable to be appropriately performed by a person ordinarily resident in Tasmania.

### 3. Transport, freight and logistics

- a. Any person who, in the carriage of their duties, is responsible for the provision of transport or freight and logistics into, within, and out of Tasmania; and
- b. Flight crew and ship crew -

for the purpose of delivery of persons, freight or logistics into, within and out of Tasmania.

# 4. Specialist skills critical to maintaining key industries or businesses

- a. Any specialists required for industry or business continuity and maintenance of competitive operations where the appropriate skills are not available in Tasmania, where the service is time-critical and where the provision of the service requires that the person be physically present in Tasmania; and
- b. Any person who, in the carriage of their duties, is responsible, while in Tasmania, for critical maintenance or repair of infrastructure critical to Tasmania.

### 5. Persons transporting patients, organs and tissues

a. A person who, in the course of their duties, participates in the aeromedical delivery, transport or retrieval of patients, organs or tissues into, or out of, Tasmania.

### 6. Police officers

- a. A member of the Tasmania Police Service returning to Tasmania from travel in the course of their duties; and
- b. Members of the Australia Federal Police or a police force or police service of another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth (other than those who fall within Item 7) travelling to Tasmania in the course of their duties

### 7. Emergency Management Response

a. A person who, in the course of their duties (whether paid or voluntary), participates in time critical emergency management activities at the request of the State Controller (or their delegate), as a member of a team or unit, and within the scope of National arrangements for the provision of interstate resources during an emergency.

# Other persons, or classes of persons, approved by the Deputy State Controller

### **SCHEDULE 2**

### REQUIREMENTS FOR ISOLATING IN PRIVATE RESIDENCES

Reference: Directions 20, 21, 32

A person to whom Schedule 2 applies is required to:

- a. Transit directly between their point of arrival in Tasmania and their place of residence and comply with any directions given to them by an authorised officer in relation to their transit; and
- b. Remain in, or at, that residence for a period of 14 days unless:

- i. For the purpose of attending premises to obtain medical care and the person -
  - (A) travels directly to those premises, and
  - (B) returns directly to their residence after obtaining that care; or
- iii. In an emergency situation that requires the person to leave their residence to protect their personal safety, or the safety of another, and the person -
  - (A) immediately returns to their residence once the emergency situation has passed, or
  - (B) once the emergency situation has passed, travels directly to other premises that are suitable for the person to reside in until the expiration of the 14 days; or
- iii. For the purpose of leaving Tasmania, in which case the person is required to travel directly from their place of residence to the point of departure and observe the hygiene practices described at paragraphs (f), (g) and (h) of this Schedule during transit; or
- iv. Permitted to leave by an authorised officer and the person complies with any lawful directions given to them by an authorised officer; and
- c. Isolate themselves from physical contact with all persons other than persons with whom they ordinarily reside for the period of 14 days; and
- d. Monitor themselves for:
  - i. any clinical symptoms of COVID-19, and
  - ii. sudden and unexplained:
    - (A) fatigue,
    - (B) runny nose,
    - (C) muscle pain,
    - (D) joint pain,
    - (E) diarrhea,
    - (F) nausea/vomiting, or
    - (G) loss of appetite; and
- e. If they believe that they are displaying a symptom referred to in paragraph (d) contact the Public Health Hotline, or a medical practitioner, to determine whether to be tested or assessed for infection by the disease;
- f. Cover their mouth when coughing or sneezing; and
- g. Use disposable tissues and dispose of such tissues, after use, in a waste receptacle that other people will not touch except if protected from contact with the receptacle or its contents; and
- h. Wash their hands frequently and thoroughly with soap, or an alcohol-based sanitizing chemical, especially after using a toilet, before and after eating and before and after returning from outdoors;
- i. Maintain, where practicable, physical distancing of at least 1.5 metres from other person; and
- j. Wear a facemask at all times when absent from their residence for any of the reasons specified in Paragraph (b) of this Schedule unless for a **permitted reason**.

### **SCHEDULE 3**

### **REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIED PERSONS**

Reference: Direction 36 and 38

A person to whom Schedule 3 applies is required to:

- a. Monitor themselves for:
  - i. any clinical symptoms of COVID-19, and
  - ii. sudden and unexplained:
    - (A) fatigue,
    - (B) runny nose,
    - (C) muscle pain,
    - (D) joint pain,
    - (E) diarrhea,
    - (F) nausea/vomiting, or
    - (G) loss of appetite; and
- b. If they believe that they are displaying a symptom referred to in paragraph (a)(i) or (a)(ii)
  - i. cease to attend a place, other than a place referred to in subparagraph (ii), for the purposes of work; and
  - ii. as far as is reasonably practicable without putting their survival at risk, remain in, or return and remain in -
    - (A) the premises that are their place of residence within Tasmania; or
    - (B) other premises within Tasmania that are suitable for the person to reside-

except as necessary to attend at premises, nominated by their medical practitioner or the advisor on the Public Health Hotline, for the purposes of being tested for the presence of the disease; and

- iii. contact the Public Health Hotline, or a medical practitioner, to determine whether to be tested or assessed for infection by the disease; and
- c. Cover their mouth when coughing or sneezing; and
- d. Use disposable tissues and dispose of such tissues, after use, in a waste receptacle that other people will not touch except if protected from contact with the receptacle or its contents; and
- e. Wash their hands frequently and thoroughly with soap, or an alcohol-based sanitizing chemical, especially after using a toilet, before and after eating and before and after returning from outdoors; and
- f. Maintain, where practicable, physical distancing of at least 1.5 metres from other persons; and
- g. If the person
  - i. is within a category referred to in Item 2 or 5 of Schedule 1 to this direction; or
  - ii. is otherwise in close contact with a person who, by virtue of the characteristics of the person, ought reasonably be regarded as especially vulnerable to infection or serious illness due to the disease (a "vulnerable person") -

ensure that they, at all times when engaged in the provision of health services or health care to persons, or in close proximity to a vulnerable person, wear a **facemask** or wears other personal protective equipment that is normally worn during such contact by persons engaged in the provision of those health services or that health care.

### SCHEDULE 4

### **REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIED PERSONS**

Reference: Directions 23, 30 and 37

A person to whom Schedule 4 applies is required to:

- a. Wear a facemask at all times when:
  - i. in public; or
  - ii. undertaking their work or official duties

unless for a permitted reason; and

- b. Remain in, or at, the premises that are their place of residence within Tasmania unless:
  - For the purpose of attending work or undertaking official duties;
  - Shopping for food, beverages, fuel, medicine and urgent household supplies;
  - iii. For the purpose of attending premises to obtain medical care and the person -
    - (A) travels directly to those premises, and
    - (B) returns directly to their residence after obtaining that care;
  - iv. In an emergency situation that requires the person to leave their residence to protect their personal safety, or the safety of another, and the person -
    - (A) immediately returns to their place of residence once the emergency situation has passed; or
    - (B) once the emergency situation has passed, travels directly to other premises that are suitable for the person to reside in until the expiration of the 14 days;
  - v. For the purpose of leaving Tasmania, in which case the person is required to travel directly from their residence to the point of departure and observe the hygiene practices described at paragraphs a(i), (e), (f) and (g) of this Schedule; or
  - vi. Permitted to leave by an authorised officer and the person complies with any lawful directions given to them by an authorised officer; and
- c. Monitor themselves for:
  - i. any clinical symptoms of COVID-19, and
  - ii. sudden and unexplained:
    - (A) fatigue,
    - (B) runny nose,
    - (C) muscle pain,
    - (D) joint pain,
    - (E) diarrhea,
    - (F) nausea/vomiting, or
    - (G) loss of appetite; and
- d. If they believe that they are displaying a symptom referred to in paragraph (c)(i) or (c)(ii)
  - i. cease to attend a place, other than a place referred to in subparagraph (ii), for the purposes of work; and
  - ii. as far as is reasonably practicable without putting their survival at risk, remain in, or return and remain in -
    - (A) the premises that are their place of residence within Tasmania; or
    - (B) other premises within Tasmania that are suitable for the person to reside-

except as necessary to attend at premises, nominated by their medical practitioner or the advisor on the Public Health Hotline, for the purposes of being tested for the presence of the disease; and

- iii. contact the Public Health Hotline, or a medical practitioner, to determine whether to be tested or assessed for infection by the disease; and
- e. Cover their mouth when coughing or sneezing; and
- f. Use disposable tissues and dispose of such tissues, after use, in a waste receptacle that other people will not touch except if protected from contact with the receptacle or its contents; and
- g. Wash their hands frequently and thoroughly with soap, or an alcohol-based sanitizing chemical, especially after using a toilet, before and after eating and before and after returning from outdoors; and
- h. Maintain, where practicable, physical distancing of at least 1.5 metres from other persons; and
- i. If the person -
  - (A) is within a category referred to in Item 2 or 5 of Schedule 1 to this direction; or
  - (B) is otherwise in close contact with a person who, by virtue of the characteristics of the person, ought reasonably be regarded as especially vulnerable to infection or serious illness due to the disease (a "vulnerable person") -

ensure that they, at all times when engaged in the provision of health services or health care to persons, or in close proximity to a vulnerable person, wear a **facemask** or wears other personal protective equipment that is normally worn during such contact by persons engaged in the provision of those health services or that health care.

# **Staff Movements**

# **Permanent Appointments**

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Probation Period	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Staff Specialist - General Medicine	W Lowe	6 Months	08/02/2021
Department of Health	Physiotherapist	S Mani	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Physiotherapist	C Hall	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Administrative Assistant	M Ashwood	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	L Lacamento	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	E Muckridge	6 Months	15/03/2021
Department of Health	Administrative Assistant	S Brown	6 Months	10/02/2021
Premier and Cabinet	Customer Service Consultant	S Warner	Nil	08/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	M Thomas	6 Months	08/03/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Visitor Services Officer	A Enright	Nil	03/02/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Visitor Reception Officer	B Lim	Nil	03/02/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Visitor Services Officer	S Foskett	Nil	03/02/2021
Department of Health	Catering Clerk	C Lampkin	6 Months	15/02/2021
TasTAFE	Teacher	M Heron	12 Months	09/02/2021
Department of Health	Administrative Assistant	S Manandhar	6 Months	01/03/2021
Department of Health	Administrative Assistant	A Carroll	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Health Care Assistant	T Norris	6 Months	08/02/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	C Hine	6 Months	15/03/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	G Mellor	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	M Jeffries	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	L Roberts	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	J Beame	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	A Cartledge	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	O Browning	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	D Ampis	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	S Lewis	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	A Parajuli	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Pharmacy Technician	M Walker	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Medical Scientist	S Harris	6 Months	07/02/2021
Education	Canteen Supervisor	H Reeve	6 Months	24/02/2021
Department of Health	Pharmacist	L Vanier	6 Months	07/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	R Nettle	6 Months	29/03/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Water Ranger	M Mayjor	6 Months	01/03/2021
Department of Health	Attendant	B Sharman	6 Months	07/02/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Visitor Services Officer	S McMonagle	6 Months	11/02/2021
Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment	Network Administrator	S Vo	6 Months	22/02/2021
Department of Health	Cleaner	T Sapkota	6 Months	15/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	G Minnucci	6 Months	01/03/2021

## Extension or Renewal of Fixed-Term Appointments beyond 12 months

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Term	Date of Effect
State Growth	Senior Stakeholder Engagement Officer - Hobart Transport Vision	N Absolom	12 Months	30/03/2021
Premier and Cabinet	Executive Officer	P Pearce	4.5 Months	13/02/2021

# **Promotion of Permanent Employees**

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Hotel Services Coordinator	Н МсКау	08/02/2021
Department of Health	Clinical Nurse Consultant - Palliative Care	R Slaughter	25/01/2021
TasTAFE	Teacher	K Welling	09/02/2021
Justice	Executive Officer	R Strong	04/02/2021
Department of Health	Theatre Support Officer	B Shahi	01/03/2021
Department of Health	Dental Laboratory Manager	R Bott	15/02/2021

# **Resignation of Permanent Employees**

Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	J Martin	06/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	S Shaw	22/10/2020
Department of Health	Hydrotherapist Aide	T Walker	04/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	J Sehgal	07/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	S Alsemgeest	16/01/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	E Hermans	10/02/2021
Department of Health	Registered Nurse	J Arnold	03/02/2021
Communities Tasmania	Principal Analyst	M Mason	05/02/2021
Department of Health	Occupational Therapist	L Joe	12/02/2021
Department of Health	House Services Assistant	E Blackberry	05/02/2021
Department of Health	Diversional Therapist	M Papa	09/01/2021

# **Retirement of Permanent Employees**

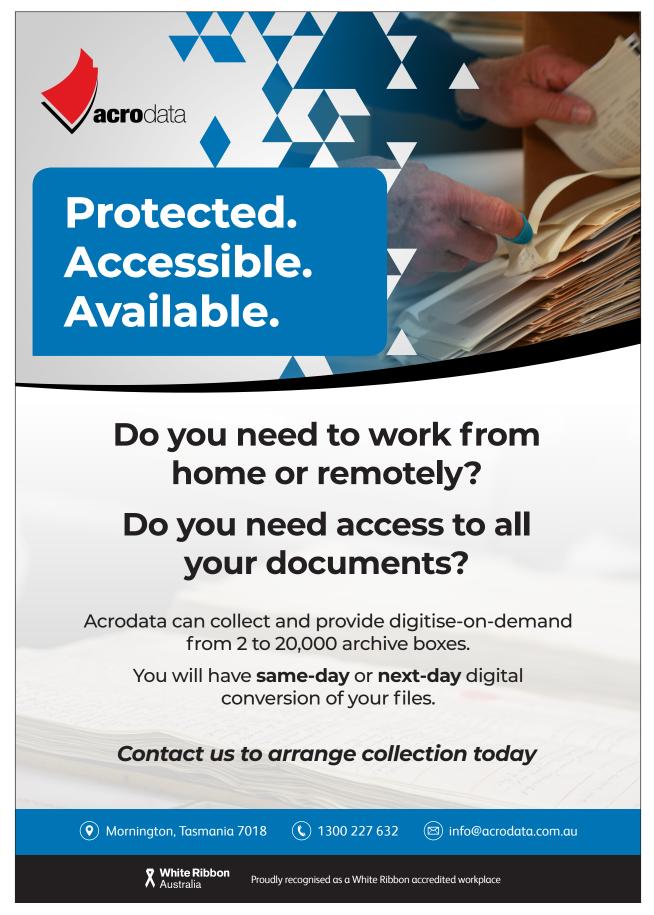
Agency	Duties Assigned	Employee	Date of Effect
Department of Health	Home Care Assessor	R Lintner	04/02/2021
Department of Health	Intelligence Officer	L Kuskopf	29/01/2021
Justice	Assistant Director Business Services and Projects	J Hitchcock	15/02/2021
Justice	Registry Administration Officer	J Stapenell	12/02/2021

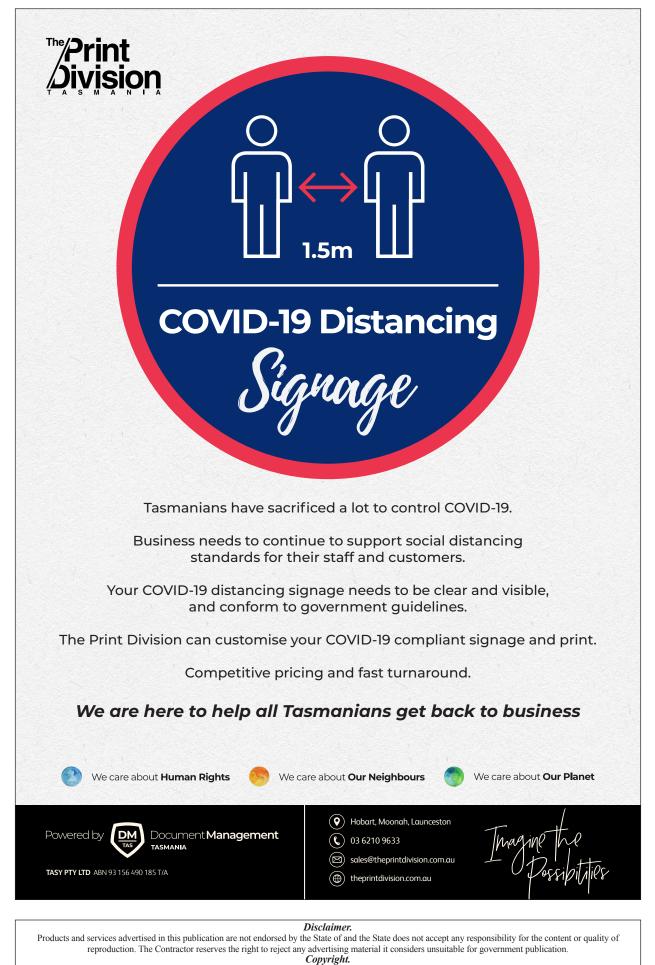
# Erratum

Erratum: The notice of appointment of E. Kocaj as a permanent employee to the position of Visitor Experience Officer in the State Services Notices of 3rd February 2021, the position title is incorrect.

JANE HARRINGTON Chief Executive officer (Acting) Port Arthur Historic Site Management Authority







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